

### **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

1	Vision, Mission and Core Values	02
2	Company Information	03
3	Notice of Annual General Meeting	04
4	Conversion Of Physical Shares Into Book-Entry Form	13
5	Payment Of Cash Dividend Electronically (mandatory Requirement)	14
6	Chairman's Review Report	15
7	Directors' Report	17
8	Pattern of Shareholding	36
9	Statement of Compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance	38
10	Review Report to the Members on the Statement of Compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance	41
11	Financial and Business Highlights	43
12	Auditors' Report to the Members	44
13	Statement of Financial Position	49
14	Statement of Profit and Loss Account	50
15	Statement of Comprehensive Income	51
16	Statement of Changes in Equity	52
17	Statement of Cash Flow	53
18	Notes to the Financial Statements	54
19	Form of Proxy	85
20	E-Dividend Mandate Form	89

# Vision

To become synonymous with Savings

# **Mission**

To become a preferred Saving and Investment Manager in the domestic and regional markets while maximizing stakeholders' value

# **Core Values**

The Company takes pride in its orientation towards client service. It believes that its key success factors include continuous investment in staff, systems and capacity building and its insistence on universal best practices at all times.

#### **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**Board of Directors** Mr. Haroun Rashid Chairman

Mr. Nasim Beg Vice Chairman

Mr. Muhammad Saqib Saleem Chief Executive Officer

Mr. Ahmed Jahangir Director Mr. Kashif A. Habib Director Mirza Qamar Beg Director Syed Savail Meekal Hussain Director Ms. Mavra Adil Khan Director

**Audit Committee** Mirza Qamar Beg Chairman

Mr. Nasim Beg Member Mr. Ahmed Jahangir Member Mr. Kashif A. Habib Member Syed Savail Meekal Hussain Member

**Human Resource &** Mirza Qamar Beg Chairman Mr. Nasim Beg **Remuneration Committee** Member Mr. Ahmed Jahangir Member

Syed Savail Meekal Hussain Member Ms. Mavra Adil Khan Member Mr. Muhammad Saqib Saleem Member

**Chief Executive Officer** Mr. Muhammad Saqib Saleem

**Chief Operating & Financial Officer** Mr. Muhammad Asif Mehdi Rizvi

**Company Secretary** Mr. Altaf Ahmad Faisal

**Share Registrar CDC Share Registrar Services Limited** 

CDC House, 99-B, Block 'B', S.M.C.H.S

Main Shahra-e-Faisal Karachi Tel: (92-21) 111-111-500 Fax: (92-21) 34326053 Web: www.cdcsrsl.com

**Bankers** MCB Bank Limited

Bank Al-Falah Limited Faysal Bank Limited Bank Al-Habib Limited MCB Islamic Bank Limited Summit Bank Limted

**Auditors** KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co.

**Chartered Acountants** 

1st Floor, Shaikh Sultan Trust, Building No. 2,

Beaumont Road, Karachi - 75530

Legal Advisor **Akhund Forbes** 

D-21, Block-4, Scheme-5

Clifton, Karachi

**Bawaney & Partners** 

3rd & 4th Floor, 68 C, Lane 13, Bukhari Commercial Area

Phase VI, D.H.A., Karachi

**Registered Office** MCB-Arif Habib Savings & Investments Limited

Adamiee House, 2nd Floor, I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi.

Rating AM1 Asset Manager Rating assigned by PACRA

Notice is hereby given to the members that the Twenty-first (21<sup>st</sup>) Annual General Meeting of MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited The "Company" will be held at Karachi via videoconferencing on Tuesday, October 26, 2021 at 11:30 a.m. to transact the following businesses.

Due to the current situation caused by COVID-19 pandemic, shareholders are requested to attend the meeting through video conference facility managed by the Company as per the instructions given in the notes section.

#### **Ordinary Businesses:**

- 1. To confirm the minutes of the last Annual General Meeting held on October 19, 2020;
- **2.** To receive, consider and adopt the Annual Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2021 together with Directors' and Auditors' Reports thereon;
- 3. To declare and approve final cash dividend of 27.5 per cent i.e. Rs. 2.75 per ordinary share of Rs. 10/- each for the year ended June 30, 2021, as recommended by the Board of Directors. This is in addition to the interim cash dividend of 22.5 per cent i.e. Rs. 2.25 per ordinary share of Rs. 10/- each, paid to the shareholders during the year, thus making a total cash dividend of 50.0 per cent i.e. Rs. 5.00 per ordinary share of Rs. 10/- each for the year ended June 30, 2021;
- 4. To appoint external auditors of the Company for the year ending June 30, 2022 and fix their remuneration. The members are hereby notified that the Board's Audit Committee and the Board of Directors have recommended the name of M/s A.F. Ferguson & Co., Chartered Accountants, as auditors of the Company in place of retiring auditors M/s KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co., Chartered Accountants.; and
- 5. To transact any other business with the permission of the Chair.

By Order of the Board

September 30, 2021 Karachi Altaf Ahmad Faisal Company Secretary

#### **Notes:**

1. Participation in the AGM proceeding via the video conference facility

Due to current COVID-19 situation, the AGM proceedings shall be held via video conference facility only.

Shareholders interested to participate in the meeting are requested to email their Name, Folio Number / participant's ID number, Cell Number, CNIC / Passport Number with subject <u>"Registration for MCBAH AGM"</u> along with valid copy of both sides of Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC)

at **agm@mcbah.com**, Video link and login credentials will be shared with only those members whose emails, containing all the required particulars, are received at least 48 hours before the time of AGM.

Shareholders can also provide their comments and questions for the agenda items of the AGM at the email address agm@mcbah.com.

Name of shareholder	CNIC No.	Folio / No.	CDS	Cell No.	Email address
				·	

Login facility will be opened thirty minutes before the meeting time to enable the participants to join the meeting after identification process. Shareholders will be able to login and participate in the AGM proceedings through their devices after completing all the formalities required for the identification and verification of the shareholders; and Shareholders will be encouraged to participate in the AGM to consolidate their attendance and participation through proxies.

#### 2. Closure of Share Transfer Books

The Share Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from Tuesday, October 19, 2021 to Tuesday, October 26, 2021 (both days inclusive). Transfers received in order at the office of our Share Registrar M/s. CDC Share Registrar Services Limited, CDC House, 99-B, Block B, S.M.C.H.S., Main Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi – 74400, by the close of business (5:00 p.m.) on Monday, October 18, 2021, will be considered in time for the determination of the entitlement of the shareholders to final cash dividend and to attend and vote at the meeting.

#### 3. Appointment of Proxy and Participation in the AGM

A member entitled to attend, speak and vote at the Annual General Meeting is entitled to appoint another person as his/her proxy to attend, speak and vote on his/her behalf. A proxy need not be a member of the Company. A proxy shall also have the right to demand and join in demanding a poll and vote on a poll.

The instrument appointing proxy, together with the power of attorney or other authority under which it is signed, as the case may be, or a notarially certified copy of the power or authority, must be deposited at the Registered Office of the Company at least 48 hours before the time of the meeting. In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors' Resolution / Power of Attorney with specimen signature shall be submitted (unless it has been provided earlier) along with proxy form to the Company. Form of Proxy is enclosed with this annual report (in English and Urdu language).

Beneficial owners of the physical shares and the shares deposited with the Central Depository Company of Pakistan Ltd. (CDC) and / or their proxies are required to produce their original Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC) or Passport for identification purpose at the time of attending the meeting.

#### 4. Notice of Submission of Valid CNIC Copies (Mandatory)

SECP vide SRO No. 831(1)/2012 dated July 05, 2012 directed the companies to issue dividend warrant only crossed as "A/c Payee only" which should bear the Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC) of the registered member or authorized person. Moreover, pursuant to the Companies (Distribution of Dividends) Regulations, 2017, CNIC numbers of shareholders are mandatorily required to be mentioned on Tax/Zakat/dividend certificate.

Members, who have not yet submitted attested photocopy of their valid CNIC, are requested to submit the same along with folio number, at the earliest, directly to the Company's Share Registrar.

#### 5. Conversion of Physical Shares in to Book-Entry Form:

As per Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2017, every existing Listed Company shall be required to replace its physical shares with book-entry form in a manner as may be specified and from the date notified by the Commission, within a period not exceeding four years from the commencement of this Act, i.e., May 30, 2017. The Shareholders having physical shareholding are encouraged to open CDC sub - account with any of the brokers or Investor Account directly with CDC to replace their physical shares into scrip less form, this will facilitate them in many ways, including safe custody and sale of shares, any time they want, as the trading of physical shares is not permitted as per existing regulations of the Pakistan Stock Exchange.

#### 6. Payment of Cash Dividend Electronically (mandatory requirement)

Under section 242 of Companies Act, 2017 (the Act) and the Companies (Distribution of Dividends) Regulations, 2017, every listed company is required to pay dividend, if any, to their members compulsorily through electronic mode by directly crediting the same in their bank account provided by them. The Company shall be bound to withhold dividend of those members who do not provide their bank details.

Members are required to provide to the Company's Share Registrar, particulars relating to name, folio number, complete bank account number (IBAN), and title of bank account,. CDC account holders should submit their request directly to their broker (participant)/CDC.

Those shareholders who have still not provided their IBAN are once again requested to fill in "Electronic Credit Mandate Form" as reproduced below and send it duly signed along with a copy of valid CNIC to their respective CDC participant / CDC Investor account services (in case of shareholding in Book Entry Form) or to the Company's Share Registrar M/s. CDC Share Registrar Services Limited (CDCSRSL), CDC House, 99-B, Block 'B', S.M.C.H.S., Main Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi-74400 (in case of shareholding in Physical Form).

A Dividend Mandate Form is available at the Registered Office of the Company and the same is also placed on the Company's website.

## 7. Deduction of Withholding Tax on the Amount of Dividend under Section 150 the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (Mandatory)

- (i) Pursuant to the provisions of the Finance Act 2019, effective July 1, 2019, the rates of deduction of income tax from dividend payments under the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 were revised as follows:
  - a) Rate of tax deduction for persons appearing in the Active Tax Payers List: 15 per cent
  - b) Rate of tax deduction for persons not appearing in the Active Tax Payers List: 30 per cent

The tax deduction on the amount of cash dividend @ 15 per cent shall be made for the payment of dividend to shareholders whose names are entered in the Active Tax Payers List provided on the website of FBR, before close of business hour (5:00 p.m.) on Monday, October 18, 2021 otherwise tax on the cash dividend will be deducted @ 30 per cent. Active Tax Payers List is available at Federal Board of Revenue's (FBR) website: <a href="http://www.fbr.gov.pk">http://www.fbr.gov.pk</a>

(ii) Further, according to clarification received from Federal Board of Revenue (FBR), withholding tax will be determined separately on 'Filer/Non-Filer' status of Principal shareholder as well as joint-holder(s) based on their shareholding proportions, in case of joint accounts.

The required information must reach our Share Registrar M/s CDC Share Registrar Services Limited by the close of business (5:00 p.m.) on Monday, October18, 2021; otherwise it will be assumed that the shares are equally held by Principal shareholder and Joint Holder(s).

In this regard, all shareholders who hold shares jointly are requested to provide shareholding proportions of Principal shareholder and Joint-holder(s) in respect of shares held by them to our Share Registrar, in writing as follows:

Folio/CDC	Total	Principal Share	eholders	Joint Holder (s	
A/c No.	number of	Name and	Shareholding	Name and	Shareholding
	shares	CNIC No.	Proportion	CNIC No.	Proportion
			(No. of Shares)		(No. of
					Shares)

(iii) The corporate shareholders having CDC accounts are required to have their National Tax Number (NTN) updated with their respective participants, whereas corporate physical shareholders should send a copy of their NTN certificate to the Company or Share Registrar. The shareholders while sending NTN or NTN certificates, as the case may be, must quote Company name and their respective folio numbers.

For any query/problem/information, the investors may contact the Company and/or the Share Registrar at the following phone Numbers, email addresses:

Company: MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited

UAN: 11-11-622-24 email: info@mcbah.com

Share Registrar: CDC Share Registrar Services Limited

Tel #: 0800-23275 email: info@cdcsrsl.com

#### 8. Change in Members Addresses

Members' are requested to immediately notify any change in their address to the Share Registrar of the Company.

#### 9. Unclaimed Dividend

Shareholders, who by any reason, could not claim their dividend, if any, are advised to contact our Share Registrar M/s CDC Share Registrar Services Limited to collect / enquire about their unclaimed dividend, if any. In compliance with Section 244 of the Companies Act, 2017, after having completed the stipulated procedure, all such dividends outstanding for a period of 3 years or more from the date due and payable shall be deposited by the Company to the Federal Government in case of unclaimed dividend.

#### 10. Placement of Audited Financial Statements on the Website

The Annual Report of the Company (comprising of annual Financial Statements) for the year ended June 30, 2021 has been placed on the Company's website: **www. mcbah.com**.

11. Circulation of Annual Audited Financial Statements and Notice of AGM through emails In terms of Section 223(7) of the Companies Act, 2017, the Company is allowed to send Financial Statements and Reports to its members electronically. Moreover, pursuant to S.R.O. 787(I)/2014 dated September 8, 2014, issued by the SECP, companies are permitted to circulate Annual Audited Financial Statements along with the Notice of Annual General Meeting to its members through e-mail who opt for purpose.

Shareholders who wish to receive Annual Reports and notices of general meetings through emails are requested to provide, through a <u>Consent Form</u>, available at the Company's website: <u>www.mcbah.com</u>, duly signed by them, their particulars i.e. Name, Folio / CDC A/C No., email address, contact number, CNIC number or valid passport (in case of foreign shareholder). Shareholders are also requested to notify immediately any change in their email address to the Share Registrar of the Company. It will be the responsibility of members to intimate any change in their valid registered email address to the Company in timely manner.

ارکان کومطّلع کیا جاتا ہے کہ ایم می بی - عارف حبیب سیونگز اینڈ انویسٹمنٹس لمیٹڈ کا اکیسواں (۲۱ واں) سالانہ عمومی اجلاس بمقام کراچی بذریعہ ویڈیو کانفرنسنگ مؤرخہ 26 کتوبر 2021ء بوقت سج 11:30 بج منعقد ہوگا جس میں مندر جہذیل اُمور ذیوِغور لائے جائیں گے:

کووڈ - 19 کے باعث پیدا ہونے والی موجودہ صورتحال کے پیشِ نظر حصص یافتگان سے گزارش کی جاتی ہے کہ کمپنی کے زیرِ انتظام ویڈیو کانفرنسنگ سہولت کے ذریعے اجلاس میں شریک ہوں۔اس بارے میں ہدایات 'اہم نکات' میں درج ہیں۔

## عمومی سرگرمیاں

ا ـ گزشته سالانه عمومی اجلاس منعقده 19 اکتوبر 2020ء کے اہم نکات کی تصدیق؛

۲\_سال مختتمه 30 جون 2021ء کے کمپنی کے سالانہ آڈٹ شد مالیاتی گوشواروں بشمول ان پرڈائر یکٹرزاور آڈیٹرزر پورٹ کووصول کرنا،ان کوزیوِغور لا نااوران کواختیار کرنا؛

٣- بوردُ آف دُائرَ يَكُمْرزَى طرف مِي مُعَوْرَهُ حَتَى نقدَ دُيويدُ نَدُ بِرائِ سال مُختتمه 30 جون 2021ء 27.5 فيصد، يعنى 2.75 روپ في 10 روپ والے عام شيئر كے علاوہ ہے جودورانِ والے عام شيئر كے علاوہ ہے جودورانِ مال عام شيئر كا علان اوراس كى منظورى بي عبورى نقد دُيويدُ ندُ 22.5 فيصد يعنى 10 روپ والے عام شيئر كے علاوہ ہے جودورانِ سال صحص يافتگان كوادا كيا گيا، چنا نچه مجموعی نقد دُيويدُ ندُرائِ سال مختتمه 30 جون 2021ء 50.0 فيصد يعنى 5.00 روپ في 10 روپ والے عام شيئر بن گيا؛

۶۰ کمپنی کے خارجی آڈیٹرز برائے سال مختتمہ 30 جون 2021ء کی تقرری اوران کے معاوضے کا تعین۔ارکان کو مطلع کیا جاتا ہے کہ بورڈ کی آڈٹ کمپنی کے آڈیٹرز اور بورڈ آف ڈائز کیٹرز نے ریٹائز ہونے والے آڈیٹرز کی عربی کی جگہ کمپنی کے آڈیٹرز کے سام M/s. KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. چار کیٹنٹس کی جگہ کمپنی کے آڈیٹرز کے لیے اور کے لیے اور سام M/s. A.F.Ferguson کے لیے سام M/s. A.F.Ferguson کے لیے مطابع کا مام تجویز کیا ہے؛ اور

۵۔ چیئر مین کی اجازت ہے کوئی بھی اورمعاملہ زیرغور لانا۔

بحکم بور ڈ

الطاف احمر فيصل

سمپنی سیریٹری

30 تتمبر 2021ء

کراچی

### اہم نکات:

### ا۔ اجلاس کی کارروائی میں بذریعہ ویڈیوکا نفرنسنگ شرکت

کو وِڈ – 19 کی موجودہ صور تحال کے باعث اجلاس کی کارروائیاں صرف بذریعہ ویڈیو کانفرنسنگ منعقد ہوں گی۔

اجلاس میں شرکت میں دلچیسی رکھنے والے تصص یا فتھان سے گزارش کی جاتی ہے کہ اپنا نام، فولیونمبر / ID (Participant) نمبر، موبائل فون نمبر، تو می شاختی کارڈ / پاسپورٹ نمبر کمپیوٹر ائز ڈ قومی شاختی کارڈ کی دونوں جانب کی قابلِ عمل نقل کے ساتھ agm@mcbah.com پرای میل میا کردیں جس کا مضمون Registration for MCBAH AGM ہو۔ ویڈیونک اور لاگ اِن تفصیلات صرف اُن ارکان کوارسال کیے جائیں گے جن کی ای میل تمام مذکورہ کواکف کے ساتھ اجلاس سے کم از کم 48 گھنٹے قبل موصول ہوجائیں۔

حصص یافتگان agm@mcbah.com پراجلاس کےایجنڈ سے متعلق اپنے خیالات کااظہاراورسوالات بھی ای میل سکتے ہیں۔

	•	. , , ,		
ای میل ایڈرس	موبائل تمبر	فوليو/سي ڈي ايس نمبر	قومی شاختی کارڈنمبر	شيئر ہولڈر کا نام
	, , ,	, , ,	, ,	1 -

لاگ اِن کی سہولت اجلاس سے تیس منٹ قبل کھولی جائے گی اور شرکاء شاخت کی تصدیق کے بعد اجلاس میں شامل ہوں گے جصص یافتگان شاخت اور تصدیق کے تمام مطلوبہ لواز مات مکمل کرنے کے بعد اپنے آلات (ڈیو ائسز) کے ذریعے اجلاس کی کارروائیوں میں شریک ہوسکیں گے اور صص یافتگان کی حوصلہ افزائی کی جائے گی کہ وہ اجلاس میں شرکت کریں تا کہ ان کی حاضری اور شرکت بذریعہ پراکسی مربوط ہوسکے۔

### ۲۔ حصص منتقلی کھا توں کی بندش

کمپنی کی منتقلی عصص کی بکس بروزمنگل، 19 کتوبر 2021ء سے لے کرا گلے منگل، 26 کتوبر 2021ء تک (بشمول دونوں دِن ) بندر ہیں گی۔جو منتقلیاں ہمارے شیئر رجسٹرار M/s سی ڈیسی شیئر رجسٹرار سروسزلمیٹڈ کے نام ہی ڈیسی ہاؤس، B-99، بلاک B، ایس ایم سی ایج ایس،مرکزی شاہراہِ فیصل، کراچی -74400 پر بروز پیر 18 اکتوبر 2021ء کے اختتام تک موصول ہوجا کیں گی وہ قصص یافتگان کے حتی نفذ ڈیویڈنڈ کے حقدار ہونے اور اجلاس میں شریک ہونے اور ووٹ دینے کتین کے لیے بروقت سمجھی جا نمیں گی۔

### ۳۔ پراکسی کی تقرری اور اجلاس میں شرکت

جورُ کن سالا نہ عمومی اجلاس میں شریک ہونے ، بات کرنے اور ووٹ دینے کا حقدار ہوگا وہ کسی اور شخص کواپنا پراکسی مقرر کرسکتا ہے جواُس کی جانب سے شریک ہونے ، بات کرنے اور ووٹ دینے کا حقدار ہوگا۔ پراکسی کے لیے کمپنی کا رُکن ہونا ضروری نہیں ہے۔ پراکسی رائے شاری کا مطالبہ کرنے اور کسی رائے شاری میں ووٹ دینے کابھی حقدار ہوگا۔

جس انسٹر ومنٹ کے ذریعے پراکسی کی تقرری ہوئی ہے، بمع پاور آف اٹارنی یا دیگر اختیار جس کے تحت اس پر دستخط کیے گئے ہیں، یا پاور آف اتھارٹی کی نوٹری پبلک سے تصدیق شدہ نقل بمپنی کے رجسٹرڈ دفتر میں اجلاس سے کم از کم 48 گھنٹے قبل جمع کرائی جائے۔کارپوریٹ ادارے کی صورت میں بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز کی قرار داد / پاور آف اٹارنی بمع دستخط کا نمونہ اور پراکسی فارم کمپنی میں جمع کرائے جائیں (اگر پہلے نہیں کرائے گئے تو)۔ پراکسی فارم آگر بزی اوراً ردوزیان میں ملحق ہے۔

اجلاس میں شرکت کے وقت شاخت کے لیے ظاہری حصص اور سینٹرل ڈیازٹری کمپنی آف پاکستان کمیٹٹر (CDC) کے پاس جمع کرائے گئے حصص کے استفادی مالکان اور ایاان کے پراکسی اصلی کمپیوٹرائز ڈقومی شاختی کارڈ (CNIC) یا پاسپورٹ دکھائیں۔

## ٣ فعال كمپيوٹرائز دشاختى كار دى كفل جمع كرانے كى اطلاع (لازمى)

سیکیورٹیزاینڈ ایسچینج کمیشن آف پاکتان (SECP) کے SRO نمبر SRO/(1)/2012 بتاریخ 50 جولائی 2012ء میں کمپنیوں کو ہدایت دی گئ ہے کہ ڈیویڈ نڈوارنٹ "A/c Payee only" کے طور پر crossed ہونا چا ہے اوراس پر رجسٹر شدہ رُکن یا مختار شخص کا کمپیوٹر ائز ڈشاختی کارڈ (سی این آئیسی) نمبر درج ہونا چا ہے۔ علازہ ازیں کمپنیز (ڈسٹری بیوشن آف ڈیویڈ نڈز) ریگولیشنز 2017ء کی تعمیل میں ٹیکس/ز کو قارڈیویڈ نڈمسو ٹیفکیٹ پر حصص یافت گان کے بی این آئیسی نمبر درج ہونا ضروری ہے۔

وہ ارکان جنہوں نے تا حال اپنے قابلِ عمل کمپیوٹر ائز ڈقو می شاختی کارڈ کی تصدیق شدہ نقل بمع فولیونمبر جعنہیں کرائی ہے ان سے گز ارش کی جاتی ہے کہ مذکورہ کوجلدا زجلد براہِ راست کمپنی کے شیئر رجسٹرار کے پاس جمع کرادیں۔

## ۵۔ ظاہری حصص کو بک انٹری فارم میں تبدیل کرنا

کمپنیزا کیٹ 2017ء کے بیشن 72 کے مطابق ہر لسٹاڈ کمپنی کے لیے لازم ہے کہ وہ اِس ایکٹ کے آغاز یعنی 30 مئی 2017ء سے زیادہ سے نیازہ کے مطابق مطلوبہ انداز میں اور مذکورہ تاریخ سے اپنے ظاہری حصص کو ڈی سی کے ساتھ انویسٹر یافتی کے حامل حصص یافتیگان کو ترغیب دی جاتی ہے کہ وہ کسی بھی بروکر کے ساتھ سی ڈی سی ذیلی اکا وَنٹ، یا براہِ راست سی ڈی سی کے ساتھ انویسٹر اکا وَنٹ، کھلوا کیس تا کہ اپنے ظاہری حصص کو scripless صورت میں ڈھال سیس ۔ اس سے اُن کو کئی فوائد حاصل ہوں گے، مثل محفوظ تحویل اور حصص کی فروخت کی اجازت نہیں ہے۔
کی فروخت، وہ جب بھی چاہیں، کیونکہ یا کستان اسٹاک ایکس چینج کے موجودہ قوانین کے مطابق ظاہری حصص کی فروخت کی اجازت نہیں ہے۔

## ۲ \_نقد ڈیویڈنڈ کی ادائیگی بذریعہ الیکٹرانک ذرائع (لازی)

کمپنیزا یک 2017ء(ایک ) کے سیشن 242اور کمپنیز (ڈسٹری بیوٹن آف ڈیویڈنڈز) ریگولیشنز 2017ء کے تحت ہر لسطۂ کمپنی پرلازم ہے کہ اگروہ اپنے ارکان کو ڈیویڈنڈ اکر ہے توالیکٹرانک طریقے سے کرے، یعنی ارکان کے فراہم کر دہ بینک اکا ؤنٹ میں ڈیویڈنڈ جمع کرادے۔ کمپنی پرلازم ہے کہ ایسے ارکان کے ڈیویڈنڈ روک لے جنہوں نے اپنے بینک اکا ؤنٹ کی تفصیلات فراہم نہیں کی ہیں۔

ار کان کے لئے ضروری ہے کہ کمپنی کے شیئر رجسٹرار کواپنے نام، فولیونمبر، بینک اکاؤنٹ کا نام اور نمبر، اور بینک کا کلمل ڈاک پیۃ فراہم کریں۔ ی ڈی می اکاؤنٹ حاملین اپنی درخواست براہ ِراست اپنے بروکر (شراکت دار) اس ڈی می کے پاس جمع کرائیں۔

جن صصی یافتگان نے تا حال اپنے IBAN فراہم نہیں کے ہیں اُن سے دوبارہ گزارش کی جاتی ہے کہ درج ذیل کے مطابق ''الیکٹرانک کریڈٹ مینڈیٹ فارم''پُو کریں اور اس پر دستخط کر کے اسے اپنے فعال کی این آئی کی کفل کے ساتھ ، صصی یافتگی بصورت بگ انٹری فارم کی صورت میں متعلقہ می فری کی شریک ای وی کا دوانہ وی کی میں متعلقہ می فری کا میں ڈی میں اُلی کے انٹری فارم کی صورت میں کمپنی کے شیئر رجسٹرار کو مندرجہ ذیل ہے پر روانہ کریں: M/s کی کی شیئر رجسٹرار سروسز کمیٹٹر (CDCSRSL) ، میں ڈی می ہاؤس، اوس عورت میں کمیٹن کے ایس ایم می ای ایس ایم می ای ایس مرکزی شاہرا و فیصل ، کراجی - 74400

ڈیویڈ نڈمینڈیٹ فارم کمپنی کے رجسٹرڈ دفتر میں دستیاب ہے اور اس کو کمپنی کی ویب سائٹ پربھی دستیاب کیا گیاہے۔

۷- اَكُونِيسَ آروْنينس 2001ء كيشن 150 كتحت دُيويدُندُ پرود مولدُنگ ليكس كي كوتي (لازي)

(i) فا ئنانس ایک 2019ء ( کیم جولائی 2019ء سے نافذ العمل) کی شرائط کے تحت انگم ٹیکس آرڈنینس کے مطابق ڈیویڈنڈ پرانگم ٹیکس کی نظرِ ثانی شدہ شرحیں درج ذیل ہیں:

a) اَکُمْ لِیکس ریٹرن فائل کرنے والوں کے لئے شرح: 15 فیصد

b) اَکُمْ لِیکس ریٹرن فائل نہ کرنے والوں کے لئے شرح: 30 فیصد

نقد ڈیویڈنڈ پر 15 فیصد ٹیکس اُن صص یافتگان پر عائد ہوگا جن کے نام فیڈرل بورڈ آف ریوینیو کی ویب سائٹ 15:00 ہوگا جن کے نام فیڈرل بورڈ آف ریوینیو کی ویب سائٹ 5:00 ہوگان پر موجود 'ایکٹوئیکس پیئولیٹ' (اے ٹی ایل) یعنی متحرّ کے ٹیکس اداکنندگان کی فہرست میں بروز پیر 18 اکتوبر 2021 ء کو اوقات کار (شام 200) ہے کہائے شامل ہوجا عمیں گے، ورنہ نقد ڈیویڈنڈیر 15 فیصد کے بجائے 30 فیصد گیکس عائد کیا جائے گا۔

(ii) مزید بران، فیڈرل بورڈ آف ریوینیو (ایف بی آر) سے موصول شدہ وضاحت کے مطابق مشتر کہ اکا وَنٹس کی صورت میں وِ دہولڈنگ ٹیکس پرنہل شیئر ہولڈر کے ساتھ ساتھ مشتر کہ ہولڈر (ز) کے 'فائلو / نان فائلو ' ہونے کے مطابق علیحدہ ان کی قصص یافتگی کے تناسب کی بنیاد پر متعین کیا جائے گا۔

مطلوبه معلومات ہمارے شیئر رجسٹرار M/s کی کی شیئر رجسٹرار سروسز لمیٹڈ کو بروز پیر، 18 اکتوبر 2021ء،اوقات کار (شام 5:00 بج) سے قبل موصول ہوجانی چاہیے ورنہ بیہ مجھا جائے گا کہ پرنپل شیئر ہولڈراور مشتر کہ ہولڈر(ز) مساوی طور پرخص کے حامل ہیں۔
اس ضمن میں تمام مشتر کے خصص یافتگان سے گزارش کی جاتی ہے کہ ہمارے شیئر رجسٹرار کواپنے پرنپل شیئر ہولڈراور جوائنٹ ہولڈر(ز) کی خصص یافتگی کے تناسب مندر حہذیل طرز برتح بررا افرا ہم کریں:

لڈر(ز)	مشتر که ہو	ئر ہولڈر	پرسپل شیهٔ		
حصص یافت گی کا	نام اور شناختی کار ڈنمبر	حصص یافت کی کا	نام اور شاختی کار ڈنمبر	شيئرز کی گل تعداد	فوليواس ڈی سی
تناسب(شیئرزی		تناسب(شیئرزی			ا كا وَنتْ نمبر
تعداد)		تعداد)			

(iii) سی ڈی سی اکا وَنٹس کے حامل کارپوریٹ قصص یا فتگان کے لئے ضروری ہے کہ اپنے متعلقہ شرکاء کے پاس اپنے بیشنل ٹیکس نمبر (NTN) کی تصدیق کرلیں، جبکہ کارپوریٹ ظاہری قصص یا فتگان کے لئے ضروری ہے کہ پہنی یا شیئر رجسٹرار کو اپنے این ٹی این سرٹیفکیٹ کی نقل بھیجیں جس میں کمپنی کا نام اور اپنے فولیونمبر ظاہر کریں۔

> سر مایدکاران کسی سوال مسئلے یامعلومات کے لیے کمپنی اور ایاشیئر رجسٹرار سے مندرجہ ذیل فون نمبرز اورای میل ایڈرس پر رابطہ کر سکتے ہیں: تمپنی: ایم سی بی-عارف حبیب سیونگز اینڈ انویسٹمنٹس لمیٹڈ

> > info@mcbah.com : ای میل : 11-11-622-24 :UAN

شیئر رجسٹرار: سی ڈی سی شیئر رجسٹرارسروسزلمیٹٹر

فون: 0800-23275 اى مىل: info@cdcsrsl.com

## ۸۔ ارکان کے رہائش سے میں تبدیلی

ار کان ہے گزارش کی جاتی ہے کہا پنے رہائثی پتے میں کسی بھی تبدیلی سےفوری طور پر کمپنی کے ٹیئر رجسٹرار کو مطلع کریں۔

### 9\_ غيرتحويل شده دُيويدُندُ

وہ صص یافتگان جو کسی بھی وجہ سے اپنے ڈیویڈ نڈ تحویل میں نہیں لے سکے اُن کو تا کید کی جاتی ہے کہ ہمارے شیئر رجسٹرار M/s می ڈی سی شیئر رجسٹرار میں معلوم کریں۔ کمپنیز ایک 2017ء کے سیشن 244 میروسزلمیٹڈ سے رابطہ کریں اور اپنے غیرتحویل شدہ ڈیویڈ نڈ کو حاصل کریں یا اس کے بارے میں معلوم کریں۔ کمپنیز ایک 2017ء کے سیشن کا تعمیل میں کمپنی مقررہ ضابطہ کا مکمل کرنے کے بعدادائیگی کی تاریخ سے کا سال یا اس سے زیادہ عرصے کے غیرتحویل شدہ ڈیویڈ نڈ وفاقی حکومت کے پاس جمع کرادے گی۔

## ۱۰ ـ آڈٹ شدہ مالیاتی گوشواروں کی ویب سائٹ پردستیابی

مالیاتی گوشواروں پر مشتمل کمپنی کی سالانہ رپورٹ برائے سال منحت ما عند 30 جون 2021ء کمپنی کی ویب سائٹ www.mcbah.com پر دستیاب کردی گئی ہے۔

### اا۔ سالانہ آڈٹ شدہ مالیا تی گوشواروں اورعمومی سالا نہ اجلاسوں کی اطلاع کی اشاعت بذریعہ ای میل

کمپنیزا یک 2017ء کے بیشن (7) 223 کے مطابق کمپنی کواپنے ارکان کو مالیاتی گوشوارے اور رپورٹس الیکٹرانک ذریعے سے بھیجنے کی اجازت ہے۔ مزید براں ، ایس ای سی پی کے جاری کردہ ایس آراو 2014/(1) 787 بتاریخ 8 ستمبر 2014ء میں کمپنیوں کواپنے ارکان کوسالانہ آڈٹ شدہ مالیاتی گوشوارے اور عمومی سالانہ اجلاس کی اطلاع ای میل کے ذریعے بھیجنے کی اجازت ہے۔

وہ قصص یافتگان جوسالا نہ رپورٹس اور عمومی اجلاسوں کی اطلاع بذریعہ ای میل حاصل کرنا چاہتے ہیں ان سے گزارش کی جاتی ہے کہ کمپنی کی ویب سائٹ www.mcbah.com پر دستیاب رضامندی فارم کے ذریعے مندرجہ ذیل کوائف فراہم کریں: نام، فولیونمبریاسی ڈی سی اکا وَنٹ نمبر،ای میل ایڈرس، رابط نمبر،اور کمپیوٹر اکز ڈقو می شاختی کارڈنمبریا غیرملکی شیئر ہولڈر کی صورت میں فعال پاسپورٹ نمبر علاوہ ازیں، صص یافتگان سے گزارش ہے کہ ایڈرس، رابط نمبر،اور کمپیوٹر اکر ڈقو می شاختی کارڈنمبریا نے میکن کے شیئر رجسٹر ارکومطلع کریں۔اپنے فعال رجسٹر شدہ ای میل ایڈرس میں کسی بھی تبدیلی سے کمپنی کو بروقت مطلع کرنا ارکان کی ذمہ داری ہوگی۔

# CONVERSION OF PHYSICAL SHARES INTO BOOK-ENTRY FORM

The SECP, through its letter No. CSD/ED/Misc/2016-639-640 dated March 26, 2021, has advised all Listed Companies to adhere to the provisions of Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2017 (the "Act"), which requires all companies to replace shares issued in physical form to book-entry form within four years of the promulgation of the Act.

Accordingly, all shareholders of the Company having physical folios/share certificates are requested to convert their shares from physical form into book-entry form at the earliest. Shareholders may contact a PSX Member, CDC Participant, or CDC Investor Account Service Provider for assistance in opening a CDS Account and subsequent conversion of the physical shares into book-entry form.

Maintaining shares in book-entry form has many advantages — safe custody of shares with the CDC, avoidance of formalities required for the issuance of duplicate shares, and readily available for sale and purchase in open market at better rates. The shareholders of the Company may contact the Company's Share Registrar M/s CDC Share Registrar Services Limited at the following address for the conversion of physical shares into book-entry form.

CDC House, 99-B, Block B, S.M.C.H.S., Main Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi – 74400

Tel: 0800-23275

Email: info@cdcsrsl.com

Altaf Ahmed Faisal Company Secretary

# PAYMENT OF CASH DIVIDEND ELECTRONICALLY (MANDATORY REQUIREMENT)

This is to inform you that in accordance with the Section 242 of the Companies Act, 2017, any dividend payable in cash shall only be paid through electronic mode directly into the bank account designated by the entitled shareholder. Please note that giving bank mandate for dividend payments is mandatory and in order to comply with this regulatory requirement and to avail the facility of direct credit of dividend amount in bank account, shareholders are requested to please update their International Bank Account Number (IBAN- 24 digits) with the Company's Share Registrar.

The shareholders of the Company may contact the Company's Share Registrar M/s CDC Share Registrar Services Limited at the following address for updating of IBAN.

CDC House, 99-B, Block B, S.M.C.H.S., Main Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi – 74400

Tel: 0800-23275

Email: info@cdcsrsl.com

Altaf Ahmed Faisal Company Secretary

#### CHAIRMAN'S REVIEW REPORT

Dear Shareholders,

I am pleased to present this Report to the members of MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited on the overall performance of the Board and effectiveness of the role played by the Board in achieving the Company's strategic objectives.

The Audited Financial Statements for the year reveals the following about the performance of the Company, when compared with last year:

	June 30, 2021		June 30, 2020	
	Am	Amount in Rupees		
Management Fee / Investment Advisory Fee	752,077,846		673,851,616	
Income from investments including profit on deposits	189,560,061		129,876,491	
Profit before taxation	484,705,781		345,100,890	
Profit after taxation	376,434,163		257,669,113	
Earnings per share (EPS)	5.23		3.58	

At the forthcoming AGM we will be pleased to present before our shareholders a final cash dividend of Rs. 2.75 per share for the year ended June 30, 2021, bringing the total cash dividend for the year to Rs. 5.00 per share.

The Board's Report has outlined detailed comments on the economy and I shall therefore refrain from repeating that information but focus on the broader issues.

The economy, after suffering at the hand of covid-19, staged a strong recovery in fiscal year 2021 with GDP growth rate beating the initial government estimates by a healthy margin. In addition to lowering interest rates, out of the box solutions from SBP like Temporary Economic Relief Facility (TERF), Long Term Financing Facility (LTFF), Refinancing scheme for Wages helped in boosting the overall confidence in the economy. Furth ermore, government's focus towards construction sector also in shape of the amnesty scheme also helped in shaping stronger than expected economic recovery. By the grace of Allah, intensity of covid-19 cases in Pakistan remained better than that of its neighbours, which led to healthy exports growth coupled with strong come back of large scale manufacturing. On the external front, healthy exports were very well supported by workers' remittances, keeping current account resilient.

Asset management industry also benefited from economic recovery and flushed liquidity leading towards healthy growth in assets under management, majority of which was contributed by the money market funds. Strong recovery in the stock market also improved equity and equity linked AUMs. Going ahead, industry is gearing up to widen the investors' base, which I believe is the future of industry. This is where our cost efficient digital framework, **iSave** comes into play with an ability of reaching to masses. Moreover, as the ongoing pandemic crisis unfolds businesses and consumers increasingly have gone digital resulting in rise in e-banking transactions. This has further complimented the growth of Company's online platform, **iSave**, whose growth has been phenomenal. Going forward, we believe the platform would continue to play significant role in achieving Company's strategic goals.

The Board set the Company's strategic aims to uphold our vision, mission and core values. It exhibited high standards of business and professional conduct in managing and supervising affairs of the Company. The Company's Board remained steadfast in steering the Company through the challenging year. During the year, the Board performed an in-house performance evaluation of the Board as a whole, its Committees & Chief Executive Officer. The overall rating of the Board is highly encouraging, particularly in respect to its composition, expertise, effective risk management, adequate system of internal controls and audit function. The Board has always focused on the preservation of the interests of shareholders and unit holders of the Funds under its management. The Board has in-place properly structured Committees, with each one having well-defined objectives and appropriate Terms of Reference; performing their respective roles effectively and efficiently.

#### CHAIRMAN'S REVIEW REPORT

During the year, a total of twenty-four (24) meetings of the Board and the Committees of the Board were held which comprised of eleven (11) meetings of the Board of Directors, nine (9) meetings of the Audit Committee and four (4) meetings of the Human Resource and Remuneration Committee. I wish to record my appreciation to the Board Members for the active participation and continuing guidance provided to the Management.

It is worth reiterating that the Directors have played an effective role in the achievement of good results and in ensuring that the targets were met, by providing continuing guidance to the Management.

I expect that the Company, through its Management team, will continue to work closely, firstly with, its valued clients, as well as, very importantly, with its employees, shareholders and stakeholders in a manner that makes one feel proud to be associated with MCB Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited.

Finally, I would like to thank all our shareholders, many of whom have stayed alongside us from the inception of our journey and I sincerely hope that the bond we share continues to flourish in the years ahead.



Mr. Haroun Rashid Chairman – Board of Directors MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited

The Board of Directors of MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited (MCBAH) are pleased to present Report on the affairs of MCBAH for the year ended June 30, 2021.

#### PRINCIPAL BUSINESS

The Company is a Non-Banking Finance Company, licensed as Asset Management Company, Investment Advisor and Pension Fund Manager under the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan's regulatory regime.

#### THE BUSINESS ENVIRONMENT

#### **Economy and Money Market Review**

Fiscal year 2021 has proven to be a positive year with respect to economic performance. Country registered a GDP growth rate of 3.94 per cent outpacing the original target of 2.1 per cent for the outgoing fiscal year. This better than expected recovery has been due to relatively lower and stable interest rates, supportive financing schemes from SBP, amnesty scheme to encourage construction sector, resumption in demand and strong inflow of remittances supporting the overall consumption growth.

The growth momentum remained strong throughout the year as reflected in the performance of various sectors. Cement sector saw an impressive comeback in local dispatches as they witnessed a growth of about 20 per cent over last year in FY21. Sales of 2 and 3 wheeler units also rose at an impressive rate of approx. 39 per cent over last year in FY21 reflecting the resilience of economy. Similarly, the demand of petrol and diesel also increased by about 12 per cent and 16 per cent respectively over last year indicating a broader recovery in economy. Overall, Large Scale Manufacturing Index (LSM) has grown by about 14.6 per cent in first eleven months of the current fiscal year led by the cyclical sectors.

On the external front, the country posted a current account deficit of USD 1.8 billion (-0.6 per cent of GDP) in the fiscal year 2021, a 58 per cent improvement when compared with last year deficit of USD 4.4 billion (-1.7 per cent of GDP). Despite a USD 30 billion deficit (about 23 per cent higher this year) on balance on trade in goods and services, current account deficit remained marginally negative due to strong inflow of workers' remittances. Remittances jumped to USD 29.4 billion, up by 27 per cent when compared with USD 23.1 billion a year back.

Inflation remained the chink in the armor for the government as rising food prices continued to create challenges for policy makers. Headline inflation represented by CPI averaged 8.9 per cent over last year, with food inflation averaging about 13 per cent during the period. The prices of perishable food items along with the price of wheat continued to advance higher as supply side disruptions and mismanagement caused the prices to soar. Nevertheless, core inflation as measured by Non Food Non Energy was still controlled and averaged 6.4 per cent for the period. Monetary Policy Committee maintained status quo throughout the year after successive cuts in previous meetings. While real interest rates remained negative, the central bank was cautious with regards to demand side pressures owing to covid-19 as well as comfort drawn from better external position.

As the economy started to open up, tax collection also improved and grew by about 18 per cent during the fiscal year which exceeded the revised target by PKR 30 billion. Fiscal deficit for the first nine months of the period clocked in at 3.6 per cent of GDP, compared to 3.8 per cent of GDP last year. Primary balance was even better at a surplus of 1.0 per cent of GDP compared to last year surplus of 0.4 per cent of GDP.

Yield curve started to slope upward after inflation trajectory was observed to be on the rising trend. 3, 5 and 10 Year bonds saw a rise of 146 bps, 138 bps and 125 bps respectively during the period.

#### **Equity Market Review**

KSE-100 Index posted a 38 per cent return for FY21, gaining 12,934 points to end the year at 47,356 points. This was the highest yearly return since FY14, when index achieved 41 per cent return during the year. Market's resilience during the year was tested by re-emergence of covid-19 wave II (October 2020) and III (February 2021), political unrest caused by opposition rallies and senate election. However, stronger than expected economic recovery and central bank's initiatives (TERF, RDA and mandatory housing financing by banks) kept the positive momentum of the market intact.

Major positive contributors to the index remained Technology (385 per cent), Banks (36 per cent) and Cements (77 per cent) whereas despite 83 per cent jump in crude oil prices, index heavy E&Ps remained a laggard with 11per cent return. Market remained fairly liquid through the year with average daily traded volume jumped by 169 per cent to 528 million shares compared to 196 million shares changing hands in FY20. Whereas average value traded also jumped by 163 per cent YoY to USD 120 million compared to USD 46 million a year back.

Foreign investors continued their selling spree in FY21 as well with net selling of USD 387 million compared to USD 285 million a year back. Whereas most of this selling was countered by individuals and companies with net buying of USD 332 million and USD 138 million, respectively.

#### **Economy & Market – Future Outlook**

Growth momentum is likely to continue in the coming year given the accommodative monetary and fiscal policies. Broader economy appears to be operating close to pre-covid-19 levels gauged by LSM growth, cement sales, auto sales, etc. We expect GDP growth to improve further in FY-22 but likely remain slightly lower from government target of 4.8per cent for FY-22. The recent surge in commodity prices poses challenges to both to Fiscal and External Accounts. On the fiscal side, targets for revenue and development expenditures are highly unlikely to be met.

With imports resuming momentum, Current Account Deficit is expected to reach near 2.8 per cent of GDP which is likely to weaken the exchange rate to near 170 against USD by year end. Commodity prices and weaker currency are also likely to keep average inflation persistent and it may remain near 8.5 per cent. We therefore expect tightening of monetary policy later in the year and expect interest to reach upto 9 per cent by the year end.

IMF program appears to remain on hold as government chooses to further pro-growth measures over austerity based conventional IMF reforms. Focus on growing exports and stimulate domestic demand through investment in construction and housing are the hallmarks of government progrowth strategy. Enabling environment including stable interest rates, low cost financing schemes for housing and machinery imports and avoiding further increase in power tariffs are the key initiatives in this regard. Public Sector entities and in particular energy sector still remains a thorny issue in IMF talks and continue to remain a major challenge for the government despite recent steps taken to lessen the burden on public finances. A sharp deterioration in balance of payment account may force government to succumb to IMF policy framework and thus alter the economic growth trajectory.

From capital market perspective, particularly equities, markets are watchful of the 4th wave of covid-19 cases which do pose risks in the near term. As growth momentum continues, equities have potential to provide decent returns to investors. Risk premiums vis a vis 10-year bonds is currently at 3.6 per cent, compared to historical average of 1.3 per cent suggesting some upside due to rerating would be possible. Earnings growth will be a key driver for the next few years. We therefore expect stronger returns from equity market to continue. Recent announcement about reclassification of PSX from MSCI Emerging Market Index to MSCI Frontier Market Index is to remain marginally positive thus local investors are likely to drive the market momentum.

For debt holders, we expect Money Market Funds to continue to seamlessly mirror policy rates throughout the year. On the other hand, government bonds have priced in the anticipated yield curve. We remain cautious at the current levels of bond yields and would continue to monitor the data points to capitalize on opportunities.

#### **Mutual Fund Industry Review**

The Net Assets of the open end mutual fund industry increased by about 37.2 per cent to PKR 1,018 billion in this fiscal year. Money market funds and Fixed Income funds experienced an influx of investment as corporate liquidity swiftly moving towards mutual funds. Total money market funds grew by about 48 per cent during the period to PKR 467 billion. Within the money market sphere, the conventional funds dominated as they grew by about 39 per cent to PKR 285 billion. Equity and related funds surged rapidly by 33 per cent from PKR 224 billion to PKR 299 billion over the year. Most of the rise in equity and equity linked fund assets can be attributed to a positive uptick in the market that was up approx. 38 per cent YoY owing to favorable investor sentiments.

In terms of the segment share, Money Market funds were the leader with a share of around 46 per cent, followed by Equity and Equity related funds with a share of 30 per cent and Income funds having a share of 24 per cent as at the end of the fiscal year.

#### **Mutual Fund Industry Outlook**

Record decline in interest rates have reinstated the confidence in risk asset classes. We expect liquidity to gear up towards equity and related funds. The sustainability of liquidity will however depend on how the economy transitions through this phase of pandemic. Our operations remained seamless and given our competitive edge due to aggressive investment in digital access and online customer experience, the environment provides an opportunity with growing number of investors available online.

#### **COMPANY'S PERFORMANCE REVIEW**

With the advent of Covid 19 pandemic in March 2020, the impact of Covid 19 continued in the financial year 2020-2021 which had been a year of disruption, adaption and recovery. COVID-19 pandemic has effectively put the world in reset mode, redefining life. MCBAH also adjusted its way of working to address the challenging situation. *iSAVE* ensured the Company to deliver efficient, smooth and seamless service to all its unit holders. Due to *iSAVE*, the Company was able to accelerate the migration of its customers to alternate delivery channels with relative ease and has successfully positioned the Company to grow its AUMs base manifold.

Financial Year 2020-2021 has been one of very successful years for the Company. The Company also benefited from economic recovery and flushed liquidity leading towards healthy growth in Assets Under Management, majority of which was contributed by the money market funds. Resultantly, during the year, the Company has shown significant growth and generated net increase in AUMs of Rs. 47.6 billion resultantly as on June 30, 2021, the Company is managing AUMs of Rs.155.4 billion compared to Rs.109.3 billion as on June 30, 2020. Increase in AUMs primarily in Money Market Funds coupled with strong recovery in the stock market also improved equity and equity linked AUMs resulted the Company in additional generation of Management Fee/ Investment Advisory Fee of Rs. 78.1 million to earn Management Fee/ Investment Advisory Fee of Rs. 752 million compared to 673.9 million last year.

Moreover, during the year due to active fund management, the Company was able to earn Rs.189.6 million on its investment and placement of excess funds compared to Rs. 129.9 million in the corresponding year.

Increase in AUMs coupled with active fund management resulted in Company earning Profit after taxation of Rs.376.4 million compared to last year profit of Rs. 257.7 million.

The Earnings Per Share of current financial year ended June 30, 2021 is Rs. 5.23 as compared to Rs. 3.58 per share in the previous financial year ended June 30, 2020.

The Board has proposed a final dividend of 27.5 per cent (Rs. 2.75 per share) for the year ended June 30, 2021 as compared to 22.5 percent (Rs. 2.25 per share) for the year ended June 30, 2020. This is an additional to the interim dividend of 22.5 per cent (Rs. 2.25 per share) as compared to 10 per cent (Re. 1 per share) for the year ended June 30, 2020.

The Board of Directors of the Company has an overall responsibility to ensure that internal financial controls system of the company is adequate and is operating effectively.

The value of investment of employees in pension funds is Rs.64.4 million as per the audited financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2021 (Rs. 53 million for the year ended June 30, 2020).

#### PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

Asset under management (AUM) which is the life blood of asset management industry showed promising growth in FY21 and crossed Rs. 1 Trillion. This relates to business risk averseness of corporates due to covid-19 complimented by awareness created by Asset Management Companies. Corporate being financially educated sector are more inclined towards mutual fund investments as compared to general public. To attract new clients and facilitate existing clients in this highly competitive industry, Asset Management Companies (AMCs) continued to offer more and more online and Mobile based services. However, these web based services are prone to hacking and cyber-'attacks. These solutions require substantial costs to develop, maintain and protect while the demand for delivery of superior returns is not allowing increment in management fee. Thus, this continues to put pressure on margins of Asset Management Companies (AMCs). To cover up expenses and being profitable, the only remedy is higher AUMs.

Government has become cautious on issues relating to 'Know Your Customer' (KYC) requirements to cope up 'Anti Money Laundering' (AML) and 'Combating the Financing of Terrorism' (CFT). This puts high responsibility on Asset Management Companies (AMCs) to carefully perform Customer Due Diligence (CDD) as breach of these regulations might attract heavy penalties. This increases regulatory risk for Asset Management Companies (AMCs) and MCBAH is committed to ensuring compliance of these very demanding but necessary regulations.

Covid-19 continued to haunt economy in FY21. However, Government's smart lock down policy, subsidies and other financial support packages offered by the Government for various economic sectors along with subsidized loans, deferral payments on debt and grants provided by various international donor agencies and friendly countries provided much needed financial support to the country. Economic chaos created by Covid-19 is expected to take some time to settle down both on international and local levels.

Further, there have not occurred any significant changes during the financial year concerning the nature of the business of the Company.

#### CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY AND IMPACT ON ENVIRONMENT

The Company believes in ever growing change, sustainability and be more digitally connected with our customers. Therefore, the online portal, *iSAVE*, has always been the focus. Moreover, protecting the employees in the wake of Covid-19 has been its top priority. All employees were provided with the relevant resources to work comfortably from home while ensuring efficient customer services. It shows that the Company strives to improve the well-being of both its employees as well as customers.

#### **ASSET MANAGER RATING**

In the month of October 2020, Alhamdulillah the Company achieved highest Asset Manager Rating of AM1. This rating reflects the Company's position as one of the leading Asset Managers in the Asset Management Companies, strongly supported by strong control environment, structured investment processes, good governance framework and qualified management team.

The Stability Ratings of the Collective Investment Schemes under management of the Company are as under:

	As at June 30, 2021	As at June 30, 2020	
	Stal	bility rating	Rating
			agency
Pakistan Cash Management Fund	AA + (f)	AA + (f)	PACRA
Pakistan Income Fund	A + (f)	A + (f)	PACRA
MCB Pakistan Sovereign Fund	AA - (f)	AA - (f)	PACRA
Pakistan Income Enhancement			
Fund	A + (f)	A + (f)	PACRA
MCB DCF Income Fund	AA - (f)	AA - (f)	PACRA
MCB Cash Management	AA + (f)	AA + (f)	
Optimizer	( )	( )	PACRA
Alhamra Islamic Income Fund	AA- (f)	AA- (f)	PACRA
Alhamra Daily Dividend Fund	AA- (f)	AA- (f)	PACRA
Alhamra Islamic Money Market	AA (f)	AA (f)	
Fund	• •	•	PACRA

The Mutual Funds Association of Pakistan (MUFAP) is executing the performance of the Mutual Funds on the basis of Mutual Funds' returns. MCBAH has assumed the performance ranking of MUFAP for its equity based Collective Investments Schemes.

#### **HOLDING COMPANY**

MCB Bank Limited, being the parent company of MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited, holds 51.33 per cent of the outstanding ordinary shares of the Company.

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

The Board comprises of eight (8) members including the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) and has a diverse mix of gender and knowledge. The Board consists of 1 female and 7 male directors, categorized as follows:

- 4 Non Executive Directors;
- · 3 Independent Directors; and
- 1 Executive Director (CEO).

The details of above are as under:

Sr. No.	Name	Status	ı	Membership in other Board Committees
1.	Mr. Haroun Rashid	Non-Executive Director	Non	е
2.	Mr. Nasim Beg	Non-Executive Director	(i) (ii)	Audit Committee; and HR&R* Committee
3.	Mr. Ahmed Jahangir	Non-Executive Director	(i) (ii)	Audit Committee; and HR&R* Committee.
4.	Mr. Kashif A. Habib	Non-Executive Director	(i)	Audit Committee
5.	Syed Savail Meekal Hussain	Independent Director	(i) (ii)	Audit Committee HR&R* Committee
6.	Mirza Qamar Beg	Independent Director	(i) (ii)	Audit Committee (Chairman); and HR&R* Committee (Chairman).
7.	Ms. Mavra Adil Khan	Independent Director	(i)	HR&R* Committee
8.	Mr. Muhammad Saqib Saleem	Executive Director	(i)	HR&R* Committee

<sup>\*</sup> HR&R stands for Human Resource and Remuneration

The Board of Directors review all significant matters of the Company. This includes, but not limited to, the Company's strategic direction, annual business plans and targets, decision on long-term investments. The Board of Directors is committed to maintaining high standards of corporate governance.

The Board of Directors is pleased to report that:

- a. The financial statements, present fairly the state of affairs, the results of operations, cash flows and changes in equity;
- b. Proper books of accounts of the Company have been maintained;
- Appropriate accounting policies as stated in the notes to the financial statements have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment;
- d. International Financial Reporting Standards have been followed in the preparation of financial statements and any departures there from have been adequately disclosed and explained;
- e. The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored with ongoing efforts to improve it further;
- f. There are no significant doubts upon the Company's ability to continue as going concern;
- g. There has been no material departure from the best practices of Corporate Governance, as detailed in the listing regulations;
- h. Key operating and financial data of the last 6 years in summarized form is annexed;

- i. The outstanding taxes, statutory charges and duties, if any, have been fully disclosed in the audited financial statements, for details please refer note no. 19.1, 19.2 and 20;
- j. The Board of Directors is ultimately responsible for Company's system of internal control and for reviewing its effectiveness. The Board, whilst maintaining its overall responsibility, has delegated the detailed design and operation of the system of internal controls to the Chief Executive. Company's system of internal controls comprises of clear governance structures, authority limits and accountabilities, well-understood policies and procedures. The Board meets quarterly to consider Company's financial performance, financial and operating budgets, business growth and developmental plans, capital expenditure proposals and other key performance indicators. The Audit Committee receives reports on the system of internal financial controls from the external and internal auditors and reviews the process for monitoring the effectiveness of internal controls;
- k. As at June 30, 2021, the Company is in compliance with the requirements of Directors' Training Program, as contained in Regulation No. 20 of the Code;
- I. The Directors' Remuneration Policy (The Policy) was approved by the Board of Directors in their 144<sup>th</sup> meeting held on September 14, 2018. The main features of the Policy are as under:
  - (i) With effect from September 14, 2018 each non-executive director will be paid a sum of rupees seventy five thousand (75,000) for attending the Board meeting / committees of the Board;
  - (ii) The Vice Chairman of the Board is entitled to certain perks and perquisites on account of the additional responsibilities, which have been disclosed in the annexed audited financial statements, for details please refer note 32;
  - (iii) Payment for any extra services shall not be made to any executive director. However, if a non-executive director perform any special services, the remuneration of the same will be pre-decided by the Board and in the absence of the quorum, by the general meeting of members of the Company;
  - (iv) Remuneration to executive director(s) shall be decided by the Board on recommendation of the Human Resource and Remuneration Committee based on the role and responsibilities of the executive director and shall reflect the individual's roles, experience and responsibilities; and
  - (v) Non-executive directors are not covered under any post retirement scheme of the Company.
- m. The detailed pattern of shareholding as on June 30, 2021 is annexed;
- n. A formal and effective mechanism is put in place for an annual evaluation of the Board's own performance, members of the Board and Committees of the Board;
- o. During the year, the Company undertaken the following transactions with related parties:
  - (i) Disposal of furniture to MCB Islmic Bnak Limited.

There are no other contracts or arrangements entered into with any of the Related Parties requiring disclosure under Section 208 of the Companies Act, 2017.

#### p. Meeting of the Directors

During the year, eleven (11) meetings of the Board of Directors were held. The attendance of each Director is as follows:

Name of Persons		Number	Numbe	r of meeti	ngs
		of meetings held	Attendance required	Attended	Leave granted
1.	Mr. Haroun Rashid (Chairman)	11	11	11	
2.	Mr. Nasim Beg	11	11	11	-
3.	Mr. Ahmed Jahangir	11	11	11	-
4.	Mirza Qamar Beg	11	11	11	-
5.	Syed Savail Meekal Hussain	11	11	11	-
6.	Mr. Kashif A. Habib	11	11	10	1
7.	Ms. Mavra Adil Khan	11	11	8	3
8	Mr. Muhammad Saqib Saleem (CEO)	11	11	11	-

#### q. Meeting of the Audit Committee.

During the year, nine(9) meetings of the Audit Committee were held. The attendance of each participant is as follows:

Name of Persons		Number	Numbe	er of meetin	ıgs
		of meetings held	Attendance required	Attended	Leave granted
1.	Mirza Qamar Beg (Chairman)	9	9	9	-
2.	Mr. Nasim Beg	9	9	9	-
<ol><li>Mr. Ahmed Jahangir</li></ol>		9	9	9	-
4.	Mr. Kashif A. Habib	9	9	9	-
5.	Syed Savail Meekal Hussain	9	9	9	-

#### r. Meeting of the Human Resource and Remuneration Committee.

During the year, four (4) meetings of the Human Resource and Remuneration Committee wereheld. The attendance of each participant is as follows:

Name of Persons		Number	Numbe	er of meetin	ıgs
		of meetings held	Attendance required	Attended	Leave granted
1.	Mirza Qamar Beg (Chairman)	4	4	4	-
2.	Mr. Ahmed Jahangir	4	4	4	-
3.	Mr. Nasim Beg	4	4	4	-
4.	Ms. Mavra Adil Khan	4	4	3	1
5.	Syed Savail Meekal Hussain	4	4	4	-
6.	Mr. Muhammad Saqib Saleem (CEO)	4	4	4	-

#### **AUDITORS**

The current auditors, M/s KPMG Taseer Hadi& Co. Chartered Accountants are completing their Five (5) years term, and are thus not eligible for reappointment as per the requirement of Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 and shall retire on the conclusion of 21<sup>st</sup> Annual General Meeting. Moreover, in the 73<sup>rd</sup> Annual General Meeting of MCB Bank Limited, the Parent Company, has appointed M/s A.F. Ferguson as the Bank's statutory auditor for the Financial Year 2021.

The Audit Committee considered and recommended M/s A. F. Ferguson & Co. Chartered Accountants as statutory auditors of the Company for the year ending June 30, 2022 and the Board of Directors has also endorsed the recommendation of the Audit Committee in the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

#### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENT**

The Directors would like to thank Government of Pakistan, Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan and other regulatory bodies and express deep appreciation to our shareholders who have consistently demonstrated their confidence in the Company. We would also like to place on record our sincere appreciation for the commitment, dedication and innovative thinking put in by each individual of the Company and are confident that they will continue to do so in the future.

For and on behalf of Board

Muhammad Saqib Saleem Chief Executive Officer

Karachi: August 09, 2021

Kashif A Habib Director

## r. میومن ریسورس اینڈ رمیونریشن کمیٹی کی میٹنگ

دورانِ سال ہیومن ریسورس اینڈ رمیونریشن کمیٹی کی چار (4) میٹنگز منعقد ہوئیں۔ شرکاء کی حاضری درج ذیل ہے:

	ميئنگز کی تعداد			
منظورشده رخصت	حاضری	مطلوبه حاضري	منعقده ميثنگز	ان
-	4	4	4	ا ـمرزاقمر بیگ (چیئر مین )
-	4	4	4	۲_جناب احمد جهانگير
-	4	4	4	٣- جناب نيم بيگ
1	3	4	4	۴ محتر مه ماوراء عادل خان
-	4	4	4	۵۔سیّدساویل میکال حُسین
-	4	4	4	۲_جناب محمد ثا قب سليم (سي اي او)

### آڈیٹرز

فنڈ کے موجودہ آڈیٹرز KPMG Taseer Hadi & Company چارٹرڈاکاؤنٹنٹس پانچ (5) سالہ مدّت مکمل کررہے ہیں، چنانچہ لسطہ کمپنیز (9) سالہ مدّت مکمل کررہے ہیں، چنانچہ لسطہ کمپنیز (2019ء کے تحت دوبارہ تقرری کے اہل نہیں ہیں اور اکیسویں (21st) سالانہ عمومی اجلاس کے اختتام پر میٹائر ہوجا کیں گے۔علاوہ ازیں، parent کمپنی ایم ہی بینک لمیٹڈ کے 73rd سالانہ عمومی اجلاس میں .73 معادہ کی بینک کے قانونی آڈیٹر برائے مالی سال 2021ء کے طور پر تقرری کردی گئی ہے۔

آ ڈٹ کمیٹی نے سال مختتمہ 30 جون 2022ء کے لئے '.M/s A.F.Ferguson & Co 'چارٹرڈا کا وَمُنتُس کی کمپنی کے قانونی آ ڈیٹرز کے طور پرتقرری کی سفارش کی ہے اور بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز نے بھی آنے والے سالا نہ عمومی اجلاس میں آ ڈٹ کمیٹی کی سفارش کی توثیق کی ہے۔

### اظهارتشكر

ڈائر کیٹر زحکومتِ پاکستان، ایکیورٹیز اینڈ ایکیچنج کمیشن آف پاکستان اور دیگرریگولیٹری اداروں کے مشکور ہیں اور ہمارے قصص یافتگان کوخراجِ تحسین پیش کرتے ہیں کہ جنہوں نے کمپنی میں مُسلسل اعتاد کا اظہار کیا ہے۔علاوہ ازیں، ہم کمپنی کے ہرفر دکے عزم واخلاص اورجدت پسندانہ سوچ کوبھی بے حدسرا ہتے ہیں اور ہمیں یقین ہے کہ وہ مستقبل میں بھی اِسی طرح سرگر معمل رہیں گے۔

من جانب ڈائر یکٹرز

مرثا قب ملیم محمد ثا قب ملیم چف الگزیکٹو آفیسر

9 اگست2021ء

كاشفاے حبيب ڈائر يکٹر

و. و ان يشرز كي مينتگز
 دوران سال بورو آف و ان يشرز كي گياره (11) ميننگزمنعقد موسي - و ان يشرز كي حاضري كي تفصيلات درج و ميل بين:

میکنگز کی تعداد				
منظورشده رخصت	حاضري	مطلوبهحاضري	منعقده ميثنگز	۲
-	11	11	11	۱_جناب ہارون راشد (چیئر مین )
-	11	11	11	۲_جنابنیم بیگ
-	11	11	11	٣- جناب احمد جهانگير
-	11	11	11	۴_مرزاقمربیگ
-	11	11	11	۵۔سیّدساویل میکالځسین
1	10	11	11	٧- جناب كاشف التحبيب
3	8	11	11	<i>ے۔ محتر م</i> ه ماوراء عادل خان
-	11	11	11	٨- جناب محمد ثا قب سليم

q. آؤٹ کمیٹی کی میٹنگ دورانِ سال آڈٹ کمیٹی کی نو (9) میٹنگز منعقد ہوئیں ۔ شرکاء کی حاضری درج ذیل ہے:

میننگز کی تعداد				
منظورشده رخصت	حاضری	مطلوبه حاضري	منعقده میثنگز	ال
-	9	9	9	ا۔مزراقمر بیگ (چیئر مین )
-	9	9	9	۲_جناب نیم بیگ
-	9	9	9	٣- جناب احمد جهانگير
-	9	9	9	۴- جناب کاشف الے حبیب
-	9	9	9	۵۔سیّدساویل میکالحُسین

ا پنی مجموعی ذمہ داری قائم رکھتے ہوئے انٹرنل کنٹرولز کے نظام کے نظام کے نظام کے نظام کے انٹرنل کنٹرولز کا نظام گورنینس کی واضح ساخت، اختیارات کی حدود اور احتسابات، واضح پالیسیوں اور طریقوں پر مشتمل ہے۔ کمپنی کی مالیاتی کارکردگی، مالیاتی اور آپریٹنگ تخیینہ، کاروباری اور ترقیاتی منصوبوں، کمپیٹل اخراجات کی تجاویز، اور کارکردگی کی دیگر کلیدی علامات کا جائزہ لینے کے لیے بورڈ کی سہ ماہانہ بنیا دوں پر اجلاس ہوتا ہے۔ آڈٹ کمپیٹی کو بیرونی اور اندرونی آڈیٹرز سے اندرونی مالیاتی کنٹرولز کے نظام کی رپورٹ موصول ہوتی ہے اور وہ اس کا جائزہ لیتی ہے تاکہ اندرونی کنٹرولز کی مؤثریت کی نگرانی کر سکے۔

30.k جون 2021ء کو کمپنی، کوڈے ریگولیشن نمبر 20 کے مطابق ڈایئر کیٹرزٹریننگ پروگرام کی شرا کط پرتعمیل پیرا ہے۔ ۱. بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز نے 14 ستمبر 2018ء کومنعقدہ 144 ویں اجلاس میں ڈائر کیٹرزرمیونریشن پالیسی (پالیسی ) کومنظور کیا۔ پالیسی کی بنیادی نکات درج ذیل ہیں:

(i) 14 ستمبر 2018ء سے ہرنان ایگزیکٹوڈ ائریکٹر کو بورڈ یا اس کی کمیٹیوں کے اجلاس میں شرکت کے عوض پیچھتو ہزار (75,000)روپے اداکیے جائیں گے؛

(ii) بورڈ کا نائب چیئر مین اضافی ذ مہ داریوں، جن کو کمتی آڈٹ شدہ مالیاتی گوشواروں (نوٹ 32 ملاحظہ فرمایئے) میں ظاہر کیا گیا ہے، کی بدولت کچھ مخصوص مراعات اوراختیارات کا حقدار ہے؛

(iii) کسی بھی ایگزیکٹوڈ ائریکٹر کواضافی خدمات کا معاوضہ ہیں دیا جائے گا۔ تا ہم اگر کوئی نان ایگزیکٹوڈ ائریکٹر کوئی خصوصی خدمات دیتا ہے تو بورڈ اس کا معاوضہ پہلے سے طے کرے گا ، اورمکمل حاضری ( کورَم ) کی عدم موجودگی کی صورت میں کمپنی کے ارکان کے عمومی اجلاس میں طے کیا جائے گا۔

(iv) ایگزیکٹوڈ ائر یکٹر کامعاوضہ ہیومن ریسورس اینڈ رمیوزیشن کمیٹی کی تجویز پر بورڈ طے کرے گا جوا گیزیکٹوڈ ائر یکٹر کے کمپنی میں کر داراوراس کی

ذ مەدار يوں كى بنياد پر ہوگى اوراس كے كمپنى ميں كردار، تجربے اور ذ مەدار يوں كى عكاسى كرتى ہوگى ؛ اور

(V) نان ایگزیشودُ ائریکٹرز کمپنی کی کسی بھی بعدازریٹائر منٹ اسکیم کے تحت نہیں آتے۔

30.m جون 2021ء کوصص یافت کی کاتفصیلی خا کہ کتی ہے؛

n. بورڈ،اس کے ارکان اور کمیٹیوں کی کارکردگی کی جانچ کے لیے ایک رسمی اورمؤثر طریقہ کارنا فذکیا گیا ہے؟

٥. دورانِ سال كميني في متعلقه يار ثيول مي مندرجه ذيل معاملات كيه:

(i) ایم سی بی اسلامک بینک لمیٹڈ کوفرنیچر کی فروخت

متعلقہ یارٹیوں سے مزیدایسے کوئی معاہدات یا انتظامات نہیں کیے گئے ہیں جن کوظا ہر کرنا کمپنیزا یک 2017ء کی دفعہ 208 کے تحت مطلوب ہو۔

### تفصيلات درج ذيل بين:

عہدہ	نام	نمبرشار
نان ایگزیکٹوڈ ائریکٹر	جناب ہارون راشد	.1
نان ایگزیکٹوڈ ائریکٹر	جناب نیم بیگ	.2
نان ایگزیکٹوڈ ائریکٹر	جناب احمد جهانگير	.3
نان ایگزیگوڈ ائریکٹر	جناب كاشف الصحبيب	.4
خودمختار ڈائر یکٹر	سيدساويل ميكالځسين	.5
خودمختار ڈائر یکٹر	مرزاقمربیگ	.6
خودمختار ڈائر یکٹر	محترمه ماوراءعاول خان	.7
ا يگزيکڻوڈ ائريکٹر	جناب محمد ثا قب سليم	.8
	نان ایگزیگوڈ ائریگر نان ایگزیگوڈ ائریگر نان ایگزیگوڈ ائریگر نان ایگزیکٹوڈ ائریکٹر خود مختارڈ ائریکٹر خود مختارڈ ائریکٹر خود مختارڈ ائریکٹر	جناب ہارون راشد جناب ہارون راشد جناب ہی بیگ نان ایگزیکٹوڈ ائریکٹر جناب احمد جہانگیر نان ایگزیکٹوڈ ائریکٹر جناب کاشف اے حبیب نان ایگزیکٹوڈ ائریکٹر سید ساویل میکال کسین خود مختارڈ ائریکٹر مرز اقمر بیگ خود مختارڈ ائریکٹر محتر مہ ماور اء عادل خان خود مختارڈ ائریکٹر

\*ان آرايندار: بيون ريسورس ايندرميوزيش

بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کمپنی کے تمام اہم معاملات کا جائزہ لیتے ہیں بشمول، لیکن یہاں تک محدود نہیں، کمپنی کی حکمتِ عملی کی سمت، سالانہ کاروباری منصوبہ جات اور اہداف، طویل المیعاد سرمایہ کاریوں کے متعلق فیصلے بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کارپوریٹ گورنینس کے اعلیٰ معیار قائم رکھنے کے لیے پُرعزم

بورد آف دائر يكثرزى طرف مصطلع كياجا تاب كه:

a. مالیاتی گوشوارے، کمپنی کےمعاملات کی صورتحال ،اس کی سرگرمیوں کے نتائج ،نقذ کی آمدورفت اورا یکوٹی میں تبدیلیوں کی منصفانہ ء کاسی کرتے ہیں۔

b. كېنى كى درُست بُكس آف اكا وَنش تيار كى گئى بېرى ؛

۵. مالیاتی گوشواروں کی تیاری میں درُست اکا وَ مُنگ پالیسیوں کا با قاعدگی کے ساتھ اطلاق کیا گیا ہے اور اکا وَ مُنگ تخمینے معقول اور مختاط اندازوں پر مبنی ہیں ؛
 ۵. مالیاتی گوشواروں کی تیاری میں بین الاقوامی مالیاتی رپورٹنگ کے معیارات کی تعمیل کی گئی ہے اور ان سے کسی بھی انحراف کو خاطر خواہ حد تک ظاہر اور واضح کیا گیا ہے ؛

انٹرنل کنٹرول کا نظام مستحکم خطوط پر استوار اورمؤٹر انداز میں نافذ کیا گیا ہے اور اس کی مؤٹر نگرانی کی جاتی ہے، اور اسے مزید بہتر بنانے کی کوششیں جاری ہیں ؟

f. فنڈ کے کاروبار جاری رکھنے کی صلاحیت میں کسی قشم کے کوئی شبہات نہیں ہیں ؟

g. اسٹنگ ریگیولیشنز میں واضح کردہ کار پوریٹ گورنینس کی بہترین روایات سے کوئی قابلِ ذکرانحراف نہیں ہواہے ؟

h. کمپنی کے کام کاج اور مالیات ہے متعلق گزشتہ 6 برسول کے کلیدی اعداد وشار اختصار کے ساتھ ملحق ہیں ؛

i. واجبُ الا داء نیکس، قانونی چار جز اور ڈیوٹیز (محصولات اور چنگی وغیرہ) کو (اگر کوئی ہیں تو) آ ڈٹ شدہ مالیاتی گوشواروں میں مکمل طور پر ظاہر کیا گیا ہے۔ تفصیلات کے لیےنوٹ 19.1، 19.2 اور 20 ملاحظہ کیجیے۔

j. سمپنی کے انٹرنل کنٹرول (اندرونی معاملات کی نگرانی ) کے نظام اوراس کی مؤثریت کا جائزہ لینے کی حتمی ذمہداری بورڈ آف دائر کیٹرز کی ہے۔ بورڈ نے

## ا ثاثه جاتی انتظام کی درجه بندی

الممدللة اكتوبر 2020ء میں تمپنی نے اثاثہ جاتی انتظام کی بلندترین AM1 درجہ بندی حاصل کی۔اس درجہ بندی سے تمپنی کے صفِ اوّل کے اثاثہ جاتی فتظمین اوراثا شدجاتی انتظام کی تمپنیوں میں شار ہونے کی عکاسی ہوتی ہے جہاں نگر انی کا کڑا ماحول ،سر مابیکاری کی منظم حکمتِ عملی اورعمہ وانتظامی ڈھانچہ قائم ہے۔ اور اہل انتظامی ٹیم سرگرم عمل ہے۔

تمپنی کے زیر انتظام اجتماعی سرمایہ کاری کی اسکیموں کے استحکام کی درجہ بندیاں درج ذیل ہے:

	30 جون 2020ء	30 جون 2021ء	
درجہ بندی کرنے والی ایجنسی	استحکام کی درجہ بندی		
پاکرا	AA + (f)	AA + (f)	پاکستان کیش مینجمنٹ فنڈ
پاکرا	A + (f)	A + (f)	پا کستان انکم فنڈ
پاکرا	AA - (f)	AA - (f)	ایم می بی پاکستان Sovereign فنڈ
پاکرا	A + (f)	A + (f)	پاکستان انکم انهینسمنٹ فنڈ
پاکرا	AA - (f)	AA - (f)	ایم سی بی ڈی سی ایف انکم فنڈ
پاکرا	AA + (f)	AA + (f)	ایم سی بی کیش مینجمنٹ آپٹیمائزر
پاکرا	AA - (f)	AA - (f)	الحمراء اسلامك أنكم فنثر
پاکرا	AA - (f)	AA - (f)	الحمراء ڈیلی ڈیویڈ نڈ فنڈ
پاکرا	AA (f)	AA (f)	الحمراءاسلا مك مني ماركيث فنڈ

میوچل فنڈ زایسوی ایش آف پاکستان (MUFAP) میوچل فنڈ زکی کارکردگی کومنا فعوں کی بنیاد پر جانچ رہا ہے۔ایم می بی اےا پچ نے اپنی ایکوٹی پر مبنی اجتما ئی سر مابیکاری اسکیموں کے لیے MUFAP کی کارکردگی کی درجہ ہندی حاصل کی ہے۔

### ہولڈنگ سمپنی

ایم ہی بی عارف حبیب سیونگز اینڈ انویسٹمنٹس لمیٹڈ کی parent سمپنی ایم ہی بینک لمیٹڈ ہے جو کمپنی کے 51.33 فیصد واجب الا داءِ عمومی حصص کی حامل ہے۔

## كار بوريث گورنينس

بورڈ آٹھ (8)ارکان بشمول چیف ایگزیکٹوآفیسر (سیای او) پرمشتل ہےاوراس میں صنف اورعلم کامتنوّع امتزاج موجود ہے۔ بورڈ میں 1 خاتون اور 7 حضرات ڈائر یکٹرزشامل ہیں جومندرجہذیل زمروں میں مختص ہیں:

4 نان ایگزیکٹوڈ ائریکٹرز؛

3 خودمختار ڈائر یکٹرز ؛اور

1 ایگزیکٹوڈ ائریکٹر

# ڈائر یکٹرزر پورٹ

## بنيادى خطرات اورغير يقينى عناصر

ا ثاثہ جات تحت الانتظامیہ (اے بوایم) نے ، جوا ثاثہ جاتی انتظام کی صنعت میں شہرگ کی حیثیت رکھتی ہے ، مالی سال 2021ء میں اُمید افزاتر قی کا مظاہرہ کیا اور 1 ٹریلین روپے سے سبقت لے گئے۔ اس کا تعلق کووڈ 19 کے باعث کارپوریٹ اداروں کے کاروباری خطرات سے احتراز کے ساتھ ساتھ اثاثہ جاتی انتظام کی کمپنیوں کی جانب سے پیدا کردہ آگا ہی سے ہے۔ کارپوریٹ سیٹر چونکہ مالیاتی اعتبار سے آگا ہی کا حامل شعبہ ہے اس لیے عوام الناس کی بینیوں کی جانب زیادہ مائل ہے۔ بھرپور مسابقت والی اس صنعت کی طرف لوگوں کو مائل کرنے کے لئے اثاثہ جاتی انتظام کی کمپنیوں (اے ایم ہی ) نے زیادہ آن لائن اور موبائل پر بنی حل متعارف کرانے کا سلسلہ جاری رکھا۔ تا ہم اس نوعیت کی انٹرنیٹ پر بنی خدمات میں ہینگ اور سائبر حملوں کا خطرہ رہتا ہے۔ ان اقدامات کوشروع کرنے اور چلانے میں خطیر لاگت آتی ہے ، جبکہ بھرپور منافع کی مانگ کے باعث مینجہ نٹ ہونے کا سلسلہ بدستور قائم ہے۔ اخراجات پورے کرنے اور منافع بخش ہونے کا سلسلہ بدستور قائم ہے۔ اخراجات پورے کرنے اور منافع بخش ہونے کا صلسلہ بدستور قائم ہے۔ اخراجات پورے کرنے اور منافع بخش ہونے کا صلسلہ بدستور قائم ہے۔ اخراجات پورے کرنے اور منافع بخش ہونے کا صلسلہ بدستور قائم ہے۔ اخراجات پورے کرنے اور منافع بخش ہونے کا صلسلہ بدستور قائم ہے۔ اخراجات پورے کرنے اور منافع بخش ہونے کا صلسلہ بدستور قائم ہے۔ افراجات پورے کرنے اور منافع بخش ہونے کا سلسلہ بدستور قائم ہے۔ اخراجات پورے کرنے اور منافع بخش ہونے کا سلسلہ بدستور قائم ہے۔ اخراجات پورے کرنے اور منافع بخش ہونے کا سلسلہ بدستور قائم ہے۔ افراجات پورے کرنے اور منافع بخش ہونے کے سلسلہ بدستور قائم ہونے کا سلسلہ بدستور قائم ہونے کے سلسلہ بدستور قائم ہونے کی میں اضافہ ہے۔

حکومت Know Your Customer (کے وائے سی) کی شرائط سے متعلق مسائل کے حوالے سے مختاط ہوگئ ہے تا کہ اپنٹی منی لانڈرنگ (اے ایم ایل) یعنی غیر قانونی طور پر ملک سے باہر پیسہ بھیجنے کے خلاف مہم ،اور کے مبیٹنگ دی فائناننگ آف ٹیریرزم (سی ایف ٹی) یعنی دہشت گردی کے لئے رقم کی فراہمی کے خلاف مہم کو آ گے بڑھا یا جا سکے۔اس سے اے ایم سی پر بھاری ذمہ داری آتی ہے کہ کسٹمرڈ یو ڈلیسجنس (سی ڈی ڈی) یعنی مصارفین کے حوالے سے دانشمندانہ طرزعمل پر محتاط انداز میں عمل کریں کیونکہ ان قواعد وضوابط کی خلاف ورزی پر بھاری جرمانے عائد ہو سکتے ہیں۔ چنا نچہ اے ایم سی کے لئے قانونی خطرات میں اضافہ ہوجاتا ہے ، اورایم سی بی اے ایکی اے ایکین ضروری شرائط کی فٹیل کو یقینی بنانے کے لیے پُرعزم

مالی سال 2021ء میں کو وڈ 19 کے کالے بادلوں کا معیشت پر چھائے رہنے کا سلسلہ جاری رہا۔ تا ہم حکومت کی اسارٹ لاک ڈاؤن پالیسی مختلف معاشی سنعبوں کے لیے سبسٹر پر اور مالی معاونت کے دیگر حکومت کی بھرات، اور عطیات شعبوں کے لیے سبسٹر پر اور مالی معاونت کے دیگر حکومت کی ہولت، اور عطیات فراہم کرنے والی مختلف بین الاقوامی ایجنسیوں اور دوست مما لک کی جانب سے عطیات سے مطلوبہ مالیاتی معاونت فراہم ہوگئ۔ بہر حال، کو وڈ 19 سے مقامی اور بین الاقوامی سطحوں پر پیدا ہونے والی معاشی افر اتفری کو قرار پکڑنے میں ابھی کچھوفت لگے گا۔
مزید براں، کمپنی کے کاروبار کی نوعیت میں دوران مالی سال کوئی غیر معمولی تبدیلی نہیں ہوئی ہے۔

### کار بوریٹ ساجی ذمہداری اور ماحول پراٹر

کمپنی مسلسل بنیاد پرتر قی پذیر تبدیلی اور تحفظ پبندی، اور صارفین سے ڈیجیٹل طور پر منسلک رہنے پریقین رکھتی ہے۔ چنانچہ iSave آن لائن پورٹل ہمیشہ توجہ کا مرکز رہا ہے۔ مزید برال، کووڈ 19 کے تناظر میں ملاز مین کی حفاظت اوّلین ترجیح رہی ہے۔ تمام ملاز مین کو گھرسے بآسانی کام کرنے کے لیے مطلوبہ وسائل فراہم کیے گئے تھے اور ساتھ ساتھ صارفین کومؤثر خدمات کی فراہمی کو بھی یقینی بنایا گیا تھا۔ اس سے ظاہر ہوتا ہے کہ کمپنی اپنے ملاز مین اور صارفین ، دونوں کی فلاح کے لیے سرگرم عمل ہے۔

# ڈائر یکٹرزر پورٹ

## سمپنی کی کارکردگی کا جائزہ

مارچ 2020ء میں کووڈ 19 نے ظہور کے بعداس کے اثرات مالی سال 21-2020ء میں بھی جاری رہے، اور یہ سال رکاوٹوں، حالات کے مطابق وطنے، اور بحالی کا سال تھا۔ کووڈ 19 وباء در حقیقت دُنیا کو re-set mode یعنی آغازِنو کے راستے پر لے گئی جہاں زندگی کا مفہوم نور قم ہوا۔ اس مشکل صور تحالی کا سال تھا۔ کووڈ 19 وباء در حقیقت دُنیا کو سالین کومؤ ثر اور صور تحال سے نبر دآ زما ہونے کے لیے ایم ہی بی اے ایک نے بھی اپنی حکمتِ عملی میں ترمیم کی۔ iSave نے سارفین کی منتقلی کرنے کے قابل ہوئی، اور اپنے بلار کا وٹ خدمت فرا ہم کرے۔ iSave کی بدولت کمپنی با سانی ترسیل کے متبادل ذرائع کی طرف اپنے صارفین کی منتقلی کرنے کے قابل ہوئی، اور اپنے جت الانتظامیہ (اے یوایم) میں کئی گنا اضافہ کرنے میں کا میاب ہوئی۔

مالی سال 21-2020ء کا شار کمپنی کے بے حدکا میاب برسوں میں ہوتا ہے۔ کمپنی نے معاثی بحالی سے فائدہ اُٹھایا اور نقذیت میں اضافہ کیا جس کے بیتے میں دورانِ سال کمپنی نے قابل ذکر ترقی کا مظاہرہ کیا اے بوائیم میں بھر پورترقی ہوئی اور اس میں سب سے زیادہ کر دار منی مارکیٹ فنڈ زکا تھا۔ جس کے نتیج میں دورانِ سال کمپنی نے قابل ذکر ترقی کا مظاہرہ کیا اور اے بوائیم میں 47.6 بلین روپے مالیت کے اے بوائیم کمپنی کے زیر انتظام سے جبکہ اس کے بالمقابل 30 جون 2020ء کو اے بوائیم کی مالیت 109.3 بلین روپے تھی۔ اے بوائیم میں کہتری قائد زمین مارکیٹ فنڈ زمین اضافہ اور اس کے ساتھ اسٹاک مارکیٹ میں مضبوط بحالی کی بدولت ایکوٹی اور اس سے منسلک اے بوائیم میں بہتری آئی ، اور اس کے نتیج میں انتظامی فیس اور اس کے مقابلے میں 28.1 میں کی مشاورت کی فیس کی مد میں کمپنی نے 25 ملکین روپے حاصل کیے ، جو سال گزشتہ کی سطح 673.9 ملین روپے کے مقابلے میں 78.1 ملکین روپے اضافہ ہے۔

علاوہ ازیں، دورانِ سال فنڈ کے متحر ک انتظام کی بدولت کمپنی نے اپنی سر مایہ کاری اوراضا فی رقوم کی placement پر 189.6 ملئین روپے آمدنی حاصل کی ، جومماثل سال میں 129.9 ملئین روپے تھی۔

اے بوایم میں اضافہ اور اس کے ساتھ فنڈ کے متح ک انظام کی بدولت کمپنی کا منافع بعد از ٹیکس 376.4ملیّن روپے تھا، جبکہ گزشتہ سال 257.7ملیّن روپے تھا۔

موجوده مالى سال منحتتمه 30 جون 2021ء كى آمدنى فى شيئر 5.23 روپے تھى، جو گزشته مالى سال منحتتمه 30 جون 2020 ء كو 3.58 روپے تھى۔

بورڈ کی طرف سے مجوّزہ حتی ڈیویڈنڈ برائے سال مختتمہ 30 جون 2021ء 27.5 فیصد (2.75 روپے فی شیئر) ہے، جبکہ گزشتہ سال مختتمہ 30 جون 2020ء کے لیے 22.5 فیصد (2.25 روپے فی شیئر) تھا۔ یہ عبوری ڈیویڈنڈ 22.5 فیصد (2.25 روپے فی شیئر) کے علاوہ ہے۔ جبکہ 30 جون 2020ء کو عبوری ڈیویڈنڈ 10 فیصد (1 روپے فی شیئر) تھا

کمپنی کے بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز کی مجموعی طور پر ذمہ داری ہے کہ اس بات کو یقینی بنائیس کہ ادارے کے اندرونی مالیاتی کنٹرولز کا نظام مطلوبہ ضروریات کے مطابق ہے اورمؤ ثرانداز میں نافذ العمل ہے۔

سال مُختتمه 30 جون 2021ء کے آڈٹ شدہ مالیاتی گوشواروں کے مطابق پینشن فنڈ زمیں ایمپلائیز کی سرمایے کاری کی مالیت 64.4 ملین روپے ہے (53 ملین روپے برائے سال مُختتمه 30 جون 2020ء)۔ لیے رقم مہیا کرنے کی کم لاگت اسکیمیں، اور بجلی کی محصولات میں مزید اضافے سے احتر از شامل ہیں۔ پبلک سیٹر میں رقوم کی فراہمی پر ہو جھ میں کمی کے حالیہ حکومتی اقدامات کے باوجود پبلک سیٹر کے ادارے اور خاص طور پر توانائی کا شعبہ تا حال آئی ایم ایف مذاکرات میں ایک تلخ مسئلہ اور حکومت کے لیے ایک بڑا چیلنج بنا ہوا ہے۔ ادائیگی کے توازن کے اکاؤنٹ میں تیزی سے ہونے والا بگاڑ حکومت کو آئی ایم ایف پالیسی کے ڈھانچے کے سامنے ہتھیار ڈالنے پر مجبور کرسکتا ہے جس کے نتیجے میں معاشی ترقی کی رفتار میں تبدیلی آسکتی ہے۔

کیپیل مارکیٹ کے نقطہ نظر سے، خصوصًا ایوٹیز کے تناظر میں ، بازار کووڈ کی چوتھی لہر کے حوالے سے گہری نظر دکھے ہوئے ہیں جس سے ملاتے قریب میں خطرات لاحق ہیں۔ ترقی کی رفتار جاری رہنے کے تناظر میں ایکوٹیز سرمایہ کاروں کواچھا منافع وینے کی استعداد کی حامل ہے۔ دس سالہ بانڈ زسے متعلق خطرات کے پر سمینئم فی الوقت 3.6 فیصد پر ہیں ، اور قدیم اوسط 1.3 فیصد کے ساتھ تقابل سے پتہ چلتا ہے کہ شرح کے دوبارہ تعیّن کی بدولت کچھ فائدہ ممکن ہے۔ آمد نیوں میں اضافہ اگلے کچھ برسوں کے لیے کلیدی محوّ کے ہوگا۔ چنانچہ ایکوٹی مارکیٹ سے مضبوط تر منافع جات جاری رہنے کی توقع کی جاسکتی ہے۔ حال ہی میں پاکستان اسٹاک ایکچینے کی درجہ بندی کی ایم ایس ہی آئی (مورگن اسٹینلی کیپیٹل انٹرنیشنل) اِمر جنگ مارکیٹ انڈ کیس سے ایم ایس ہی آئی فو نشیئو مارکیٹ انڈ کیس میں تبدیلی سے متعلق اعلان معمولی حد تک مثبت رہے گا، چنانچہ مقامی سرمایہ کار ممکن طور پر بازار کی رفتار میں کر دارا دا

قرض حاملین کے لیے ہم تو قع کرتے ہیں کہ بازارِزر کے فنڈ سال بھر بلار کاوٹ پالیسی شرحوں کی عکاسی جاری رکھیں گے۔ دوسری جانب حکومتی بانڈ زمتو قع پیداواری خم میں شامل ہو چکے ہیں۔ہم بانڈ ز کے منافعوں کی موجودہ سطحوں کے حوالے سے متاط ہیں اور ڈیٹا کے نکات کی نگرانی جاری رکھیں گے تا کہ مواقع سے فائدہ اُٹھا یا جا سکے۔

### ميوچل فنڈ صنعت کا حائزہ

اوپن end میوچل فنڈ صنعت کے net ثافہ جات اِس مالی سال میں تقریباً 37.2 فیصد بڑھ کر 1,018 بلین روپے ہو گئے۔ منی مارکیٹ فنڈ زاور فیسڈ انکم فنڈ ز میں خطیر سرمایہ کاری ہوئی کیونکہ کارپوریٹ نقدیت تیزی سے میوچل فنڈ ز کی جانب بڑھ رہی ہے۔ منی مارکیٹ کے مجموعی فنڈ ز ورانِ مقر تقریباً 48 فیصد بڑھ کر 467 بلین روپے ہوگئے۔ منی مارکیٹ کے دائرہ کارمیں روایتی فنڈ زحاوی رہا ورتقریباً 39 فیصد بڑھ کر 285 بلین روپے ہوگئے۔ بلین روپے ہوگئے۔ ایکوٹی اور متعلقہ فنڈ زمیں دورانِ سال 33 فیصد کا بھر پوراضا فہ ہوا اور وہ 224 بلین روپے سے 299 بلین روپے ہوگئے۔ ایکوٹی اور متعلقہ فنڈ زکے اثاثہ جات میں اضافے کا بڑا سبب سرمایہ کاروں کے مثبت جذبات کی بدولت مارکیٹ میں 38 فیصد سال در سال (۲۵۷) ترتی کو قرار دیا جا سکتا ہے۔

شعبہ جاتی جھے کے اعتبار سے مالی سال کے اختتام پر منی مارکیٹ فنڈ زتقریباً 46 فیصد جھے کے ساتھ سب سے آگے تھے، جبکہ ایکوٹی اور متعلقہ فنڈ زتقریباً 30 فیصد، اور انکم فنڈ زتقریباً 24 فیصد کے حامل تھے۔

## میوچل فنڈ صنعت کے مستقبل کا منظر

سود کی شرحوں میں اب تک کی سب سے زیادہ کمی کی بدولت خطرات کے حامل اثاثہ جات میں اعتماد بحال ہوا ہے۔ہم امید کرتے ہیں کہ ایکوٹی اور متعلقہ فنڈ ز کے شعبے میں نفذیت کی صورتحال بہتر ہوگا۔ تاہم نفذیت کی پائیداری کا انحصارات بات پر ہوگا کہ معیشت اِس وباء کے مرحلے سے کس طرح گزرتی ہے۔ہمارے آپریشنز بلار کاوٹ جاری رہے،اور ڈیجیٹل رسائی اور آن لائن سہولیات میں بھر پورسر مایہ کاری کے نتیجے میں ہمیں جوسبقت حاصل ہے اس کی بدولت ہم آن لائن دستیاب سر مایہ کاروں کی بڑھتی ہوئی تعداد سے استفادہ کر سکے۔

معیشت کے ستیکم ہونے کے آغاز کے ساتھ ٹیکس وصولی بھی بہتر ہوئی اور اس میں دورانِ مالی سال 18 فیصد اضافہ ہوا جونظر ثانی شدہ ہدف سے 30 ہلین روپے زیادہ تھا۔ ابتدائی نو ماہ کا مالیاتی خسارہ جی ڈی پی کا 3.6 فیصد تھا جبد سال گزشتہ جی ڈی پی کا 3.8 فیصد تھا۔ بنیادی توازن جی ڈی پی کا 1.0 فیصد تھا۔ کے 1.0 فیصد زائد کے ساتھ مزید بہتر رہا جبد سال گزشتہ جی ڈی پی کا 0.4 فیصد تھا۔

افراطِ زرمیں اضافے کے رجحان کے سبب پیداواری خم بلندی کی طرف جانا شروع ہو گیا۔ دورانِ مدّت تین ، پانچ اور دس سالہ بانڈ زمیں بالتر تیب 146 ، 138 اور 125 بیسِس پوائنٹس (بی بی ایس) کا اضافہ ہوا۔

### ا يكوڤي ماركيث كا جائزه

کرا چی اسٹاک ایجیجنے - 100 انڈیکس نے مالی سال 2021ء کے لیے 38 فیصد منافع پوسٹ کیا اور اختتا م سال پر 12,934 پوئٹش کا اضافہ عاصل کرکے 47,356 پوئٹش پر پہنچ گیا۔ یہ مالی سال 2014ء سے لے کراب تک کا بلندترین منافع تھا جب انڈیکس نے دور ان سال 41 فیصد منافع حاصل کیا۔ دور ان سال کو وڈی دوسری لہر (اکوبر 2020ء) اور تیسری لہر (فروری 2021ء) کے ظہور نوا ور ترنب اختلاف کی ریلیوں اور سینیٹ کے انتخابات کے باعث پیدا ہونے والی سیاسی بدائن کے باعث بازار کی لچک متاثر ہوئی۔ البتہ متوقع سے مضبوط تر معاثی بحالی اور مرکزی بینک کے انتخابات کے باعث پیدا ہونے والی سیاسی بدائن کے باعث بازار کی بینک کے انتخابات کے باعث پیدا ہونے والی سیاسی بدائن کے باعث بازار کی بینک کے انتخابات کے باعث پیدا ہونے والی سیاسی بدائن کی جانب سے گھر کے لیے رقم کی لاز می فراہی ) کی بدولت بازار کی مثبت رفتا رجاری رہی۔ انڈیکس میں اہم مثبت کردار اداکر نے والے شعبے بینکا اور 386 فیصد )، بینک ( 36 فیصد ) اور سیمنٹ ( 77 فیصد ) رہے، جبکہ خام تیل کی قیمتوں میں انڈیکس میں اہم مثبت کردار اداکر نے والے شعبے بینکا اور 30 فیصد منافع کے ساتھ ست روی کا شکار رہا۔ بازار میس نفذیت کی صورتحال سال بھر ٹھکے گھاک رہا۔ بازار میس نفذیت کی صورتحال سال بھر ٹھکے گھاک رہی وادو سط قیمت بھر 18 فیصد منافع کے ساتھ ست روی کا شکار رہا۔ بازار میس نفذیت کی صورتحال سیکر ٹھک کے مساتھ ست روی کا شکار کیا۔ بازار میس نفذیت کی صورتحال سیکر ٹوئٹ کے ور سے میں فروخت کا کر ترجم افراد اور کمینیوں کی جانب سے گی گئی فروخت، بالتر تیب 332 ملکین ڈالر کی خالص ہوئی جبکہ سال گزشتہ 285 ملکین ڈالر ور 28 ملکین ڈالر اور 28 ملکین ڈالر اور 28 ملکین ڈالر ور کیاں ٹروخت کا اگر ڈوئت کا اگر وران کیاں بی خور رہاد ہوں کیاں ہو گیا۔

## معيشت اور بإزار - مستقبل كامنظر

سہل مالیاتی پالیسیوں کے سبب آنے والے سال میں ترقی کی رفتار جاری رہنے کا امکان ہے۔ وسیع تر معیشت قبل از کو وڈسطوں کے قریب چلتی ہوئی نظر آرہی ہے جس کی پیائش ایل ایس ایم میں ترقی، سیمنٹ کی فروخت ، گاڑیوں کی فروخت وغیرہ سے ہوتی ہے۔ہم امید کرتے ہیں کہ جی ڈی پی میں مالی سال 2022ء میں مزید ترقی ہوگی کیکن حکومتی ہدف 4.8 فیصد سے پچھ کم رہے گی۔اشیاء کی قیمتوں میں حالیہ اضافے نے مالیاتی اور خارجی، دونوں اکا وَمُنٹس کے لیے مشکلات پیدا کی ہیں۔مالیاتی جہت میں آمدنی اور ترقیاتی اخراجات کے اہداف کا پوراہونا بہت مشکل ہے۔

درآمدات کی رفتار میں بحالی سے کرنٹ اکاؤنٹ خسارہ جی ڈی پی کے تقریباً 2.8 فیصد پہنچ جانے کی امید ہے جس کے باعث اختتام سال تک زرِمُبادلہ کی شرح کمزور ہو کرتقریباً 170 ڈالر ہونے کا امکان ہے۔اشیاء کی قیمتیں اور کمزور تر روپیہ بھی اوسط افراطِ زرکو برقر ارر کھنے کا سبب بن سکتے ہیں جوتقریباً 8.5 فیصد ہوسکتی ہے۔ چنانچے دورانِ سال آگے چل کر مالیاتی پالیسی میں شختی متوقع ہے اوراختتام سال تک سود کے 9 فیصد تک پہنچ جانے کا امکان ہے۔

آئی ایم ایف پروگرام بظاہر تعطّل کا شکار ہے کیونکہ حکومت کفایت شعاری پر مبنی روایتی آئی ایم ایف اصلاحات پرتر قی پیندانه اقدامات میں توسیع کوتر جے دے رہی ہے تعمیرات اور رہائش کے شعبول میں سرمایہ کاری کے ذریعے برآ مدات میں اضافے اور مقامی طلب کومتحرک کرنے پر توجہ کا ارتکاز حکومت کی ترقی پیندانه حکمتِ عملی کے سنگِ میل ہیں۔اس ضمن میں کلیدی اقدامات میں سازگار ماحول بشمول سود کی مشخکم شرحیں ، رہائش اور مشینوں کی درآ مدات کے

# ڈائر یکٹرزر پورٹ

ایم سی بی عارف حبیب سیونگز اینڈ انویسٹ منٹس لمیٹڈ (ایم سی بی اے ایج ) کے بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز کی جانب سے ایم سی بی اے ایج کے معاملات برائے سال مختتمہ 30 جون 2021ء کی رپورٹ پیش خدمت ہے۔

### بنیادی کاروبار

کمپنی ایک غیر بینکاری مالیاتی ادارہ ہے جوسکیو رٹی اینڈ ایمپینچ کمیشن آف پا کستان کے قانو نی دائر ہ کار کے تحت ا ثاثہ جاتی انتظام کی کمپنی ،سر مایہ کاری مُشیو اور پینشن فنڈ منتظم کے طور پرلائسنس شدہ ہے۔

### كاروباركاماحول

### معيشت اور بإزارِ زركا جائزه

مالی سال 2021ء معاشی کارکردگی کے اعتبار سے مثبت سال ثابت ہوا ہے۔ مجموعی ملکی پیداوار (جی ڈی پی) اس سال کے ہدف (2.1 فیصد) سے سبقت لے گئی اور اس میں 3.94 فیصد ترقی ہوئی۔ اس توقع سے بہتر کارکردگی کے اسباب سود کی نسبتاً کم اور مستحکم شرحیں ، اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان (ایس بی پی) کی معاونتی مالیاتی اسکیم بیس مجموعی ترقی کے لیے معاون ثابت ہونے والی ترسیلات کی مضبوط آمد ہیں۔

ترتی کی رفتارسال بھر تیزرہی جس کی عکاسی مختلف شعبوں کی کارکردگی کے ذریعے ہوتی ہے۔ سینٹ کے شعبے میں مقامی ترسیلات میں متاثر کن بحالی ہوئی اور ان میں سال گزشتہ کے مقابلے میں تقریباً 20 فیصد کا متاثر کن ترقی ہوئی ہوئی جس سے معیشت میں کچک کی عکاسی ہوتی ہے۔ اسی طرح ، پیڑول اور ڈیزل کی طلب میں سال گزشتہ کے مقابلے میں بالتر تیب 12 فیصد اور 16 فیصد اضافہ ہواجس سے معیشت میں وسیع تربحالی کی نشاندہی ہوتی ہے۔ مجموعی طور پر بڑے پیانے پر ہونے والی مینوفین کچرنگ (ایل ایس ایم) کے انڈیکس میں گردشی شعبوں کی بدولت موجودہ مالی سال کے پہلے گیارہ ماہ میں تقریباً 14.6 فیصد ترقی ہوئی ہے۔

خارجی میدان میں مالی سال 2021ء میں کرنٹ اکاؤنٹ کا خسارہ 1.8 بلیکن ڈالر (جی ڈی پی کا 0.6-فیصد) تھا جو گزشتہ سال کے خسارے 4.4 بلیکن ڈالر (جی ڈی پی کے 1.7-فیصد) تھا جو کہ میں کا فیصد بہتری ہے۔اشیاءاور خدمات میں تجارت پر بقایا پر 30 بلیکن ڈالر خسارے (اِس سال تقریباً 23 فیصد نیادہ) کے باوجود کارکنان کی ترسیلات کی مضبوط آمد کے سبب کرنٹ اکاؤنٹ خسارہ معمولی منفی رہا۔ ترسیلات بڑھ کر 29.4 بلیکن ڈالر جو سال گزشتہ کی سطح 23.1 بلیکن ڈالر کے مقابلے میں 27 فیصد اضافہ ہے۔

افراطِ زرحکومت کی دُھتی رگ بنی رہی کیونکہ اشیائے خوردونوش کی بڑھتی ہوئی قیمتوں کے باعث پالیسی سازمشکلات کا شکارر ہے۔ مجموعی افراطِ زرجس کی ترجمانی صار فی قیمت کے انڈیکس (سی پی آئی) سے ہوتی ہے، کا اوسط سالِ گزشتہ سے 9.8 فیصد زیادہ تھا، جبکہ اشیائے خوردونوش کے افراطِ زر کا اوسط دورانِ مندت 13 فیصد تھا۔ رسد کی جہت میں مسائل اور بدانظامی کے باعث جَلد خراب ہوجانے والی اشیائے خوردونوش اور گندم کی قیمتوں میں اضافہ جاری رہا۔ اس کے باوجود بنیادی افراطِ زر،جس کی بیمائش اشیائے خوردونوش اورتوانائی کے علاوہ سے ہوتی ہے، تا ہو میں تھی اوراس کا اوسط برائے مندت منفی رہی گئی مرکزی بینک کووڈ کے باعث طلب کی جہت پر پڑنے والے دباؤاور بہتر خارجی صورتحال کی بدولت پیدا ہونے والی سہولت کے حوالے سے مختاط تھا۔ لیکن مرکزی بینک کووڈ کے باعث طلب کی جہت پر پڑنے والے دباؤاور بہتر خارجی صورتحال کی بدولت پیدا ہونے والی سہولت کے حوالے سے مختاط تھا۔

## PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING AS AT JUNE 30, 2021

Categories of Shareholders	Shareholders	Shares Held	Percentage
Directors and their spouse(s) and minor children			
MR. NASIM BEG	4	49,822	0.07
MR. MUHAMMAD SAQIB SALEEM	1	500	0.00
MIRZA QAMAR BEG	1	500	0.00
MS. MAVRA ADIL KHAN	1	100	0.00
MR. HAROUN RASHID	1	500	0.00
MR. AHMED JAHANGIR	1	500	0.00
MR. MOHAMMAD KASHIF	1	4	0.00
SYED SAVAIL MEEKAL HUSSAIN	1	500	0.00
Associated Companies, undertakings and related parties	3	64,082,935	89.00
NIT and ICP	-	-	-
Banks Development Financial Institutions, Non-Banking Financial Institutions	1	70	0.00
Modarabas and Mutual Funds	1	900,000	1.25
General Public			
a. Local	738	3,837,279	5.33
b. Foreign	1	4	0.00
Foreign Companies	1	2,710,000	3.76
Others	12	417,286	0.58
Totals	768	72,000,000	100.00

Share holders holding 10% or more	Shares Held	Percentage
MCB BANK LIMITED	36,956,768	51.33
ARIF HABIB CORPORATION LIMITED	21,664,167	30.09

## PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING AS AT JUNE 30, 2021

# Of Shareholders	Shareholdii	ngs' Slab	Total Shares Held
256	1 to	100	4,275
111	101 to	500	35,630
181	501 to	1000	118,957
145	1001 to	5000	308,633
26	5001 to	10000	211,323
15	10001 to	15000	185,700
10	15001 to	20000	182,772
4	20001 to	25000	87,438
2	25001 to	30000	58,500
1	30001 to	35000	35,000
1	35001 to	40000	36,000
1	50001 to	55000	52,900
2	55001 to	60000	116,800
1	75001 to	80000	77,880
1	90001 to	95000	92,000
1	135001 to	140000	140,000
1	155001 to	160000	156,000
1	205001 to	210000	208,757
1	255001 to	260000	260,000
1	345001 to	350000	350,000
1	895001 to	900000	900,000
1	1585001 to	1590000	1,588,500
1	2705001 to	2710000	2,710,000
1	5460001 to	5465000	5,462,000
1	21660001 to	21665000	21,664,167
1	36955001 to	36960000	36,956,768
768			72,000,000

# STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH LISTED COMPANIES (CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE) REGULATIONS, 2019

The Company has complied with the requirements of the Regulations in the following manner:

- **1.** The total number of Directors are seven as per the following:
  - (a) Male: 6 (excluding the Chief Executive Officer)
  - (b) Female: 1
- **2.** The composition of Board is as follows:
  - (a) Independent Directors: 3 (including a female director)
  - (b) Other Non-executive Directors: 4
  - (c) Executive Directors (CEO): 1
  - (d) Female Director: 1
- 3. The Directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than seven listed companies, including this Company.
- 4. The Company has prepared a Code of Conduct and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the Company along with its supporting policies and procedures.
- 5. The Board has developed a vision / mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the Company. The Board has ensured that complete record of particulars of significant policies along with their dates of approval or updating is maintained by the Company.
- 6. All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on relevant matters have been taken by Board / Shareholders as empowered by the relevant provisions of the Act and these Regulations.
- 7. The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a director elected by the Board for this purpose. The Board has complied with the requirements of Act and the Regulations with respect to frequency, recording and circulating minutes of meeting of Board.
- **8.** The Board of Directors has a formal policy and transparent procedures for remuneration of Directors in accordance with the Act and these Regulations.
- **9.** Following Directors have obtained Directors' Training Program:

Name of Director	Status	
Mr. Ahmed Jahangir	Non-Executive Director	
Mr. Kashif A. Habib	Non-Executive Director	
Mirza Qamar Beg	Independent Director	
Ms. Mavra Adil Khan	Independent Director	
Mr. Muhammad Saqib Saleem	Chief Executive Officer	

# STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH LISTED COMPANIES (CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE) REGULATIONS, 2019

Mr. Haroun Rashid and Mr. Nasim Beg are exempt from the training requirement by virtue of their education and their experience as the Board of listed companies, as per the requirement.

- 10. The Board has approved appointment of Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit, including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment and complied with relevant requirements of the Regulations.
- **11.** Chief Financial Officer and Chief Executive Officer have duly endorsed the financial statements before approval of the Board.
- 12. The Board has formed Committees comprising of members given below:

### (a) Audit Committee

Name of Director	Status
Mirza Qamar Beg	Chairman
Mr. Nasim Beg	Member
Mr. Ahmed Jahangir	Member
Mr. Kashif A. Habib	Member
Syed Savail Meekal Hussain	Member

### (b) Human Resource and Remuneration Committee

Name of Director	Status
Mirza Qamar Beg	Chairman
Mr. Nasim Beg	Member
Mr. Ahmed Jahangir	Member
Syed Savail Meekal Hussain	Member
Ms. Mavra Adil Khan	Member
Mr. Muhammad Saqib Saleem (CEO)	Member

- **13.** The Terms of Reference of the aforesaid Committees have been formed, documented and advised to the Committee for compliance.
- **14.** The frequency of meetings of the Committees was as per following:
  - (a) Audit Committee: Minimum quarterly meetings of the Audit Committee were held, the details of which are as under:

Sr. No.	Particulars of Meeting	Date of Meetings			
1.	1st meeting of the Committee for the year	August 17, 2020			
2.	2 <sup>nd</sup> meeting of the Committee for the year	August 18, 2020			
3.	3 <sup>rd</sup> meeting of the Committee for the year	October 22, 2020			
4.	4 <sup>th</sup> meeting of the Committee for the year	October 23, 2020			
<b>5</b> .	5 <sup>th</sup> meeting of the Committee for the year	December 24, 2020			
6.	6 <sup>th</sup> meeting of the Committee for the year	February 04, 2021			
7.	7 <sup>th</sup> meeting of the Committee for the year	February 08, 2021			
8.	8 <sup>th</sup> meeting of the Committee for the year	April 14, 2021			
9.	9th meeting of the Committee for the year	April 15, 2021			

# STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH LISTED COMPANIES (CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE) REGULATIONS, 2019

**(b) Human Resource and Remuneration Committee:** The HR&R Committee met on several occasions during the year, the details of which are as under:

Sr. No.	Particulars of Meeting	Date of Meetings
1.	20th meeting of the Committee	July 03, 2020
2.	21st meeting of the Committee	August 17, 2020
3.	22 <sup>nd</sup> meeting of the Committee	November 17, 2020
4.	23 <sup>rd</sup> meeting of the Committee	June 22, 2021

- 15. The Board has set up an effective Internal Audit function, which is considered suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and is conversant with the policies and procedures of the Company.
- 16. The Statutory Auditors of the Company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review program of the ICAP and registered with Audit Oversight Board of Pakistan, that they and all their partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and that they and the partners of the firm involved in the audit are not close relatives (spouses, parent, dependent and non-dependent children) of the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Head of Internal Audit, Company Secretary or Director of the Company.
- 17. The Statutory Auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the Act, these regulations or any other regulatory requirement and the Auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- 18. The Company is following the requirements and regulations laid down in Section 208 of the Companies Act, 2017 except for the definition of "Related Party", compliance of which is dependent on the clarification from the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan. The Company has presented the details of all related party transactions as disclosed in the financial statements before the Audit Committee and upon their recommendation to the Board for review and approval.
- **19.** We confirm that all other requirements of Regulations 3, 6, 7, 8, 27, 32, 33 and 36 of the Regulations have been complied with.



Haroun Rashid
Chairman – Board of Directors
MCB-Arif Habib Savings & Investments Limited

# REVIEW REPORT TO THE MEMBERS STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH LISTED COMPANIES (CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE) REGULATIONS, 2019



KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. Chartered Accountants Sheikh Sultan Trust Building No. 2, Beaumont Road Karachi 75530 Pakistan +92 (21) 35685847, Fax +92 (21) 35685095

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT

To the members of MCB Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited

Review report on the Statement of Compliance contained in Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 ("the Regulations") prepared by the Board of Directors of **MCB Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited** ("the Company") for the year ended 30 June 2021 in accordance with the requirements of regulation 36 of the Regulations.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulations is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Regulations and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Regulations.

As a part of our audit of financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulations require the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval, its related party transactions and also ensure compliance with the requirements of section 208 of the Companies Act, 2017. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee. We have not carried out procedures to assess and determine the Company's process for identification of related parties and that whether the related party transactions were undertaken at arm's length price or not.

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# REVIEW REPORT TO THE MEMBERS STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH LISTED COMPANIES (CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE) REGULATIONS, 2019



KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the requirements contained in the Regulations as applicable to the Company for the year ended 30 June 2021.

Date: 24 September 2021

Karachi

KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. Chartered Accountants

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## **FINANCIAL & BUSINESS HIGHLIGHTS**

		2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Pre tax Margin	%	46	36	27	12	41	49
Net Margin	%	31	25	17	3	31	38
Performance							
Return on assets	%	11	9	6	1	11	16
Return on equity	%	15	13	8	2	17	23
Leverage							
Gearing (T-Debt:Equity)	Times	0.40	0.43	0.43	0.40	0.46	0.48
Interest Coverage Ratio	Times	768.06	472.94	477.53	18.75	40.90	64.12
Liquidity							
Current Ratio	Times	2.38	2.06	2.07	2.15	2.11	1.98
Valuation							
Earnings per share	Rs.	3.32	2.81	1.72	0.34	3.58	5.23
No. of ordinary shares		72	72	72	72	72	72
Historical trend							
Management fee (Rs. in million)		704	664	702	731	674	752
Operating profit [PBIT] (Rs. in million)		349	285	196	81	337	477
Profit before tax (Rs. in million)		350	286	197	85	345	485
Profit after tax (Rs. in million)		239	202	124	24	258	376
Share capital (Rs. in million)		720	720	720	720	720	720
Shareholders equity (Rs. in million)		1,549	1,580	1,568	1,462	1,551	1,603
Total assets (Rs. in million)		2,174	2,264	2,244	2,044	2,266	2,376

#### AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS



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### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of MCB Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### Opinion

We have audited the annexed financial statements of MCB Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2021, and the statement of profit or loss, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 30 June 2021 and of the profit and comprehensive income, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a

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whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Following are the Key audit matters:

S. No.	Key audit matters	How the matter was addressed in our audit
1	Assessing potential impairment of g	oodwill and management rights
	Refer note 4.1.3 and 5.3 to the financial statements for the accounting policy and details of goodwill and management rights respectively.  As mentioned in note 5.3 to the financial statements, carrying value of goodwill and management rights at 30 June 2021 amounted to Rs. 82.1 million and Rs. 192 million respectively. The Company annually tests the carrying values of Goodwill and management rights having indefinite useful lives for impairment.  We identified impairment of goodwill and management rights as a key audit matter because of its significance to the financial statements, involvement of significant degree of judgment and estimation, particularly in forecasting future cash flows, the discount rate applied in calculating the present value of future cash flows and the expected terminal growth rate applied to the cash flows, all of which can be inherently uncertain.	Our audit procedures to test the potential impairment of goodwill and management rights included the following:  Involved our internal valuation specialist to assist in evaluating the appropriateness of assumptions applied to key inputs such as management remuneration, operating costs, discount rate and terminal growth rate, which included comparing these inputs with externally derived data as well as our knowledge of the client and the industry; and  Evaluated the adequacy of the financial statements disclosures, including disclosures of key assumptions, judgments and sensitivities.

### Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's Annual Report for 2021, but does not include the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon.



KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the Other Information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this Other Information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

## Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017(XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.



KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements,
  whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to
  those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a
  basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting
  from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve
  collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of
  internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Board of Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Board of Directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

#### **AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS**



KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co.

From the matters communicated with the Board of Directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business; and
- d) zakat deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980), was deducted by the company and deposited in the Central Zakat Fund established under section 7 of that Ordinance.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Amyn Pirani.

Date: 23 September 2021

Karachi

KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. Chartered Accountants

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2021

	Note	2021	2020
		(Rupe	ees)
ASSETS		•	
Non-current assets	_		
Fixed assets	5	358,789,899	401,747,361
Long-term investments	6	638,596,952	533,563,426
Long-term loans and prepayments	7	14,161,597	7,062,588
Long-term deposits	-	4,994,903	5,289,229
		1,016,543,351	947,662,604
Current assets			
Receivable from related parties	8	543,936,536	537,446,025
Loans and advances	9	2,377,576	4,201,445
Deposits, prepayments and other receivables	10	43,794,004	30,508,123
Accrued mark-up	11	22,487	24,966
Short-term investments	13	685,758,449	661,620,881
Advance tax - net of provisions	14	39,149,452	64,293,766
Cash and bank balances	15	43,929,106	19,814,591
Cash and pank palances	10	1,358,967,610	1,317,909,797
		1,550,507,010	1,517,505,757
Total assets	-	2,375,510,961	2,265,572,401
	=	_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, , , , , , , ,
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Share capital and reserves			
Authorized share capital			
72,000,000 (2020: 72,000,000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each	_	720,000,000	720,000,000
	-		
Issued, subscribed and paid-up share capital	16	720,000,000	720,000,000
Reserves	<u>-</u>	883,129,589	830,695,426
Total equity		1,603,129,589	1,550,695,426
LIABILITIES			
Non-acceptable to the state of			
Non-current liabilities	40 F	67 470 000	EE 000 500
Deferred tax liability - net	18	67,176,622	55,968,562
Lease liability against right-of-use assets	12	18,001,467	33,454,709
Current liabilities			
Unclaimed dividend		4,672,994	4,586,000
Current Portion of lease liability against right-of-use assets	12	32,347,100	27,191,338
Trade and other payables	19	650,183,189	593,676,366
Total liabilities	13	772,381,372	714,876,975
Total Habilities		772,001,072	117,010,010
Total equity and liabilities	-	2,375,510,961	2,265,572,401
··· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	-,,,	,,,
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	20		

The annexed notes 1 to 42 form an integral part of these financial statements.

**Chief Executive Officer** 

**Chief Financial Officer** 

# STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

	Note	2021 (Rupe	2020
Revenue		(itapi	303)
Management fee / investment advisory fee	21	752,077,846	673,851,616
Processing and other related income		52,056,974	31,792,154
Profit on bank deposits under effective interest method	22	1,366,115	3,823,104
Dividend income		19,588,106	9,103,218
Realized gain on sale of investments - net	23	49,793,111	67,277,271
Unrealized gain on re-measurement of			
investments classified as 'financial assets at fair			
value through profit or loss' - net		118,812,729	49,672,898
		993,694,881	835,520,261
Expenses			
Administrative expenses	24	(423,435,342)	(415,166,101)
Selling and distribution expenses	25	(71,651,600)	(64,841,310)
Financial charges	26	(7,443,547)	(8,237,030)
Workers' welfare fund	27	(9,900,000)	(7,000,000)
	•	(512,430,489)	(495,244,441)
	•	481,264,392	340,275,820
Other income	28.1	3,441,389	4,929,289
Other expenses	28.2	, , <u>-</u>	(104,219)
Profit for the year before taxation	•	484,705,781	345,100,890
Taxation	29	(108,271,618)	(87,431,776)
Profit for the year		376,434,163	257,669,113
Earnings per share - basic and diluted	30	5.23	3.58

The annexed notes 1 to 42 form an integral part of these financial statements.

**Chief Executive Officer** 

**Chief Financial Officer** 

# STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note **2021** 2020

(Rupees)

Profit for the year **376,434,163** 257,669,113

Other comprehensive income for the year - -

**376,434,163** 257,669,113

The annexed notes 1 to 42 form an integral part of these financial statements.

**Chief Executive Officer** 

**Chief Financial Officer** 

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

	Issued,		Reser	ves		Total
	subscribed and		Capital		Revenue	
	paid-up capital	Share premium	Deficit arising	Sub-total	Unappropriated	
			on amalgamation		profit	
			(Rupe	es)		
Balance as at 01 July 2019	720,000,000	396,000,000	(60,000,000)	336,000,000	406,226,313	1,462,226,313
Transactions with owners recorded directly in equity						
Final dividend for the year ended 30 June 2019 at						
Rs. 1.35 per share	-	-	-	-	(97,200,000)	(97,200,000)
Interim dividend for the year ended 30 June 2020 at						
Rs. 1 per share	-	-	-	-	(72,000,000)	(72,000,000)
	-	-	-	-	(169,200,000)	(169,200,000)
Total comprehensive income for the year						
Profit after taxation for the year ended 30 June 2020	-	-	-	-	257,669,113	257,669,113
Other comprehensive income for the year ended 30 June 2020						
Totall comprehensive income for the year	-	<u> </u>	-	-	257,669,113	257,669,113
Balance as at 30 June 2020	720,000,000	396,000,000	(60,000,000)	336,000,000	494,695,426	1,550,695,426
Balance as at 01 July 2020	720,000,000	396,000,000	(60,000,000)	336,000,000	494,695,426	1,550,695,426
Transactions with owners recorded directly in equity						
Final dividend for the year ended 30 June 2020 at						
Rs. 2.25 per share	-	-	=	=	(162,000,000)	(162,000,000)
Interim dividend for the year ended 30 June 2021 at						
Rs. 2.25 per share	-	-	-	-	(162,000,000)	(162,000,000)
	-	-	-	-	(324,000,000)	(324,000,000)
Total comprehensive income for the year						
Profit after taxation for the year ended 30 June 2021	-	-	-	-	376,434,163	376,434,163
Other comprehensive income for						
the year ended 30 June 2021 Total comprehensive income for the year	-	<del>-</del>	<u> </u>	-	376,434,163	376,434,163
Balance as at 30 June 2021	720,000,000	396,000,000	(60,000,000)	336,000,000	547,129,589	1,603,129,589

The annexed notes 1 to 42 form an integral part of these financial statements.

**Chief Executive Officer** 

**Chief Financial Officer** 

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

	Note	2021 (Rupee	2020 <b>s)</b>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Profit for the year before taxation		484,705,781	345,100,890
Adjustments for non-cash and other items:			
Depreciation of property and equipment	5.1	19,119,350	34,225,470
Depreciation of right of use assets	5.2	30,937,453	25,298,120
Amortization	5.3	11,779,098	11,980,174
Write off / Impairment on leasehold improvement & furniture and fixtures Financial charges	24 26	4,768,237 7,443,547	4,269,937
Unrealized gain on the re-measurement of investments classified	20	7,443,347	8,237,030
as 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' - net		(118,812,729)	(49,672,898)
Gain on sale of investments - net	23	(49,793,111)	(67,277,271)
Provision against advisory fee receivable	24	(40,700,111)	448,942
(Gain) / loss on disposal of fixed assets - net	28	(2,461,340)	104,219
()		(97,019,495)	(32,386,277)
Operating cash flows before working capital changes		387,686,286	312,714,612
Movement in working capital			
Decrease / (Increase) in current assets			
Loans and advances		1,823,869	5,766,923
Deposits, prepayments and other receivables		(13,285,881)	24,294,456
Accrued mark-up on bank balances		2,479	156,246
Receivable from related parties		(6,490,511) (17,950,044)	(37,792,684) (7,575,059)
Increase / (decrease) in current liabilities		(17,930,044)	(1,313,039)
Unclaimed dividend		86,994	329,062
Trade and other payables		56,506,823	58,178,989
		426,330,059	363,647,605
Income taxes paid		(71,919,244)	(71,662,109)
Financial charges paid		(442,031)	(1,301,942)
		(72,361,275)	(72,964,051)
Net cash flows from operating activities		353,968,784	290,683,553
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Capital expenditure		(13,716,804)	(9,364,152)
Long-term loans and prepayments		(7,099,009)	2,429,556
Long-term deposits		294,326	(802,041)
Proceeds from disposal of fixed assets		9,602,625	1,709,500
Proceeds from the redemption of investments / purchase of investments - net  Net cash flows from investing activities		38,735,316 27,816,454	(91,897,882) (97,925,019)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Dividend paid		(324,000,000)	(168,870,938)
Payment of lease liability against right-of-use assets	12	(33,670,723)	(27,238,622)
Net cash flows from financing activities		(357,670,723)	(196,109,560)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		24,114,515	(3,351,026)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	24	19,814,591	23,165,617
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	31	43,929,106	19,814,591

The annexed notes 1 to 42 form an integral part of these financial statements.

**Chief Executive Officer** 

**Chief Financial Officer** 

#### 1 STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

- 1.1 MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited ("the Company") was incorporated in the name of Arif Habib Investment Management Limited (AHIML) on 30 August 2000 as an unquoted public limited company under the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984. During 2008, AHIML was listed on the Karachi Stock Exchange Limited (now integrated into the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited) by way of offer for sale of shares by a few of its existing shareholders to the general public. In the same financial year, the name of AHIML was changed from "Arif Habib Investment Management Limited" to "Arif Habib Investments Limited" (AHIL). On 19 January 2011, a transfer agreement was signed between Arif Habib Corporation Limited (AHCL) [the then parent of AHIL] and MCB Bank Limited (MCB Bank) [the then parent of MCB Asset Management Company Limited (MCB AMC)] for transfer of the entire business of MCB AMC to AHIL to achieve synergies in business and to access a wider distribution network. The scheme of amalgamation ("the Scheme") was approved by the shareholders of AHIL and MCB AMC in their respective extraordinary general meetings held on 21 May 2011. The Scheme was also approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) with the effective date of amalgamation being 27 June 2011 (the effective date). In accordance with the terms contained in the Scheme, the Company became a subsidiary of MCB Bank Limited from the end of the year ended 30 June 2011 which owns 51.33% ordinary shares in the Company till date. Pursuant to the merger of MCB AMC with and into AHIL, the name of AHIL has been changed to MCB Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited, effective from 23 May 2013.
- 1.2 The Company is registered as a Pension Fund Manager under the Voluntary Pension System Rules, 2005, as an Asset Management Company and an Investment Advisor under the Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003.
- 1.3 The registered office of the Company is situated at 2nd Floor, Adamjee House, I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi, Pakistan. The Company operates 16 (2020: 16) branches inside Pakistan.
- 1.4 The Company was assigned an Asset Manager rating of AM1 by Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited (PACRA). The rating was determined by PACRA on 6 October 2020. Currently, the Company is managing the following funds under its management:

	Net assets value as at	
	2021	2020
	(Rupees in million)	
Open-end Collective Investment Schemes (CISs)		
Pakistan Income Fund	9,595	2,076
MCB Pakistan Stock Market Fund	12,397	8,804
MCB Pakistan Sovereign Fund	738	1,816
Pakistan Capital Market Fund	467	415
Pakistan Cash Management Fund	3,119	3,693
Pakistan Income Enhancement Fund	630	707
MCB Pakistan Asset Allocation Fund	912	1,299
MCB DCF Income Fund	3,646	4,033
MCB Cash Management Optimizer	34,030	28,106
Alhamra Islamic Money Market Fund (Formerly: MCB Pakistan Frequent Payout Fund)	15,258	152
Alhamra Islamic Asset Allocation Fund	2,335	1,964
Alhamra Islamic Stock Fund	3,410	2,656
Alhamra Islamic Income Fund	5,575	4,442
Alhamra Islamic Active Asset Allocation Fund Plan - I	-	341
Alhamra Islamic Active Asset Allocation Fund Plan - II	-	177
Alhamra Daily Dividend Fund	2,279	3,237
Alhamra Smart Portfolio Fund	123	-
Pension Funds		
Pakistan Pension Fund	1,933	1,723
Alhamra Islamic Pension Fund	1,354	1,058
Discretionary portfolio	57,014	42,550

The Company is also managing investments under discretionary and non discretionary portfolio management agreements, details of which are given below:

Number of clients	37	36
Total portfolio at cost (Rs. in millions)	46,869	36,853
Total portfolio at market value (Rs. in millions)	47,074	35,426
Fee earned (Rupees in million)	47	33

1.5 In accordance with the requirements of Rule 9 of the Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003, the Company has obtained insurance coverage from Jubilee General Insurance Company Limited against any loss that may be incurred as a result of employees' fraud or gross negligence. The insurance company has been assigned a credit rating of AA+ by the Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited (PACRA).

#### 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

#### 2.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017;
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 along with part VIIIA of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984; and
- Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulations) Rules, 2003 (the NBFC Rules), Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 (the NBFC Regulations).

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017, part VIIIA of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984, the NBFC Rules and the NBFC Regulations differ from the IFRS, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017, part VIIIA of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984, the NBFC Rules and the NBFC Regulations have been followed.

#### 2.2 Consolidation of mutual funds by the asset management company

SECP through a notification no. SRO 56(1)/2016 dated 28 January 2016, has directed that the requirements of consolidation under section 228 of the Companies Act, 2017 and IFRS 10 "Consolidated Financial Statements" is not applicable in case of investment by companies in mutual funds established under Trust Structure. Accordingly, the aforesaid requirements have not been considered in the preparation of these financial statements.

#### 2.3 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared on the basis of historical cost convention, except that investments are carried at fair values in accordance with the requirement of International Financial Reporting Standard (IFRS) 9, 'Financial Instruments'.

#### 2.4 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Pakistani Rupee, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

### 2.5 Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the accounting and reporting standards, as applicable in Pakistan, requires the management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and the reported amounts of assets. liabilities, income and expenses.

The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgments made by management in the application of the accounting and reporting standards, as applicable in Pakistan, that have the most significant effect on the amount recognized in these financial statements and estimates with a significant risk of material adjustments to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the future years are as follows:

- Property and equipment (Note 4.1.1)
- Intangible assets (Note 4.1.3)
- Right-of-use asset and related liability (Note 4.1.4)
- Classification of investments (Note 4.2.1.1)
- Impairment (Note 4.2.1.3)
- Taxation (Note 4.3)
- Receivables (Note 4.6)
- Provisions (Note 4.10)

## 3 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING STANDARDS, INTERPRETATIONS AND AMENDMENTS TO PUBLISHED APPROVED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

#### a) Standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards that are effective but not relevant

There are certain other new and amended standards, interpretations and amendments that are mandatory for the Company's accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2020 but are considered not to be relevant or do not have any significant effect on the Company's operations and therefore are not detailed in these financial statements.

#### b) Standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards that are not yet effective

The following International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS Standards) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017 and the amendments and interpretations thereto will be effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 01 July 2021:

- Interest Rate Benchmark Reform Phase 2 which amended IFRS 9, IAS 39, IFRS 7, IFRS 4 and IFRS 16 is applicable for annual financial periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021, with earlier application permitted. The amendments introduce a practical expedient to account for modifications of financial assets or financial liabilities if a change results directly from IBOR reform and occurs on an 'economically equivalent' basis. In these cases, changes will be accounted for by updating the effective interest rate. A similar practical expedient will apply under IFRS 16 for lessees when accounting for lease modifications required by IBOR reform. The amendments also allow a series of exemptions from the regular, strict rules around hedge accounting for hedging relationships directly affected by the interest rate benchmark reforms. The amendments apply retrospectively with earlier application permitted. Hedging relationships previously discontinued solely because of changes resulting from the reform will be reinstated if certain conditions are met.
- COVID-19-Related Rent Concessions (Amendment to IFRS 16) the International Accounting Standards Board (the Board) has issued amendments to IFRS 16 (the amendments) to provide practical relief for lessees in accounting for rent concessions. The amendments are effective for periods beginning on or after 1 June 2020, with earlier application permitted. Under the standard's previous requirements, lessees assess whether rent concessions are lease modifications and, if so, apply the specific guidance on accounting for lease modifications. This generally involves remeasuring the lease liability using the revised lease payments and a revised discount rate. In light of the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic, and the fact that many lessees are applying the standard for the first time in their financial statements, the Board has provided an optional practical expedient for lessees. Under the practical expedient, lessees are not required to assess whether eligible rent concessions are lease modifications, and instead are permitted to account for them as if they were not lease modifications.

The practical expedient introduced in the 2020 amendments only applied to rent concessions for which any reduction in lease payments affected payments originally due on or before 30 June 2021. In light of persistence of economic challenges posed by the COVID-19 pandemic, the Board has extended the practical expedient for COVID-19 related rent concessions by one year i.e. permitting lessees to apply it to rent concessions for which any reduction in lease payments affects only payments originally due on or before 30 June 2022.

Rent concessions are eligible for the practical expedient if they occur as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic and if all the following criteria are met:

- the change in lease payments results in revised consideration for the lease that is substantially the same as, or less than, the consideration for the lease immediately preceding the change;
- any reduction in lease payments affects only payments originally due on or before 30 June 2022; and
- there is no substantive change to the other terms and conditions of the lease
- Onerous Contracts Cost of Fulfilling a Contract (Amendments to IAS 37) effective for the annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022 amends IAS 1 by mainly adding paragraphs which clarifies what comprises the cost of fulfilling a contract, Cost of fulfilling a contract is relevant when determining whether a contract is onerous. An entity is required to apply the amendments to contracts for which it has not yet fulfilled all its obligations at the beginning of the annual reporting period in which it first applies the amendments (the date of initial application). Restatement of comparative information is not required, instead the amendments require an entity to recognize the cumulative effect of initially applying the amendments as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings or other component of equity, as appropriate, at the date of initial application.

#### - Annual Improvements to IFRS standards 2018-2020:

The following annual improvements to IFRS Standards 2018-2020 are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022.

- IFRS 9 The amendment clarifies that an entity includes only fees paid or received between the entity (the borrower) and the lender, including fees paid or received by either the entity or the lender on the other's behalf, when it applies the '10 per cent' test in paragraph B3.3.6 of IFRS 9 in assessing whether to derecognize a financial liability.
- IFRS 16 The amendment partially amends Illustrative Example 13 accompanying IFRS 16 by excluding the illustration of reimbursement of leasehold improvements by the lessor. The objective of the amendment is to resolve any potential confusion that might arise in lease incentives.

- IAS 41 The amendment removes the requirement in paragraph 22 of IAS 41 for entities to exclude taxation cash flows when
  measuring the fair value of a biological asset using a present value technique.
- Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use (Amendments to IAS 16) effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022 clarifies that sales proceeds and costs of items produced while bringing an item of property, plant and equipment to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management e.g. when testing etc., are recognized in profit or loss in accordance with applicable Standards. The entity measures the cost of those items applying the measurement requirements of IAS 2. The standard also removes the requirement of deducting the net sales proceeds from cost of testing. An entity shall apply those amendments retrospectively, but only to items of property, plant and equipment that are brought to the location and condition necessary for them to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management on or after the beginning of the earliest period presented in the financial statements in which the entity first applies the amendments. The entity shall recognize the cumulative effect of initially applying the amendments as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings (or other component of equity, as appropriate) at the beginning of that earliest period presented.
- Reference to the Conceptual Framework (Amendments to IFRS 3) Reference to the Conceptual Framework, issued in May 2020, amended paragraphs 11, 14, 21, 22 and 23 of and added paragraphs 21A, 21B, 21C and 23A to IFRS 3. An entity shall apply those amendments to business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning on or after 1 January 2022. Earlier application is permitted if at the same time or earlier an entity also applies all the amendments made by Amendments to References to the Conceptual Framework in IFRS Standards, issued in March 2018
- Classification of liabilities as current or non-current (Amendments to IAS 1) amendments apply retrospectively for the annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023. These amendments in the standards have been added to further clarify when a liability is classified as current. The standard also amends the aspect of classification of liability as non-current by requiring the assessment of the entity's right at the end of the reporting period to defer the settlement of liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. An entity shall apply those amendments retrospectively in accordance with IAS 8.
- Disclosure of Accounting Policies (Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2) the Board has issued amendments on the application of materiality to disclosure of accounting policies and to help companies provide useful accounting policy disclosures. The key amendments to IAS 1 include:
  - requiring companies to disclose their material accounting policies rather than their significant accounting policies;
  - clarifying that accounting policies related to immaterial transactions, other events or conditions are themselves immaterial and as such need not be disclosed; and
  - clarifying that not all accounting policies that relate to material transactions, other events or conditions are themselves material to a company's financial statements.

The Board also amended IFRS Practice Statement 2 to include guidance and two additional examples on the application of materiality to accounting policy disclosures. The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023 with earlier application permitted.

- Definition of Accounting Estimates (Amendments to IAS 8) – The amendments introduce a new definition for accounting estimates clarifying that they are monetary amounts in the financial statements that are subject to measurement uncertainty.

The amendments also clarify the relationship between accounting policies and accounting estimates by specifying that a company develops an accounting estimate to achieve the objective set out by an accounting policy. The amendments are effective for periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023, and will apply prospectively to changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies occurring on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period in which the company applies the amendments.

- Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction (Amendments to IAS 12) The amendments narrow the scope of the initial recognition exemption (IRE) so that it does not apply to transactions that give rise to equal and offsetting temporary differences. As a result, companies will need to recognise a deferred tax asset and a deferred tax liability for temporary differences arising on initial recognition of a lease and a decommissioning provision. For leases and decommissioning liabilities, the associated deferred tax asset and liabilities will need to be recognised from the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented, with any cumulative effect recognised as an adjustment to retained earnings or other components of equity at that date. The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023 with earlier application permitted.
- Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture (Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28)

The amendment amends accounting treatment on loss of control of business or assets. The amendments also introduce new accounting for less frequent transaction that involves neither cost nor full step-up of certain retained interests in assets that are not businesses. The effective date for these changes has been deferred indefinitely until the completion of a broader review.

The above amendments are not likely to have any material effect on the Company's financial statements.

#### 4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all the periods presented in these financial statements, except for the change mentioned in note 4 to these financial statements.

#### 4.1 FIXED ASSETS

#### 4.1.1 Property and equipment

Items of property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Subsequent costs are recognized as separate assets, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the items will flow to the Company and the cost of the items can be measured reliably. All other repair and maintenance costs are charged to statement of profit or loss account as and when incurred.

Depreciation is charged at the rates specified in note 5.1 using the straight line method on all items of property and equipment. Depreciation is charged from the month the asset is available for use while no depreciation is charged in the month of disposal.

The residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed at each reporting period and adjusted, if appropriate, to reflect the current best estimate.

#### 4.1.2 Capital work-in-progress

All expenditure connected with specific assets incurred during installation and construction period are carried under capital work-in-progress. Items included in capital work-in-progress are stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any. These are transferred to the relevant category of property and equipment as and when these become available for use.

#### 4.1.3 Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are initially recognized at cost. Intangible assets acquired in a business combination are recognized at fair values as at the acquisition date.

The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed as either finite or indefinite.

#### 4.1.3.1 Intangible assets with finite useful lives

After initial recognition, an intangible asset with finite useful life is carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Amortization is charged at the rates specified in note 5.2 using the straight line method. Amortization begins from the month the asset is available for use and ceases in the month of disposal. The amortization period and amortization method are reviewed at each financial year-end and are adjusted, if appropriate, to reflect the current best estimate.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amounts or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

#### 4.1.3.2 Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are not amortized, but are tested for impairment annually, either individually or at the cash-generating unit level. After initial recognition, these are stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

#### Goodwill

Goodwill acquired in a business combination is recognized as of the acquisition date at the excess of consideration transferred over the acquisition date fair value of identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. It represents future economic benefits arising from other assets acquired in the business combination that are not individually identified and separately recognized.

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated from the acquisition date to each of the entity's cash-generating units or group of cash-generating units that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination. Each unit or group of units to which goodwill is allocated represents the lowest level within the entity at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes.

#### Management rights

Management rights represent the present value of future cash flows relating to the management fee that would be earned by the Company assuming growth factors, based on the necessary market assumptions, on Assets Under Management (AUMs) acquired by the Company. This benefit also considers the fact that the economic lifetime of these AUMs is unlimited. Based on this assumption, the intangible asset has been valued using certain valuation techniques.

At the time of initial recognition, the fair value of management rights had been determined by the management using the multiple-period excess earnings method. Under this method, the value of a specific intangible asset is estimated from the residual earnings after fair returns on all other assets (if any) employed have been deducted from the asset's after-tax operating earnings.

#### Impairment

Goodwill and management rights impairment reviews are undertaken annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate a potential impairment. The carrying value of cash generating unit to which goodwill and management rights is allocated is compared to the recoverable amount, which is higher of value in use and the fair value less cost to sell. Any impairment is recognized immediately as an expense in the statement of profit or loss account and is not subsequently reversed.

#### 4.1.4 Right-of-use assets and their related lease liability

#### Right of-use assets

On initial recognition, right-of-use assets are measured at an amount equal to initial lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to be incurred to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located.

Right-of-use assets are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses and are adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liability. The remeasurement of lease liability will only occur in cases where the terms of the lease are changed during the lease tenor.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated over their expected useful lives using the straight-line method. Depreciation on additions (new leases) is charged from the month in which the leases are entered into. No depreciation is charged in the month in which the leases mature or are terminated.

Lease liability against right-of-use assets

The lease liabilities are initially measured as the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, or if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Bank's incremental borrowing rate.

The lease liability is subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. The lease liability is also remeasured to reflect any reassessment or change in lease terms. These remeasurements of lease liabilities are recognised as adjustments to the carrying amount of related right-of-use assets after the date of initial recognition.

Each lease payment is allocated between a reduction of the liability and a finance cost. The finance cost is charged to the profit and loss account as markup expense over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

#### 4.2 Financial instruments

#### 4.2.1 Financial assets

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at amortised cost or fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL).

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

All financial assets not classified as measured at amortised cost as described above are measured at FVTPL. On initial recognition, the Company may irrevocably designate a financial asset that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortised cost as at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

#### 4.2.1.1 Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs except for financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in the statement of profit or loss account.

#### 4.2.1.2 Subsequent measurement

The following accounting policies apply to the subsequent measurement of financial assets:

Financial assets at FVTPL

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any profit / markup or dividend income, are recognised in statement of profit or loss

account.

Financial assets at amortised

cost

These assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The amortised cost is reduced by impairment losses. Profit / markup income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss account.

#### 4.2.1.3 Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets at amortised cost

The Company applies simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for all financial assets at amortized costs. When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECLs, the Company considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Company's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward-looking information.

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortised cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets and are present separately in the statement of profit or loss account. The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off when the Company has no reasonable expectations of recovering of a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof.

#### 4.2.2 Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognized at the time when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. These are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently stated at amortized cost.

#### 4.2.3 Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognized at the time when the Company loses control of the contractual rights that comprise the financial assets. Financial liabilities are derecognized at the time when these are extinguished i.e. when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled, or expires. Any gain or loss on derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities is taken to the statement of profit or loss account.

#### 4.3 Taxation

#### Current

Provision for current taxation is based on taxable income at the current rates of taxation after taking into account tax credits and rebates available, if any, and taxes paid under the final tax regime. The charge for the current tax also includes adjustments where necessary, relating to prior years which arise from assessments framed / finalized during the year.

#### Deferred

Deferred taxation is recognized using the balance sheet liability method on all major temporary differences arising between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences. A deferred tax asset is recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on the tax rates that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period.

#### 4.4 Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of the Company's assets are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to determine whether there is any indication of impairment loss. If such an indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated in order to determine the extent of impairment loss, if any. The resulting impairment loss is taken to the statement of profit or loss account except for the impairment loss on revalued assets, which is adjusted against related revaluation surplus to the extent that the impairment loss does not exceed the surplus arising on revaluation of that asset.

#### 4.5 Employee benefits - defined contribution plan

The Company and its employees have been contributing to the Alhamra Islamic Pension Fund or Pakistan Pension Fund at the rate of 8.33% of basic salary on employees' discretion. These pension funds were established under the Voluntary Pension Scheme Rules, 2005 and the Company has been licensed to act as a pension fund manager of these funds. The Company's contribution along with employees' contribution are paid to the above mentioned pension funds.

#### 4.6 Receivables

These are initially measured at the fair value of the consideration receivable. Subsequently, these are valued at amortized cost. These assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. Credit loss is based on the expected credit loss.

#### 4.7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the statement of financial position at cost. These include cash in hand, balances with banks in current and savings accounts and short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash (i.e. in three month) and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

#### 4.8 Trade and other payables

Liabilities for trade and other amounts payable are carried at cost, which is the fair value of consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services whether or not billed to the Company.

#### 4.9 Revenue recognition

#### 4.9.1 Management fee / investment advisory fee

- Remuneration for investment advisory and asset management services are recognized on an accrual basis.
- Performance based remuneration for investment advisory services and management of discretionary portfolio are accrued once the terms of contract are honoured and the Company achieves the performance condition at the end of the period.

#### 4.9.2 Processing fee and other related income

Processing fees is recognized once the services are provided to the unit holders in connection with their investments in collective investment schemes managed by the Company. Commission and related income are recognized on accural basis.

#### 4.9.3 Profit on bank deposits and investments

Profit on bank deposits and on investments are recognized on an accrual basis at effective interest rates. Premium or discount on acquisition of investments is amortized through the statement of profit or loss account over the remaining period till maturity using the effective interest method.

#### 4.9.4 Dividend income

Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive the dividend is established.

#### 4.9.5 Gain / (loss) on sale of investments - net

Gains / (losses) arising on sale of investments are included in the statement of profit or loss account on the date at which the transaction takes place.

#### 4.10 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect current best estimate.

#### 4.11 Offsetting of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are only offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amount and the Company intends to either settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### 4.12 Basic and diluted earnings per share

The Company presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) for its shareholders. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the statement of profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the statement of profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effects of dilutive potential ordinary shares, if any.

#### 4.13 Proposed dividends and transfers between reserves

Dividends declared and transfers between reserves made subsequent to the reporting date are considered as non-adjusting events and are recognized in the financial statements in the period in which such dividends are declared /transfers are made.

#### 4.14 Foreign currency transactions

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing on the dates of transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognized in the statement of profit or loss account.

#### 4.15 Commitments

Commitments are disclosed in the financial statements at committed amounts. Commitments denominated in foreign currencies are expressed in Rupee terms at the rates of exchange prevailing at the reporting date.

#### 4.16 Segment reporting

An operating segment is a component of the Company that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses that relates to transactions with any of the other components of the Company.

The Board of Directors and Chief Executive Officer have been identified as the chief operating decision-makers, who are responsible for allocating resources and assessing the performance of the operating segments. Currently, the Company is functioning as a single operating segment.

#### 4.16.1 Geographical segment

The operations of the Company are currently based only in Pakistan.

5							
	FIXED ASSETS				Note	2021 (Rup	2020
						(Kup	ccs,
	Property and equipment				5.1	25,660,653	45,363,804
	Right-of-use assets				5.2	47,018,584	60,884,879
	Intangible assets				5.3	284,280,323	295,498,678
	Capital work in progress				5. <i>4</i>	1,830,339	401,747,361
						358,789,899	401,747,361
5.1	Property and equipment				021		
		Computers	Office	Furniture and	Leasehold	Vehicles	Total
	Note		equipments	fixtures (Ru	improvements		
	As at 1 July 2020			(Ku	pees)		
	Cost	55,234,935	28,793,272	17,221,864	45,978,793	4,237,270	151,466,134
	Accumulated depreciation	(35,925,068)	(21,960,664)	(9,542,085)	(24,138,932)	(1,328,060)	(92,894,809)
	Accumulated impairment losses	<u> </u>	(561,390)	(3,248,387)	(9,397,744)		(13,207,521)
	Net book value	19,309,867	6,271,218	4,431,392	12,442,117	2,909,210	45,363,804
	Year ended 30 June 2021						
	Opening net book value	19,309,867	6,271,218	4,431,392	12,442,117	2,909,210	45,363,804
	Additions during the year	7,118,523	1,637,661	1,675,844	893,694	-	11,325,722
	Disposals during the year	, .,.	,,	, , .	,,,,,		,,
	Cost	(951,394)	(11,178,668)	(10,715,340)	(13,002,140)	-	(35,847,542)
	Accumulated depreciation	948,407	8,741,313	5,964,183	7,130,213	-	22,784,116
	Accumulated impairment losses		561,390	2,522,470	2,838,280	-	5,922,140
		(2,987)	(1,875,965)	(2,228,687)	(3,033,647)	-	(7,141,286)
	Mita offo during the voor						
	Write offs during the year  Cost				(20,481,412)		(20,481,412)
	Accumulated depreciation	-	-	-	15,713,175	-	15,713,175
	5.1.1	-	-	-	(4,768,237)	- '	(4,768,237)
	Decree sighting for the constant	(0.000.007)	(0.454.000)	(4.740.004)	(4.500.500)	(4.057.470)	(40.440.050)
	Depreciation for the year  Closing net book value	(9,390,637) 17,034,766	(2,454,893) 3,578,021	<u>(1,713,821)</u> 2,164,728	(4,502,520) 1,031,407	(1,057,479) 1,851,731	(19,119,350) 25,660,653
	Closing het book value	17,034,700	3,376,021	2,104,720	1,031,407	1,031,731	23,000,033
	As at 30 June 2021						
	Cost	61,402,064	19,252,265	8,182,368	13,388,935	4,237,270	106,462,902
	Accumulated depreciation	(44,367,298)	(15,674,244)	(5,291,723)	(5,798,064)	(2,385,539)	(73,516,868)
	Accumulated impairment losses			(725,917)	(6,559,464)	4 054 704	(7,285,381)
	Net book value	17,034,766	3,578,021	2,164,728	1,031,407	1,851,731	25,660,653
	Depreciation rates (% per annum)	25%	20% - 50%	10%	10%	25%	
				2			
					020		
		Computers	Office		020 Leasehold	Vehicles	 Total
		Computers	Office equipments	Furniture and fixtures		Vehicles	Total
	-	Computers		Furniture and	Leasehold improvements	Vehicles	Total
	As at 1 July 2019	· 	equipments 	Furniture and fixtures	Leasehold improvements ees)		
	Cost	50,316,668	equipments  28,800,538	Furniture and fixtures (Rup	Leasehold improvements ees)77,725,699	1,794,000	177,379,015
	Cost Accumulated depreciation	· 	equipments 	Furniture and fixtures (Rup 18,742,110 (5,263,945)	Leasehold improvements ees)77,725,699 (18,215,474)		177,379,015 (70,459,033)
	Cost Accumulated depreciation Accumulated impairment losses	50,316,668 (28,563,408)	28,800,538 (17,892,956)	Furniture and fixtures (Rup 18,742,110 (5,263,945) (3,008,277)	Leasehold improvements ees)	1,794,000 (523,250)	177,379,015 (70,459,033) (30,246,073)
	Cost Accumulated depreciation	50,316,668	equipments  28,800,538	Furniture and fixtures (Rup 18,742,110 (5,263,945)	Leasehold improvements ees)77,725,699 (18,215,474)	1,794,000	177,379,015 (70,459,033)
	Cost Accumulated depreciation Accumulated impairment losses Net book value  Year ended 30 June 2020	50,316,668 (28,563,408) - 21,753,260	28,800,538 (17,892,956) - 10,907,582	Furniture and fixtures (Rup 18,742,110 (5,263,945) (3,008,277) 10,469,888	Leasehold improvements ees)	1,794,000 (523,250) - 1,270,750	177,379,015 (70,459,033) (30,246,073) 76,673,909
	Cost Accumulated depreciation Accumulated impairment losses Net book value  Year ended 30 June 2020 Opening net book value	50,316,668 (28,563,408) - 21,753,260 21,753,260	28,800,538 (17,892,956) - 10,907,582	Furniture and fixtures (Rup 18,742,110 (5,263,945) (3,008,277)	Leasehold improvements ees)	1,794,000 (523,250) - 1,270,750	177,379,015 (70,459,033) (30,246,073) 76,673,909
	Cost Accumulated depreciation Accumulated impairment losses Net book value  Year ended 30 June 2020 Opening net book value Additions during the year	50,316,668 (28,563,408) - 21,753,260	28,800,538 (17,892,956) - 10,907,582	Furniture and fixtures (Rup 18,742,110 (5,263,945) (3,008,277) 10,469,888	Leasehold improvements ees)	1,794,000 (523,250) - 1,270,750	177,379,015 (70,459,033) (30,246,073) 76,673,909
	Cost Accumulated depreciation Accumulated impairment losses Net book value  Year ended 30 June 2020 Opening net book value Additions during the year Disposals during the year	50,316,668 (28,563,408) - 21,753,260 21,753,260 5,996,985	28,800,538 (17,892,956) - 10,907,582 10,907,582 13,000	Furniture and fixtures (Rup 18,742,110 (5,263,945) (3,008,277) 10,469,888	Leasehold improvements ees)	1,794,000 (523,250) - 1,270,750	177,379,015 (70,459,033) (30,246,073) 76,673,909 76,673,909 8,986,123
	Cost Accumulated depreciation Accumulated impairment losses Net book value  Year ended 30 June 2020 Opening net book value Additions during the year Disposals during the year Cost	50,316,668 (28,563,408) - 21,753,260 21,753,260 5,996,985 (1,078,718)	28,800,538 (17,892,956) - 10,907,582 10,907,582 13,000 (20,266)	Furniture and fixtures (Rup 18,742,110 (5,263,945) (3,008,277) 10,469,888 - (1,520,246)	Leasehold improvements ees)	1,794,000 (523,250) - 1,270,750	177,379,015 (70,459,033) (30,246,073) 76,673,909 76,673,909 8,986,123 (34,899,004)
	Cost Accumulated depreciation Accumulated impairment losses Net book value  Year ended 30 June 2020 Opening net book value Additions during the year Disposals during the year Cost Accumulated depreciation	50,316,668 (28,563,408) - 21,753,260 21,753,260 5,996,985	28,800,538 (17,892,956) - 10,907,582 10,907,582 13,000	Furniture and fixtures	Leasehold improvements ees)	1,794,000 (523,250) - 1,270,750	177,379,015 (70,459,033) (30,246,073) 76,673,909 76,673,909 8,986,123 (34,899,004) 11,789,693
	Cost Accumulated depreciation Accumulated impairment losses Net book value  Year ended 30 June 2020 Opening net book value Additions during the year Disposals during the year Cost	50,316,668 (28,563,408) - 21,753,260 21,753,260 5,996,985 (1,078,718)	28,800,538 (17,892,956) - 10,907,582 10,907,582 13,000 (20,266)	Furniture and fixtures (Rup 18,742,110 (5,263,945) (3,008,277) 10,469,888 - (1,520,246)	Leasehold improvements ees)	1,794,000 (523,250) - 1,270,750	177,379,015 (70,459,033) (30,246,073) 76,673,909 76,673,909 8,986,123 (34,899,004)
	Cost Accumulated depreciation Accumulated impairment losses Net book value  Year ended 30 June 2020 Opening net book value Additions during the year Disposals during the year Cost Accumulated depreciation Accumulated impairment losses	50,316,668 (28,563,408) - 21,753,260 21,753,260 5,996,985 (1,078,718) 1,061,888	28,800,538 (17,892,956) - 10,907,582 10,907,582 13,000 (20,266) 20,266 -	Furniture and fixtures	Leasehold improvements lees)	1,794,000 (523,250) - 1,270,750	177,379,015 (70,459,033) (30,246,073) 76,673,909 76,673,909 8,986,123 (34,899,004) 11,789,693 21,308,490 (1,800,821)
	Cost Accumulated depreciation Accumulated impairment losses Net book value  Year ended 30 June 2020 Opening net book value Additions during the year Disposals during the year Cost Accumulated depreciation	50,316,668 (28,563,408) - 21,753,260 21,753,260 5,996,985 (1,078,718) 1,061,888	28,800,538 (17,892,956) - 10,907,582 10,907,582 13,000 (20,266)	Furniture and fixtures	Leasehold improvements ees)	1,794,000 (523,250) - 1,270,750	177,379,015 (70,459,033) (30,246,073) 76,673,909 76,673,909 8,986,123 (34,899,004) 11,789,693 21,308,490
	Cost Accumulated depreciation Accumulated impairment losses Net book value  Year ended 30 June 2020 Opening net book value Additions during the year Disposals during the year Cost Accumulated depreciation Accumulated impairment losses	50,316,668 (28,563,408) - 21,753,260 21,753,260 5,996,985 (1,078,718) 1,061,888 - (16,830)	28,800,538 (17,892,956) - 10,907,582 13,000 (20,266) 20,266 - (561,390)	Furniture and fixtures	Leasehold improvements ees)	1,794,000 (523,250) - - 1,270,750 1,270,750 2,443,270 - - - -	177,379,015 (70,459,033) (30,246,073) 76,673,909 76,673,909 8,986,123 (34,899,004) 11,789,693 21,308,490 (1,800,821) (4,269,937)
	Cost Accumulated depreciation Accumulated impairment losses Net book value  Year ended 30 June 2020 Opening net book value Additions during the year Disposals during the year Cost Accumulated depreciation Accumulated impairment losses	50,316,668 (28,563,408) - 21,753,260 21,753,260 5,996,985 (1,078,718) 1,061,888	28,800,538 (17,892,956) - 10,907,582 10,907,582 13,000 (20,266) 20,266 -	Furniture and fixtures	Leasehold improvements lees)	1,794,000 (523,250) - 1,270,750	177,379,015 (70,459,033) (30,246,073) 76,673,909 76,673,909 8,986,123 (34,899,004) 11,789,693 21,308,490 (1,800,821)
	Cost Accumulated depreciation Accumulated impairment losses Net book value  Year ended 30 June 2020 Opening net book value Additions during the year Disposals during the year Cost Accumulated depreciation Accumulated impairment losses  Impairment during the year Depreciation for the year Closing net book value	50,316,668 (28,563,408) - 21,753,260 21,753,260 5,996,985 (1,078,718) 1,061,888 - (16,830) - (8,423,548)	28,800,538 (17,892,956) - 10,907,582 13,000 (20,266) 20,266 - (561,390) (4,087,974)	Furniture and fixtures	Leasehold improvements ees)	1,794,000 (523,250) - 1,270,750 1,270,750 2,443,270 - - - - - (804,810)	177,379,015 (70,459,033) (30,246,073) 76,673,909 76,673,909 8,986,123 (34,899,004) 11,789,693 21,308,490 (1,800,821) (4,269,937) (34,225,470)
	Cost Accumulated depreciation Accumulated impairment losses Net book value  Year ended 30 June 2020 Opening net book value Additions during the year Disposals during the year Cost Accumulated depreciation Accumulated impairment losses  Impairment during the year Depreciation for the year Closing net book value As at 30 June 2020	50,316,668 (28,563,408) - 21,753,260 21,753,260 5,996,985 (1,078,718) 1,061,888 - (16,830) - (8,423,548) 19,309,867	28,800,538 (17,892,956) - 10,907,582 10,907,582 13,000 (20,266) 20,266 - (561,390) (4,087,974) 6,271,218	Furniture and fixtures	Leasehold improvements ees)	1,794,000 (523,250) - - 1,270,750 1,270,750 2,443,270 - - - - - (804,810) 2,909,210	177,379,015 (70,459,033) (30,246,073) 76,673,909 76,673,909 8,986,123 (34,899,004) 11,789,693 21,308,490 (1,800,821) (4,269,937) (34,225,470) 45,363,804
	Cost Accumulated depreciation Accumulated impairment losses Net book value  Year ended 30 June 2020 Opening net book value Additions during the year Disposals during the year Cost Accumulated depreciation Accumulated impairment losses  Impairment during the year Depreciation for the year Closing net book value  As at 30 June 2020 Cost	50,316,668 (28,563,408) - 21,753,260 5,996,985 (1,078,718) 1,061,888 - (16,830) - (8,423,548) 19,309,867	28,800,538 (17,892,956) - 10,907,582 13,000 (20,266) 20,266 - (561,390) (4,087,974) 6,271,218	Furniture and fixtures  (Rup  18,742,110 (5,263,945) (3,008,277)  10,469,888  10,469,888  (1,520,246) 406,097 630,158 (483,991) (870,267) (4,684,238) 4,431,392	Leasehold improvements ees)	1,794,000 (523,250) - - 1,270,750 2,443,270 - - - - - (804,810) 2,909,210 4,237,270	177,379,015 (70,459,033) (30,246,073) 76,673,909 76,673,909 8,986,123 (34,899,004) 11,789,693 21,308,490 (1,800,821) (4,269,937) (34,225,470) 45,363,804
	Cost Accumulated depreciation Accumulated impairment losses Net book value  Year ended 30 June 2020 Opening net book value Additions during the year Disposals during the year Cost Accumulated depreciation Accumulated impairment losses  Impairment during the year Depreciation for the year Closing net book value As at 30 June 2020	50,316,668 (28,563,408) - 21,753,260 21,753,260 5,996,985 (1,078,718) 1,061,888 - (16,830) - (8,423,548) 19,309,867	28,800,538 (17,892,956) - 10,907,582 10,907,582 13,000 (20,266) 20,266 - (561,390) (4,087,974) 6,271,218	Furniture and fixtures	Leasehold improvements ees)	1,794,000 (523,250) - - 1,270,750 1,270,750 2,443,270 - - - - - (804,810) 2,909,210	177,379,015 (70,459,033) (30,246,073) 76,673,909 8,986,123 (34,899,004) 11,789,693 21,308,490 (1,800,821) (4,269,937) (34,225,470) 45,363,804
	Cost Accumulated depreciation Accumulated impairment losses Net book value  Year ended 30 June 2020 Opening net book value Additions during the year Disposals during the year Cost Accumulated depreciation Accumulated impairment losses  Impairment during the year Closing net book value  As at 30 June 2020 Cost Accumulated depreciation	50,316,668 (28,563,408) - 21,753,260 5,996,985 (1,078,718) 1,061,888 - (16,830) - (8,423,548) 19,309,867	28,800,538 (17,892,956) - 10,907,582 13,000 (20,266) 20,266 - (561,390) (4,087,974) 6,271,218 28,793,272 (21,960,664)	Furniture and fixtures	Leasehold improvements ees)	1,794,000 (523,250) - - 1,270,750 2,443,270 - - - - - (804,810) 2,909,210 4,237,270	177,379,015 (70,459,033) (30,246,073) 76,673,909 76,673,909 8,986,123 (34,899,004) 11,789,693 21,308,490 (1,800,821) (4,269,937) (34,225,470) 45,363,804
	Cost Accumulated depreciation Accumulated impairment losses Net book value  Year ended 30 June 2020 Opening net book value Additions during the year Disposals during the year Cost Accumulated depreciation Accumulated impairment losses  Impairment during the year Closing net book value  As at 30 June 2020 Cost Accumulated depreciation Accumulated impairment losses Net book value	50,316,668 (28,563,408) - 21,753,260 5,996,985 (1,078,718) 1,061,888 - (16,830) - (8,423,548) 19,309,867 55,234,935 (35,925,068) - 19,309,867	28,800,538 (17,892,956) - 10,907,582 10,907,582 13,000 (20,266) 20,266 - (561,390) (4,087,974) 6,271,218  28,793,272 (21,960,664) (561,390) 6,271,218	Furniture and fixtures	Leasehold improvements ees)	1,794,000 (523,250) - 1,270,750 1,270,750 2,443,270 - - - - (804,810) 2,909,210 4,237,270 (1,328,060) - 2,909,210	177,379,015 (70,459,033) (30,246,073) 76,673,909 8,986,123 (34,899,004) 11,789,693 21,308,490 (1,800,821) (4,269,937) (34,225,470) 45,363,804 151,466,134 (92,894,810) (13,207,521)
	Cost Accumulated depreciation Accumulated impairment losses Net book value  Year ended 30 June 2020 Opening net book value Additions during the year Disposals during the year Cost Accumulated depreciation Accumulated impairment losses  Impairment during the year Closing net book value  As at 30 June 2020 Cost Accumulated depreciation Accumulated Accumu	50,316,668 (28,563,408) - 21,753,260 21,753,260 5,996,985 (1,078,718) 1,061,888 - (16,830) - (8,423,548) 19,309,867 55,234,935 (35,925,068)	28,800,538 (17,892,956) - 10,907,582 13,000 (20,266) 20,266 - (561,390) (4,087,974) 6,271,218 28,793,272 (21,960,664) (561,390)	Furniture and fixtures	Leasehold improvements lees)	1,794,000 (523,250) - - 1,270,750 1,270,750 2,443,270 - - - - (804,810) 2,909,210 4,237,270 (1,328,060)	177,379,015 (70,459,033) (30,246,073) 76,673,909 8,986,123 (34,899,004) 11,789,693 21,308,490 (1,800,821) (4,269,937) (34,225,470) 45,363,804 151,466,134 (92,894,810) (13,207,521)

- **5.1.1** The Company had closed its Lahore branch during the year; accordingly leasehold improvements at the branch having carrying value of Rs. 4.768 million have been written off.
- 5.1.2 There were no disposal of fixed asset which has a book value of five hundred thousand rupees or more.
- **5.1.3** Included in the cost of property and equipment (including computer softwares) are fully depreciated assets which are still in use aggregating to Rs. 91.70 million (2020: Rs. 66.39 million).

	aggregating to Rs. 91.70 million (2020: Rs. 66.39 million)				
5.2	Right of use assets		Note	2021 (Rupe	2020 es)
	Opening balance			60,884,879	_
	Effect of initial adoption of IFRS 16 as at 01 July			-	30,513,482
	Additions during the year			22,768,921	57,445,375
	Amortization cost charged to profit and loss account		5.2.1	(30,937,453)	(27,073,978)
	Effect of modification			(1,825,359)	-
	Effect of termination			(3,872,404)	_
	Closing balance		5.2.2	47,018,584	60,884,879
5.2.1	Allocation of amortization of right of use asset:				
	Administrative expenses		24	17,783,772	10,348,204
	Selling and distribution expenses		25	13,153,681	16,725,774
	coming and distribution expenses			30,937,453	27,073,978
5.2.2	These are being amoritsed upto 31 March 2024.				
	luter ville e e e e		004		
5.3	Intangible assets	Computer	Goodwill 202	Management	Total
		software	(note 5.3.1)	rights	lotai
		Soliware	(11010 3.3.1)	(note 5.3.1)	
			(Rup	` '	
	As at 1 July 2020		, · · ·	,	
	Cost	82,473,074	82,126,933	192,000,000	356,600,007
	Accumulated amortization	(61,101,329)	-		(61,101,329)
	Net book value	21,371,745	82,126,933	192,000,000	295,498,678
	Year ended 30 June 2021				
	Opening net book value	21,371,745	82,126,933	192,000,000	295,498,678
	Additions during the year	560,743	-,,,	-	560,743
	Amortization for the year	(11,779,098)	-	-	(11,779,098)
	Closing net book value	10,153,390	82,126,933	192,000,000	284,280,323
			_		
	As at 30 June 2021	02 022 047	02 426 022	402.000.000	257 460 750
	Cost Accumulated amortization	83,033,817	82,126,933	192,000,000	357,160,750
	Net book value	(72,880,427) 10,153,390	82,126,933	192,000,000	(72,880,427) 284,280,323
	Net book value	10,133,390	02,120,933	132,000,000	204,200,323
	Amortization rates (% per annum)	25% - 33%			
			202	20	
	•	Computer	Goodwill	Management	Total
		software	(D	rights	
	- As at 1 July 2019		(Rupe	es)	
	Cost	82,095,045	82,126,933	192,000,000	356,221,978
	Accumulated amortization	(47,937,250)	-	-	(47,937,250)
	Net book value	34,157,795	82,126,933	192,000,000	308,284,728
	Wasta and ad 20 June 2000				
	Year ended 30 June 2020	3/ 157 705	82,126,933	192,000,000	308,284,728
	Opening net book value	34,157,795	02,120,933	192,000,000	
	Additions during the year  Amortization for the year	378,029 (13,164,079)	- -	- -	378,029 (13,164,079)
	Closing net book value	21,371,745	82,126,933	192,000,000	295,498,678
	Closing not book value	21,0/1,/40	02,120,300	102,000,000	200,400,010
	As at 30 June 2020				
	Cost	82,473,074	82,126,933	192,000,000	356,600,007
	Accumulated amortization	(61,101,329)			(61,101,329)
	Net book value	21,371,745	82,126,933	192,000,000	295,498,678
	Amortization rates (% per annum)	25%			
	/ unor a Lation rates ( /o per annum)	20 /0			

- **5.3.1** Goodwill and management rights amounting to Rs. 274.13 million arised pursuant to the merger of MCB AMC with and into Arif Habib Investments Limited in 2011.
- 5.3.2 In accordance with the requirements of IFRS 3: 'Business combinations', an acquiree shall measure goodwill acquired in a business combination, subsequent to initial recognition at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any. Goodwill acquired in a business combination and intangible assets having indefinite useful life shall not be amortized, instead, they shall be tested for impairment annually, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired, in accordance with International Accounting Standard (IAS) 36: 'Impairment of Assets.' In addition, goodwill acquired in a business combination and intangible assets having indefinite useful lives shall be allocated to each of the acquirer's cash-generating unit (CGU) or a group of cash-generating units if they can be attributed directly, or allocated on a reasonable and consistent basis.
- 5.3.3 The recoverable amount for the purpose of assessing impairment of goodwill and management rights allocated to CGU is based on value in use. The calculations performed by the Company, are based on a five year plan approved for its business unit. Value in use is determined by discounting the estimated future cash flows to be generated from the continuing use of CGU, using a discount rate of 13.7% (2020: 17%) that reflects current market assessment of the time value of money and the risk specific to the asset. The management believes this to be a suitable time scale over which to review and consider annual performance before applying a fixed terminal value multiple of 6% (2020: 6%) to the final year cash flow of the detailed projections. Based on this exercise at 30 June 2021, the recoverable amount of CGU exceeded the carrying amount.

#### 5.3.4 Key assumptions used to determine the recoverable amounts

The calculation of recoverable amounts of Goodiwll and Management rights for the purpose of impairment testing was based on value in use, estimated using discounted cash flows. Key assumptions used in determining the value in use calculation were as follows:

Assumptions	How Determined
Budgeted Cash flows	Estimated cash flows were based on past experience.
Growth rates of assets under management	Growth forecast is based on management's best estimates and also takes into account past trends.
IL ost to income ratio	Cost to income ratio for asset management business is based on management's best estimate and also takes into account past trends.
Discount Rate	Discount rate of 13.7% was used in the calculation. This discount rate represents cost of capital determined using the Capital Asset Pricing Model (CAPM) approach.
	Discounted cash flow projections for five years have been used and long term growth rate of 6% in perpetuity has been assumed on the basis of the growth rate of cash flows during the explicit forecast period.

As part of impairment testing, the management has assured reasonably that impact of possible changes in any of the aforementioned key assumptions would not cause the carrying value amount to exceed its recoverable amount.

**5.4** This represents renovation work in progress at the branches.

#### 6 LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS

Investments in units of pension schemes - related parties

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Note **2021** 2020 (Rupees)

6.1 **638,596,952** 533,563,426

#### 6.1 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

				As at 30 June 2021			As at 30 June 2020		
Name of the Investee fund	As at 01 July 2020	Purchase / Redemption	As at 30 June 2021	Carrying amount	Market value	Unrealized gain	Carrying amount (before revaluation)	Market value	Unrealized gain
		(Number of unit	ts)			· ·(	Rupees)		
Pakistan Pension Fund	805,305	-	805,305	266,239,774	311,872,289	45,632,515	245,136,795	266,239,774	21,102,979
Alhamra Islamic Pension Fund	876,129	_	876,129	267,323,652	326,724,663	59,401,011	241,679,389	267,323,652	25,644,263
				533,563,426	638,596,952	105,033,526	486,816,184	533,563,426	46,747,242

7 LONG-TERM LOANS AND PREPAYMENTS	Note	2021	2020
Loans		(Rupees)	
Secured - Considered good			
- to executives	7.1	4,306,289	4,376,577
Unsecured - Considered good			
- to executives	7.2	5,875,024	2,562,374
- to other employees		-	2,111
	7.3	10,181,313	6,941,062
Less: current portion of loans	9	(1,869,422)	(1,176,024)
		8,311,891	5,765,038
Prepayments			
Prepaid commission	7.4	16,847,454	5,234,305
Less: current portion	10	(10,997,748)	(3,936,755)
		5,849,706	1,297,550
		14,161,597	7,062,588

- 7.1 This represents interest based housing finance loan amounting to Rs. 4.306 million (2020: 4.377) given to executives at the rate of 4.5% per annum for a period of 20 years secured against the mortgage of house.
- 7.2 This represents interest-free loans amounting to Rs. 5.875 million (2020: 2.562 million) for a period of 5 years given to executives as per the terms of employment for the purchase of motor vehicles.
- **7.3** Based on month end balances, the maximum aggregate balance of loans to executives outstanding at any time during the year was Rs. 10.55 million (2020: Rs. 7.82 million).
- 7.3.1 Reconciliation of carrying amount of loans to executives is as follows:

	2021	2020
	(Rupes	es)
Opening balance	6,938,951	7,848,761
Disbursements during the year	5,006,400	349,000
Repayments made during the year	(2,301,090)	(1,867,568)
Interest income on loan	537,052	608,758
Closing balance	10,181,313	6,938,951

7.4 This represents commission paid on the issuance of bachat units of different funds under the management of the Company. The commission amount is amortized over the period of the contract, unless redeemed earlier, in which case it is charged off immediately. However, in this case certain amount is also recovered from the investor.

3	RECEIVABLE FROM RELATED PARTIES	2021	2020
		(Rup	ees)
	Unsecured - considered good		
	Pakistan Income Fund	18,431,896	12,485,626
	MCB Pakistan Stock Market Fund	122,311,547	103,862,961
	MCB Pakistan Sovereign Fund	34,215,894	35,992,189
	Pakistan Capital Market Fund	7,643,048	8,529,951
	Pakistan Pension Fund	8,524,272	8,593,459
	Alhamra Islamic Pension Fund	5,176,771	4,634,002
	Pakistan Cash Management Fund	12,243,674	12,610,282
	Pakistan Income Enhancement Fund	22,733,982	22,110,177
	Pakistan Sarmaya Mehfooz Fund	4,267,360	4,267,360
	MCB Pakistan Asset Allocation Fund	37,456,312	41,939,488
	MCB Cash Management Optimizer	64,482,664	71,598,618
	MCB DCF Income Fund	137,055,740	138,483,978
	Alhamra Islamic Money Market Fund (Formerly: MCB Pakistan Frequent Payout Fund)	4,532,405	5,003,898
	Alhamra Islamic Stock Fund	23,772,572	19,117,825
	Alhamra Islamic Asset Allocation Fund	15,909,125	17,380,198
	Alhamra Islamic Income Fund	14,454,260	16,092,180
	Alhamra Islamic Active Asset Allocation Fund - Plan I	-	39,275
	Alhamra Islamic Active Asset Allocation Fund - Plan II	-	19,979
	Alhamra Daily Dividend Fund	435,889	3,280,594
	Al-Hamra Smart Portfolio	9,888	-
	Other proposed fund		1,000,000
		533,657,299	527,042,040
	Advisory fee on account of discretionary portfolio management		
	Adamjee Life Assurance Company Limited	10,279,237	10,403,985
	8.1 & 8.2	543,936,536	537,446,025

8.1 The above amounts represents receivable on account of management fee, federal excise duty, sales tax on management fee, sales load, conversion cost, reimbursement of expenses, selling and marketing expenses and other expenses paid on behalf of the related parties. This includes Federal Excise Duty (FED) amounting to Rs. 407.16 million (2020: Rs. 407.16 million) which are receivable from the funds / portfolios under its management. The matter is further explained in note 19.2 to the financial statements.

**8.2** Above balances are mark-up free and unsecured. These are not past due not impaired, except for the FED balances mentioned in note 8.1.

**8.3** The related parties from whom the maximum aggregate amount outstanding at any time during the year (month-end balance) are as under:

	balance) are as under.	Note	2021	2020
			(Rupe	es)
	Pakistan Income Fund		19,131,574	12,485,626
	MCB Pakistan Stock Market Fund		122,311,547	103,862,961
	MCB Pakistan Sovereign Fund		35,066,803	35,992,189
	Pakistan Capital Market Fund		8,808,028	8,529,951
	Pakistan Pension Fund		8,733,457	8,593,459
	Alhamra Islamic Pension Fund		5,202,290	4,634,002
	Pakistan Cash Management Fund		12,510,670	12,610,282
	Pakistan Income Enhancement Fund		23,574,569	22,110,177
	Pakistan Sarmaya Mehfooz Fund		4,267,360	4,267,360
	MCB Pakistan Asset allocation Fund		42,848,019	41,939,488
	MCB Cash Management Optimizer		67,133,009	71,598,618
	MCB DCF Income Fund		138,344,648	138,483,978
	Alhamra Islamic Money Markery (Formerly: MCB Pakistan Frequent Payout F	und)	5,414,394	5,003,898
	Alhamra Islamic Stock Fund		25,530,153	19,117,825
	Alhamra Islamic Asset Allocation Fund		21,506,032	17,380,198
	Alhamra Islamic Income Fund		18,426,787	16,092,180
	Alhamra Islamic Active Asset Allocation Fund - Plan I		31,332	39,275
	Alhamra Islamic Active Asset Allocation Fund - Plan II		18,888	19,979
	Alhamra Daily Dividend Fund		3,544,122	3,280,594
	Al-Hamra Smart Portfolio		9,888	-
	Other proposed fund		1,000,000	1,000,000
	Adamjee Life Assurance Company Limited		15,233,390	10,403,985
9	LOANS AND ADVANCES			
	Secured - Considered good			
	Current portion of loans to employees	7	1,869,422	1,176,024
	Advances - Considered good			504.000
	Advances to employees		500 454	561,930
	Advances to suppliers and contractors		508,154 508,154	2,463,491 3,025,421
			500,154	3,025,421
			2,377,576	4,201,445
10	DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES			
	Security Deposits		75,000	1,776,960
	Prepayments			
	Current portion of prepaid commission against bachat unit	7	10,997,748	3,936,755
	Insurance	•	11,101,389	7,059,970
	Maintenance		533,132	1,840,236
	Service level agreement		5,180,110	2,355,162
	Software license		179,374	611,252
	Registration fee		534,556	1,000,000
	Others		174,000	203,920
			28,700,309	17,007,295
	Other receivables			
	Advisory fee receivable on account of portfolio management	10.1	23,005,861	23,720,613
	Commission receivable	10.1	4,217,311	20,720,013
	Others		197,640	405,372
			27,420,812	24,125,985
		40.5		
	Provision against advisory fee receivable	10.2	(12,402,117)	(12,402,117)
			43,794,004	30,508,123

<sup>10.1</sup> The above amounts represents receivable on account of portfolio management fee, federal excise duty and sales tax. This includes Federal Excise Duty (FED) amounting to Rs. 5.72 million (2020: Rs. 5.72 million) which are receivable from the portfolios under its management. The matter is further explained in note 19.2 to the financial statements.

10.2	Movement in provision against ad	lvisory fee red	ceivable						Note	2021 (Rup	2020 ees)
	Opening balance Provision made during the year Closing balance								24	12,402,117  12,402,117	11,953,175 448,942 12,402,117
11	ACCRUED MARK-UP										
	This represents mark-up receivable	on bank depos	sits.								
12		EASE LIABILITY AGAINST RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS									
	Lease Liabilities as on 01 July Recognised on initial adoption of IFF Addition during the year Interest expense Rental payments Effect of modification Effect of termination	RS 16							26	60,646,047 - 22,508,885 7,001,516 (33,670,723) (1,598,704) (4,538,454)	80,949,581 - 6,935,088 (27,238,622)
	Lease liabilities as on 30 June									50,348,567	60,646,047
	Less: Current portion of lease liabiliti Non Current portion of lease liabilitie	es								(32,347,100) 18,001,467	(27,191,338) 33,454,709
12.1	Lease liabilities are payable as follow	ws.							Minimum Lease Payments	2021 Future Finance Cost	Present value of Minimum
	Not later than one year Later than one year and not later tha	an five years							36,357,777 18,814,995 55,172,772	4,010,677 813,528 4,824,205	32,347,100 18,001,467 50,348,567
	Less: Current portion										(32,347,100) 18,001,467
12.2	Above balances have been discount	ted at the rates	ranging betwe	een 8.01% to 14	.95% per annı	ım.			8/-4-	2024	2020
13	SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS - re	lated parties							Note	2021 (Rup	2020 ees)
	Financial assets at fair value through	n profit or loss							13.1	685,758,449	661,620,881
13.1	Financial assets at fair value through	ugh profit or l	oss								
							As at 30 June 20	21	,	As at 30 June 2020	
	Name of the Investee Fund	As at 01 July 2020	Purchases / dividend reinvested	Redemptions	As at 30 June 2021	Carrying value	Market value	Unrealized gain / (loss)	Carrying value (before revaluation)	Market value	Unrealized gain
			- (Number of	units / deals)				I (Rupe	es)		
	MCB Cash Management Optimizer	5,469,446	42,456,645	(47,861,324)	64,767	6,528,287	6,538,775	10,488	550,457,568	551,483,644	1,026,076
	MCB Pakistan Stock Market Fund	1,422,539	4,693,951	(4,701,100)	1,415,390	134,192,866	146,676,096	12,483,230	108,237,657	110,137,237	1,899,580
	Alhamra Islamic Stock Fund	-	2,164,502	-	2,164,502	25,000,000	24,437,229	(562,771)	-	-	-
	Pakistan Income Fund	-	16,123,878	(8,971,450)	7,152,428	386,258,093	388,253,829	1,995,736	-	-	-
	Alhamra Smart Portfolio	-	1,200,000	-	1,200,000	120,000,000	119,852,520	(147,480)	-	-	-
	MCB DCF Income Fund	-	9,344	(9,344)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	MCB Pakistan Soverign Fund	-	10,956	(10,956)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Pakistan Cash Management Fund	-	2	(2)	-	-	•	-	-	-	-
	Alhamra Islamic Money Market Fund	-	18,763,729	(18,763,729)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Alhamra Daily Dividend Fund	-	3,502,354	(3,502,354)	-	-	-	-	658,695,225	661.620.881	2,925,656
14	ADVANCE TAX - NET OF PROVISI	ONS				671,979,246	685,758,449	13,779,203	Note	2021 (Rup	2020
	Advance tax Income tax refundable								14.1	85,489,067 50,723,943 136,213,010	87,375,718 50,723,944 138,099,662
	Provision for taxation for the year								29	(97,063,558) 39,149,452	(73,805,896) 64,293,766
14.1	Represents Income tax refundable a	as per the retur	ns filed by the	Company, excep	ot for the tax y	ears 2010, 2011,	2017 and 2018, am	ounting to Rs. 27.9 i	million which is bas	sed on the assessm	nent orders.
15	CASH AND BANK BALANCES								Note	2021 (Rup	2020 ees)
	Balances with banks in - profit and loss sharing accounts - current accounts								15.1 15.2	10,156,387 33,767,897 43,924,284	10,172,752 9,636,339 19,809,091
	Cash in hand									4,822 43,929,106	5,500 19,814,591

<sup>15.1</sup> These represent deposits made with various commercial banks carrying profit rates ranging between 6.52% to 6.9% (2020: 6.5% to 12.5%) per annum. These also include balances in accounts maintained with related parties; MCB Bank Limited amounting to Rs. 5.453 million (2020: Rs. 5.701 million) which carries mark-up at the rate of 5.5% (2020: 10%) per annum and MCB Islamic Bank Limited amounting to Rs. 0.340 million (2020: Rs. 0.327 million) which carries mark-up at the rate of 6.8% (2020: 10.38%) per annum.

<sup>15.2</sup> These represent balances in accounts maintained with conventional banks and include amounts placed with MCB Bank Limited (a related party) amounting to Rs. 6.455 million (2020: Rs. 4.366 million).

<sup>15.3</sup> During the year ended 30 June 2015, the Company had obtained a short-term running finance facility under mark up arrangement with MCB Bank Limited (a related party) amounting to Rs. 500 million. The facility carried mark-up at one month KIBOR+0.5% (2020: KIBOR+0.5%) per annum. The facility when availed will have to be secured against the pledge of government securities i.e. PIBs and T-Bills and will expire on 31 August 2021. However, the facility was unutilized as at 30 June 2021 (none was utilised during the year).

#### ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID-UP CAPITAL

	,	,			
	2021	2020	Note	2021	2020
	(Number of shares)			(Rup	ees)
			Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each		
	5,000,000	5,000,000	- Fully paid in cash	50,000,000	50,000,000
	31,000,000	31,000,000	- Allotted as bonus shares	310,000,000	310,000,000
	36,000,000	36,000,000	- Issued for consideration other than cash 17.1	360,000,000	360,000,000
	72,000,000	72,000,000		720,000,000	720,000,000
16.1	Shares held by the rela	ted parties of the C	Company	2021	2020
				(Number	of shares)
	Particulars of the share	holders			
	MCB Bank Limited - perd	centage of holding 5	1.33% (2020: 51.33%)	36,956,768	36,956,768
	Arif Habib Corporation Li	mited - percentage of	of holding 30.09% (2020: 30.09%)	21,664,167	21,664,167
	Adamjee Insurance Com	pany Limited - perce	entage of holding 7.59% (2020: 7.59%)	5,462,000	5,462,000
	Directors, spouses and t	heir minor children -	percentage of holding 0.04% (2020: 0.04%)	29,326	29,326
	Others			1,200	1,200
			Note	2021	2020
17	DEFICIT ARISING ON A	DEFICIT ARISING ON AMALGAMATION			pees)
	Deficit arising on amalga	mation	17.1	60,000,000	60,000,000

17.1 In accordance with the scheme of amalgamation of MCB Asset Management Company Limited (MCB AMC) and Arif Habib Investments Limited (AHIL), the entire undertaking of MCB AMC including all properties, assets, liabilities, receivables, payables and all other rights and obligations were transferred into and vested in the Company as on the effective date. As part of the Scheme, the Company issued and allotted 36 million ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each, as fully paid shares, to the registered ordinary shareholders of MCB AMC in the ratio of 1.2 ordinary shares of the Company for each share of Rs. 10 of MCB AMC as consideration. Deficit arising on amalgamation represents difference in share capital of AHIL and MCB AMC at the time of merger.

18	DEFERRED TAX LIABILITY - NET	Note	2021	2020
			(Rupe	ees)
	Deferred tax liability on taxable temporary differences			
	- Intangible assets		75,190,106	64,613,575
	- Right-of-use asset		13,635,390	19,291,940
	- Investments at fair value through profit or loss		1,768,869	(391,359)
			90,594,365	83,514,156
	Deferred tax asset on deductible temporary differences			
	- Property and equipment (other than right of use assets)		(4,328,055)	(5,523,312)
	- Provision against advisory fee		(3,596,614)	(3,596,614)
	- Finance cost on interest free loans		(891,989)	992,105
	- Liability against right-of-use asset		(14,601,085)	(19,417,773)
			(23,417,743)	(27,545,594)
		18.1	67,176,622	55,968,562

### 18.1 N

			18.1	67,176,622	55,968,562
Movement of deferred tax liability - net					
			2021		
	Balance as at 1 July 2019	Recognized in profit and loss account during the year ended 30 June 2020	Balance as at 30  June 2020  (Rupees)	Recognized in profit and loss account during the year ended 30 June 2021	Balance as at 30 June 2021
Taxable temporary			(Rupecs)		
differences					
- Intangible assets	56,787,409	7,826,166	64,613,575	10,576,531	75,190,106
- Right-of-use assets	-	19,291,940	19,291,940	(5,656,550)	13,635,390
- Investments at fair value through profit or loss	(4,939,642)	4,548,283	(391,359)	2,160,228	1,768,869
	51,847,767	31,666,389	83,514,156	7,080,209	90,594,365
Deductible temporary differences					
- Property and equipment (other than right					
of use assets)	(5,046,559)	(476,753)	(5,523,312)	1,195,257	(4,328,055)
- Provision against advisory fee	(3,466,421)	(130, 193)	(3,596,614)	-	(3,596,614)
- Finance cost on interest free loans	(992,105)	1,984,210	992,105	(1,884,094)	(891,989)
- Lease liability against right of use assets		(19,417,773)	(19,417,773)	4,816,688	(14,601,085)
	42,342,682	13,625,880	55,968,562	11,208,060	67,176,622

<sup>18.2</sup> Deferred tax balance has been recognized at the rate at which these are expected to be settled or realized.

19	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES	Note	2021	2020
			(Rupe	es)
	Accrued expenses		123,429,377	106,891,203
	Workers' welfare fund	19.1	48,669,050	38,769,050
	Withholding tax payable		2,958,091	1,573,528
	Indirect taxes and duties payable	19.2	419,057,465	422,580,282
	Payable to facilitators / distributors		56,069,206	23,862,303
			650.183.189	593,676,366

#### 19.1 Workers' welfare fund

Through Finance Act, 2008, the Federal Government introduced amendments to the Workers' Welfare Fund (WWF) Ordinance, 1971 whereby the definition of industrial establishment was extended. The amendments were challenged at various levels and conflicting judgments were rendered by the Lahore High Court, Sindh High Court and Peshawar High Court. Appeals against these orders were filed in the Supreme Court.

The Supreme Court of Pakistan vide its order dated 10 November 2016 has held that the amendments made in the law introduced by the Federal Government for the levy of Workers' Welfare Fund were not lawful as this is not in the nature of tax and therefore could not have been introduced through the money bill. The Federal Board of Revenue has filed review petitions against the above judgment which are currently pending with the Supreme Court of Pakistan.

In light of the judgment passed by the Supreme Court, the Management believes that the Company is not liable to pay any amounts under the Workers' Welfare Fund Ordinance, 1971, accordingly an amount of Rs. 14.442 million was reversed on 12 January 2017. Further, as a consequence of the passage of 18th Amendment to the Constitution, levy for Workers' Welfare was also introduced by the Government of Sindh (SWWF) which was effective from 01 July 2014. The Company believes that contribution to Workers' Welfare Fund under the Sindh Workers' Welfare Act, 2014 is not applicable on the Company as it is not a Financial Institution as required under SWWF Act, 2014.

However, out of abundant caution, the management has decided to provide for SWWF amounting to Rs. 48.7 million (2020: 38.8 million) with effect from 01 July 2014.

#### 19.2 Federal Excise Duty (FED) payable on remuneration of the management company

As per the requirements of the Finance Act, 2013, Federal Excise Duty (FED) at the rate of 16% on the remuneration of the Management Company has been applied effective 13 June 2013 on assets under its management (related parties). The Management company is of the view that since the remuneration is already subject to the provincial sales tax, further levy of FED may result in double taxation, which does not appear to be the spirit of law.

The matter has been collectively taken up by the Management Company jointly with other Asset Management Companies together with their respective Collective Investment Schemes through their trustees, through a Constitutional Petition filed in the Honorable Sindh High Court (SHC) on 4 September 2013 challenging the levy of FED. The Sindh High Court in its decision dated 16 July 2016 maintained the previous order passed against other constitutional petition whereby levy of FED has been declared to be 'Ultra Vires' the Constitution. The Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue has filed an appeal against the said SHC order in the Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan and thus the Company is carrying liability for Federal Excise Duty (FED) amounting to Rs. 412.88 million (2020: Rs. 412.88 million) as a matter of abundant caution. This amount has also been classified as a balance receivable from related parties and portfolios (in nots 8.1 amounting to Rs. 407.16 million and note 10.1 amounting to Rs. 5.72 million respectively) and would be payable only after final verdict as explained above.

#### 20 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

- 20.1 The Punjab Revenue Authority issued a show cause notice no. PRA/AM.70/14/18 dated 20 June 2014 requiring the Company to pay Sales Tax under the Punjab Sales Tax on Services Act, 2012 with effect from 22 May 2013 on management fee earned in Punjab. The matter has been collectively taken up by the Management Company jointly with other Asset Management Companies together with their respective Collective Investment Schemes through their trustees, by filing a petition on 08 July 2014 in the Sindh High Court (SHC) challenging the above notice. The SHC has ordered suspension of the show cause notice till the next hearing of appeal in its Order dated 10 July 2014. The management is expecting no outflow of economic resources as the payment relating to sales tax has already been made to Sindh Revenue Board and in case the decision is made against the Company the same is required to be settled between the two authorities.
- 20.2 On 30 January 2017, the Additional Commissioner Inland Revenue [ACIR] passed an order under section 122(5A) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 amending the assessment for tax year 2011 after making certain additions / disallowances in the profit or loss account and created a demand of Rs. 25.567 million. The disallowances mainly pertained to apportionment of expenses, management / processing fee and related income sharing, amortization of management rights / goodwill created on merger of the MCB Asset Management Company (MCB AMC) into the Company etc. The Company filed an appeal before the Commissioner Inland Revenue Appeals [CIR-A] against the impugned order and notice of demand issued there against. The CIR-A annulled the Order of the ACIR by deleting demand on all the issues raised therein. An appeal against the order of CIR-A has been filed before the Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue [ATIR] by the Commissioner Inland Revenue. The Company, in consultation with its tax advisor, is confident of a favourable outcome.
- 20.3 The case of the Company was selected for audit by the Commissioner Inland Revenue, Zone III, Large Taxpayers Unit, Karachi for tax year 2014 vide letter dated 09 November 2016. The audit proceedings were conducted by the Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue [DCIR] and a Show-Cause Notice [SCN] dated 10 February 2017 was issued thereafter. Based on a (then) recent judgment of a superior court, the SCN was challenged on legal grounds. However, the DCIR did not agree with the legal objections raised and passed an order dated 24 March 2017 under section 122(1) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 after making certain additions / disallowances in the statement of profit or loss account and created a demand of Rs. 93.398 million The disallowances mainly pertained to apportionment of expenses, management / processing fee and related income sharing, amortization of management rights / goodwill created on merger of the MCB AMC into the Company etc. An appeal before the CIR-A was filed by the Company which has been adjudged in favor of the Company in respect of major

disallowances made in the Order of the DCIR. In respect of the matters confirmed by the CIR-A, the Company has filed an appeal before the ATIR. For issues deleted / set-aside by the CIR-A, an appeal has also been filed by the Commissioner Inland Revenue before the ATIR. The Company, in consultation with its tax advisor, is confident of a favourable outcome in respect of the said appeals.

- 20.4 On 29 March 2017, the ACIR passed an order under section 122(5A) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 amending the assessment for tax year 2012 after making certain additions / disallowances in the statement of profit or loss account and created a demand of Rs. 82.841 million. The disallowances mainly pertained to apportionment of expenses, management / processing fee and related income sharing, amortization of management rights / goodwill created on merger of the MCB AMC into the Company, disallowance of brought forward losses / refunds of prior periods etc. The Company filed an appeal before the CIR-A against the impugned order and notice of demand issued there against. The CIR-A annulled the Order of the ACIR by deleting demand on all the issues raised therein. An appeal against the order of the CIR-A has been filed before the ATIR by the Commissioner Inland Revenue. The Company, in consultation with its tax advisor, is confident of a favourable outcome in respect of the said appeals.
- 20.5 On 29 April 2017, a notice under section 122(9) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 was issued by the ACIR to conduct the amendment of assessment proceedings for tax year 2011 of the pre-merger entity MCB AMC. On 03 July 2017 an order under section 122(5A) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, was passed to conclude the said proceedings. A demand of Rs. 4.85 million has been raised by the ACIR by making disallowances mainly pertaining to apportionment of expenses, management / processing fee and related income sharing and disallowance of brought forward losses. The Company has filed an appeal before the CIR-A against the impugned order and notice of demand issued there against. During the year ended 30 June 2018, order of the CIR-A was received by the Company whereby the demand on major issues was deleted. In respect of the matters confirmed by the CIR-A, the Company has filed an appeal before the ATIR. For issues deleted / set-aside by the CIR-A, an appeal has also been filed by the Commissioner Inland Revenue before the ATIR. The Company, in consultation with its tax advisor, is confident of a favourable outcome in respect of the said appeals.
- 20.6 On 29 February 2016, the DCIR passed an order under section 122(1) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 relating to the tax year 2010 of MCB AMC making certain additions / disallowances in the return. The Company filed an appeal before the CIR-A against the said order. The CIR-A vide order dated December 11, 2017 deleted the disallowances made by the DCIR. Subsequently, the ACIR relating to tax year 2010 of MCB AMC treated tax deduction under section 153(1)(b) on service as minimum tax creating demand of Rs 0.980 million on 04 May 2016. The Company filed an appeal before CIR-A. The CIR-A vide order dated 22 January 2018 has confirmed the treatment of ACIR. The Company has filed an appeal before the ATIR against the order of CIR-A. The Company, in consultation with its tax advisor, is confident of a favourable outcome in respect of the said appeals.
- 20.7 On 24 November 2017, the Company received two orders pertaining to tax years 2015 and 2016 passed by the ACIR and DCIR raising demands of Rs. 119.350 million and Rs. 142.008 million respectively. The disallowances mainly pertained to apportionment of expenses, management / processing fee and related income sharing, amortization of management rights / goodwill created on merger of the MCB AMC into the Company, treatment of provision for FED as income of the Company etc. The Company filed separate appeals before the CIR-A against the impugned orders and notices of demand issued there against. During the year ended 30 June 2018, orders of CIR-A were received against the said appeals. For issues decided against the Company, appeals before the ATIR have been filed by the Company. The Company, in consultation with its tax advisor, is confident of a favourable outcome in respect of the said appeals.
- 20.8 On 05 June 2017, the Company received an order passed by the Assistant Commissioner Sindh Revenue Board [AC,SRB] wherein a demand of Sindh Sales Tax of Rs.10.62 million along with penalty of Rs. 6.33 million and default surcharges (to be calculated at the time of payment) was established for short levy and payment of Sindh Sales Tax on its services and for claiming inadmissible input tax during tax periods from July 2011 to June 2015. An appeal against the aforesaid order was filed before the Commissioner Appeals-SRB who upheld the order of the Assistant Commissioner, SRB in its appellate order. An appeal had filed before the Appellate Tribunal, SRB against aforesaid order of the Commissioner Appeals, SRB. The Appellate Tribunal, SRB has remanded back the case to the Commissioner Appeals SRB to pass fresh speaking order after verifying the records on merit.

During the year ended 30 June 2021, Commissioner Appeals - SRB issued an Order on 28 June 2021 whereby the demand raised by AC SRB amounting to Rs. 10.62 million was comfirmed in totality. The Company, being aggreived with said order, filed appeal before the Appellate Tribunal, SRB against aforesaid order. The stay was granted by Appellate Tribunal on 06 July 2021. The Company in consultation with its tax consultant anticipates a favourable outcome of the aforesaid appeal/case.

- 20.9 During the year ended 30 June 2019, the Sindh Revenue Board has issued two orders dated 03 October 2018 and 10 October 2018 raising a demand of Sindh Sales Tax Rs. 3.8 million and 1.2 million along with penalty of Rs. 4.04 million and Rs. 1.4 million respectively wherein input tax claimed by the Company against various transactions has been disallowed by the assessing Officer on the ground that the output tax against the same has not been offered by the respective vendors. Appeals against the aforesaid both orders have been filed before the Commissioner Appeals, SRB which is still pending. On the basis of factual and legal grounds, the Company in consultation with its tax consultant anticipates a favorable outcome of the aforesaid appeal.
- 20.10 The DCIR vide notice dated 6 March 2020 issued under section 182 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 initiated proceedings for levy of penalty of Rs. 2.97 million for alleged failure to furnish the return under section 114 by due date. The Company have submitted its reply in consultation with its tax consultant and anticipates a favorable outcome of the aforesaid reply.
- 20.11 The DCIR vide notice dated 13 September 2018 issued under section 214D of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 requested for audit and furnishing of detail, evidences and information. The Company have submitted its reply in consultation with its tax consultant for drop of proceeding initiated under section 214D as the selection of audit was made after the provision of section 214D were ommitted by the Finance Act 2018. The Company anticipates a favourable outcome of the aforesaid reply.
- **20.12** The DCIR vide notice dated 17 January 2020 issued under section 161(1A) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 initiated proceedings regarding monitoring of withholding taxes pertaining to tax year 2018. Requisite details have been submitted to the department.
- 20.13 During the year ended 30 June 2021, the Sindh Revenue Board issued a Show Cause Notice on 15 April 2021 on account of short payment of Sindh Sales Tax amounting to Rs. 9.97 million pertaining to Tax Periods July 2015 till June 2016. The Company in consultation with its tax consultant anticipates a favourable outcome of the Show Cause.

MANAGEMENT FEE / INVESTMENT	Note	2021	2020	
ADVISORY FEE		(Rupe	(Rupees)	
Collective Investment Schemes - related parties				
MCB Cash Management Optimizer		113,905,358	107,718,466	
MCB DCF Income Fund		68,375,349	75,210,236	
MCB Pakistan Asset Allocation Fund		33,024,003	33,875,018	
Alhamra Islamic Money Market Fund (Formerly: MCB Pakistan Frequent	Payout Fund)	3,983,829	3,293,884	
MCB Pakistan Sovereign Fund		13,246,798	51,430,415	
MCB Pakistan Stock Market Fund		258,317,102	200,056,654	
Pakistan Cash Management Fund		3,693,028	3,006,590	
Pakistan Capital Market Fund		13,229,329	10,551,381	
Pakistan Income Enhancement Fund		7,928,518	13,518,645	
Pakistan Income Fund		50,679,459	30,545,698	
Alhamra Islamic Income Fund		24,059,931	29,613,509	
Alhamra Islamic Stock Fund		78,026,666	59,851,221	
Alhamra Islamic Asset Allocation Fund		69,111,498	53,240,826	
Alhamra Active Asset Allocation Fund Plan I		38,678	206,419	
Alhamra Active Asset Allocation Fund Plan II		42,489	117,047	
Alhamra Daily Dividend Fund		6,319,526	7,646,973	
Alhamra Smart Portfolio Fund		3,297	-	
		743,984,858	679,882,982	
Pension schemes - related parties				
Alhamra Islamic Pension Fund		20,803,805	15,561,717	
Pakistan Pension Fund		31,446,417	28,170,523	
		52,250,222	43,732,240	
	21.1	796,235,080	723,615,222	
Investment advisory fee from discretionary and non discretionary				
portfolio management	21.2	53,612,886	37,837,104	
		849,847,966	761,452,326	
Less: Sindh sales tax		(97,770,120)	(87,600,710)	
		752,077,846	673,851,616	

- 21.1 Management fee from open-end Collective Investment Schemes is calculated by charging the specified rates to the net asset value / income of such schemes as at the close of business of each calendar day. In accordance with Regulation 61 of the NBFC Regulations, 2008, the fee so charged to Collective Investment Schemes shall be within allowed expense ratio limit and shall not exceed the maximum rate of management fee as disclosed in the Offering Document.
- 21.2 The Company is managing investments under discretionary and non discretionary portfolio management agreements. Investment advisory fee from the discretionary portfolios is calculated on a daily / monthly basis by charging specified rates to the net asset value of the portfolios as stated in the respective agreements with the clients. Details of this portfolio are given in note 1.4 of these financial statements.

### 22 PROFIT ON BANK DEPOSITS

This represents income earned under interest / mark-up arrangements with conventional and islamic banks.

23	REALIZED GAIN ON SALE OF INVESTMENTS - NET	2021	2020
		(Rupe	es)

Gain on redemption of units of collective investment schemes 49,793,111 67,277,271

24	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES	Note	2021	2020
27	ADMINIOTRATIVE EXI ENGES	TVOIC	(Rupe	
	Salaries, allowances and other benefits		311,881,716	271,073,192
	Legal and professional charges		11,955,104	7,402,138
	Travelling and conveyance charges		852,307	1,071,302
	Rent, utilities, repairs and maintenance		51,254,987	70,938,970
	Office supplies		4,241,423	1,058,741
	Auditors' remuneration	24.2	3,346,303	3,333,567
	Directors' meeting fee		10,275,000	6,150,000
	Insurance		1,737,088	2,062,412
	Depreciation on property and equipment	5.1	19,119,350	34,225,470
	Depreciation on right of use assets	5.2.1	17,783,772	10,348,204
	Amortization	5.3	11,779,098	13,164,079
	Stamp duty and taxes		888,696	8,212,200
	Registrar fee		679,234	551,253
	Printing and stationery		4,026,744	4,878,539
	Telephone expenses		5,002,793	4,497,172
	Entertainment expenses		3,446,844	2,735,679
	Books, periodicals and subscription		23,626,285	20,397,977
	Provision against advisory fee receivable	10.2		448,942
	Write off / impairment on property and equipment	5.1	4,768,237	4,269,937
			486,664,981	466,819,774
	Charged to the Collective Investment Schemes (CISs)	24.1	(63,229,639)	(51,653,673)
	Charged to the Concert investment Concertes (Clos)	24.1	423,435,342	415,166,101
			423,435,342	413,100,101

24.1 The SECP vide S.R.O No. 1160 (1) / 2015 dated 25 November 2015 introduced amendments in the NBFC Regulations 2008. As a result of these amendments, the management company may charge fees and expenses pertaining to registrar services, accounting, operations on Collective Investment Schemes up to a maximum of 0.1% of average annual net assets of the scheme. The maximum cap of 0.1% of average annual net assets was removed by SECP vide S.R.O No. 639 (1) / 2019. However the amount charged cannot be more than the related actual expenses. Accordingly, expenses amounting to Rs. 63.23 million (2020: Rs. 51.65 million) have been charged by the Company to the respective Collective Investment Schemes (CISs) under its management during the year.

24.2	Auditors' remuneration	Note	2021 (Rup	2020 <b>ees)</b>
	Audit fee Half yearly review fee Fee for the review of compliance with the best practices of the Code of		2,434,500 348,000	2,434,500 348,000
	Corporate Governance Out of pocket expenses		96,000 467,803 3,346,303	96,000 455,067 3,333,567
25	SELLING AND DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES			
	Salaries, allowances and other benefits Commission expense Marketing and other expenses Depreciation on right of use assets Other branches expenses Printing and stationery	25.1	152,567,297 101,549,220 54,941,453 13,153,681 10,420,724 1,046,107 333,678,482	131,480,755 104,041,657 47,570,606 16,725,774 7,626,308 1,650,033 309,095,133
	Charged to the Collective Investment Schemes (CISs)	25.2	(262,026,882) 71,651,600	(244,253,823) 64,841,310

- 25.1 This includes an amount of Rs. 21.228 million (2020: Rs. 32.909 million) pertaining to MCB Bank Limited (a related party).
- 25.2 SECP vide its Circular 40/2016 dated 30 December 2016, prescribed certain conditions on Asset Management Companies (AMCs) for charging of selling and marketing expenses to open end equity, asset allocation and index funds initially for three years (from 01 January 2017 till 31 December 2019) for opening of new branches in cities, except Karachi, Lahore, Islamabad and Rawalpindi. The said condition was amended through Circular No. 11 of 2019 dated 5 June 2019, according to which an AMC may charge selling and marketing expenses to all types of open end mutual funds except for Fund of Funds against the cost pertaining to opening and maintenance of all branches in all cities. Under this circular, expenses amounting to Rs. 262.027 million (2020: 244.254 million) have been charged by the Company to the respective Collective Investment Schemes (CISs) under its management during the year which is less than the actual related expenses.

26	FINANCIAL CHARGES	Note	2021	2020
20		77010	(Rupe	
	Bank charges		442,031	1,301,942
	Interest on lease liability against right-of-use assets	12	7,001,516	6,935,088
		:	7,443,547	8,237,030
27	WORKERS' WELFARE FUND			
	Workers' welfare fund	:	9,900,000	7,000,000
28	OTHER INCOME AND OTHER EXPENSES			
28.1	Other income:			
	Income from financial instruments			
	Liability no longer payable written back		-	3,479,010
	Interest income on housing finance loan		537,052	608,758
	Income from non-financial instruments			
	Gain on disposal of fixed assets - net		2,461,340	-
	Others		442,997	841,521
		:	3,441,389	4,929,289
28.2	Other expenses			
	Net loss on disposal of fixed assets	:	<del>-</del>	(104,219)
29	TAXATION			
	Current		100,510,480	73,458,995
	Prior		(3,446,922)	346,901
			97,063,558	73,805,896
	Deferred	18.1	11,208,060	13,625,880
		29.1	108,271,618	87,431,776
29.1	Relationship between income tax expense and acco	unting profit		
	Accounting profit for the year before taxation		484,705,781	345,100,890
	Tax at the applicable rate of 29% (2020: 29%)		140,564,676	100,079,258
	Tax effect of income taxed at lower rate		(37,251,820)	(30,883,911)
	Inadmissible expenses		8,405,684	17,889,528
	Prior year tax		(3,446,922)	346,901 97 431 776
		;	108,271,618	87,431,776

29.2 The income tax returns upto tax year 2020 have been filed under the self assessment scheme and are deemed to be finalized under section 120 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. Deemed assessments for certain tax years have been amended by the department on account of various issues as explained in note 20 to the financial statements.

#### 30 EARNINGS PER SHARE

#### 30.1 Basic

Earnings per share has been computed by dividing profit after taxation for the year by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year:

2021 (Rupees)

Profit for the year after taxation **376,434,163** 257,669,113

(Number of shares)

Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year

**72,000,000** 72,000,000

(Rupees)

Basic earnings per share

**5.23** 3.58

#### 30.2 Diluted

Diluted earnings per share has not been presented as the Company does not have any convertible instruments in issue as at 30 June 2021 and 2020 which would have any effect on the earnings per share if the option to convert is exercised.

31 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Note 2021

2020

2020

(Rupees)

Cash and bank balances

15

43,929,106

19,814,591

#### 32 REMUNERATION TO THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

The aggregate amount charged in the financial statements for the remuneration including all benefits to the Chief Executive Officer, Directors and Executives of the Company is as follows:

		2021		2020			
Particulars	Chief Executive Officer	Directors	Executives	Chief Executive Officer	Directors	Executives	
			(F	Rupees)			
Managerial remuneration	12,431,388	-	63,651,045	10,968,876	-	55,084,986	
Year-end incentive	8,000,000	-	28,985,750	6,000,000	-	16,393,000	
Rent and house maintenance	5,594,124	-	28,642,994	4,935,996	-	24,788,262	
Car allowance	4,299,680	-	20,380,193	4,641,600	-	17,581,226	
Utilities	1,243,140	-	6,365,133	1,096,884	-	5,508,495	
Medical	1,243,140	-	6,365,037	1,096,884	-	5,508,495	
Retirement benefits	1,104,249	-	5,514,234	915,264	-	4,550,557	
Meeting fee	-	10,275,000	-	-	6,150,000	-	
Others	647,890	-	2,209,654	470,201	-	1,853,054	
	34,563,611	10,275,000	162,114,040	30,125,705	6,150,000	131,268,075	
Number of persons	1	8	27	1	7	21	

Executive means an employee of a listed company other than the chief executive and directors whose basic salary exceeds Rs. 1.2 million in a financial year. The chief executive officer and executives are also provided with medical facilities in accordance with their entitlements.

The Company is also providing a personal secretary, servant and health insurance facilities to Vice Chairman.

#### 33 OPERATING SEGMENTS

The Company functions as a single operating segment. Income derived from the management fee of open-end collective investment schemes and pension funds and that derived from the management of discretionary portfolios account for 94% and 6% (2020: 96% and 4%) respectively of the total income earned during the year.

#### 34 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

#### Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Board of Directors of the Company has the overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. The Board of Directors is also responsible for developing and monitoring the Company's risk management policies. The Company has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- Market risk
- Liquidity risk
- Credit risk

#### 34.1 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or the future cash flows of a financial instrument may fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices (e.g. foreign exchange rates, interest rates, equity prices, etc.). The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the returns to shareholders.

The Company's policy is to manage market risk through diversification and selection of securities within specified limits set by the Board of Directors.

Market risk comprises of three types of risk: currency risk, yield / interest rate risk and other price risk.

#### 34.1.1 Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Presently, the Company is not exposed to currency risk as all transactions are carried out in Pak Rupees.

#### 34.1.2 Yield / interest rate risk

Yield / interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

#### Exposure to interest rate risk

The interest rate profile of the Company's interest-bearing financial instruments is as follows:

Variable rate instrument	2021	2020
	(Rupe	es)
Loans to employees	4,306,289	4,376,577
Bank balances (saving accounts)	10,156,387	10,172,752
	14.462.676	14,549,329

#### Fixed rate instrument

The Company does not have any exposure to fixed rate financial instruments.

Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

A reasonably possible change of 100 basis points in interest rates at the reporting date would have increased / decreased the statement of financial position and statement of profit or loss account by Rs. 0.15 million (2020: Rs. 0.15 million). The analysis assumes that all other variables remain constant.

None of the Company's liabilities are subject to interest rate risk.

The Company's net exposure to interest rate risk, analysed by the earlier of contractual repricing o r maturity date is as follows:

					2021			
			Interest / m	ark-up bearing				
Particulars	Maturity up to one month	Maturity over one month to three months	Maturity over three months to six months	Maturity over six months to one year	Maturity after one year	Sub- total	Non-interest / mark up bearing	Total
					(Rupees)			
On balance sheet financial instruments								
Financial assets								
Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,324,355,401	1,324,355,401
Loans	50,000	100,000	151,269	199,998	3,805,022	4,306,289	5,875,024	10,181,313
Long-term deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,994,903	4,994,903
Receivable from related parties  Deposits and other receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	543,936,536 15,093,695	543,936,536 15,093,695
Accrued mark-up	-	_	-	_	-	_	22,487	22,487
Cash and bank balances	10,156,387	_	_	_	-	10,156,387	33,772,719	43,929,106
Oash and bank balances	10,206,387	100,000	151,269	199,998	3,805,022	14,462,676	1,928,050,765	1,942,513,441
Financial liabilities	, .,,				.,,.	, . , .	, ,,,,,	, , , , ,
Lease liability against right-of-use assets	1,139,685	6,349,093	8,980,401	15,877,921	18,001,467	50,348,567	-	50,348,567
Unclaimed dividend	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,672,994	4,672,994
Trade and other payables	=	-	-	-	-	-	179,498,583	179,498,583
	1,139,685	6,349,093	8,980,401	15,877,921	18,001,467	50,348,567	184,171,577	234,520,144
On-balance sheet gap (a) *	9,066,702	(6,249,093)	(8,829,132)	(15,677,923)	(14,196,445)	(35,885,891)	1,743,879,188	1,707,993,297
Off-balance sheet gap (b)		-	-	-	-	-		
Total interest rate sensitivity gap (a+b)	9,066,702	(6,249,093)	(8,829,132)	(15,677,923)	(14,196,445)	(35,885,891)		
Cumulative interest rate								
sensitivity gap	9,066,702	2,817,609	(6,011,523)	(21,689,446)	(35,885,891)	(71,771,782)		
					2020			
			Interest / n	nark-up bearing				
Particulars	Maturity up to one month	Maturity over one month to three months	Maturity over three months to six months	Maturity over six months to one year	Maturity after one year	Sub- total	Non-interest / mark up bearing	Total
					(Rupees)			
On balance sheet financial instruments Financial assets								
Investments	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,195,184,307	1,195,184,307
Loans	17,967	36,632	56,740	120,246	4,144,992	4,376,577	2,562,374	6,938,951
Long-term deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,289,229	5,289,229
Receivable from related parties	-	-	-	-	-	-	537,446,025	537,446,025
Deposits and other receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,500,828	13,500,828
Accrued mark-up	-	-	-	-	-	-	24,966	24,966
Cash and bank balances	10,172,752		-	400.07	-	10,172,752	9,641,839	19,814,591
Financial liabilities	10,190,719	36,632	56,740	120,246	4,144,992	14,549,329	1,763,649,568	1,778,198,897
Lease liability against right-of-use assets	282,676	6,431,592	6,732,901	13,744,169	33,454,709	60,646,047		60,646,047
Unclaimed dividend	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,586,000	4,586,000
Trade and other payables					<u> </u>	-	130,753,506	130,753,506
	282,676	6,431,592	6,732,901	13,744,169	33,454,709	60,646,047	135,339,506	195,985,553
On-balance sheet gap (a) *	9,908,043	(6,394,960)	(6,676,161)	(13,623,923)	(29,309,717)	(46,096,718)	1,628,310,062	1,582,213,344
Off-balance sheet gap (b)								
Total interest rate sensitivity gap (a+b)	9,908,043	(6,394,960)	(6,676,161)	(13,623,923)	(29,309,717)	(46,096,718)		
Cumulative interest rate sensitivity gap	9,908,043	3,513,083	(3,163,078)	(16,787,001)	(46,096,718)	(92,193,436)		

<sup>\*</sup> The on-balance sheet gap represents the net amounts of on-balance sheet items.

#### 34.1.3 Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk) whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market.

The Company is exposed to price risk because of investments held by the Company in units of open-end collective investment schemes and pension funds managed by the Company itself. The investments are marked to market based on the net assets value which are declared for each fund on a daily basis. Senior management of the Company reviews these investments on a regular basis. Furthermore, the Investment Committee of the Company also reviews and approves all significant investment decisions.

In case of 1% increase / decrease in the net asset values of the investments subject to price risk, the profit for the year after taxation of the Company would be higher / lower by Rs. 13.244 million (2020: Rs. 11.952 million), other comprehensive income for the year would be higher / lower by Rs. Nil (2020: Rs. Nil) and total comprehensive income for the year would be higher / lower by Rs. 13.244 million (2020: Rs. 11.952 million).

#### 34.2 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The entire portfolio of financial assets of the Company (except for cash in hand) is subject to credit risk. However, the management believes that the Company's credit risk is minimal as major portion of financial assets comprise investments in or receivables from its Funds under management which are financially sound.

The Company's financial assets are neither past due nor impaired as at the reporting date.

The maximum exposure to credit risk before any credit enhancements at 30 June 2021 is the carrying amount of the financial assets as set out below:

		2021	2020
Financial assets	Note	(Rup	ees)
Investments	6 & 13	1,324,355,401	1,195,184,307
Long term deposits		4,994,903	5,289,229
Loans	7.3	10,181,313	6,938,951
Receivable from related parties	8	543,936,536	537,446,025
Deposits and other receivables	10	15,093,695	13,500,828
Accrued mark-up		22,487	24,966
Bank balances	15	43,924,284	19,809,091
		1,942,508,619	1,778,193,397

Latest ratings of the Funds from which amounts are receivable or where the Company has invested in are as follows:

	As at 30 June 2021	As at 30 June 2020	Rating agency
		(Stability rating)	
MCB Cash Management Optimizer	AA+(f)	AA+(f)	PACRA
MCB DCF Income Fund	AA-(f)	AA-(f)	PACRA
Alhamra Islamic Income Fund	AA-(f)	AA-(f)	PACRA
MCB Pakistan Sovereign Fund	AA-(f)	AA-(f)	PACRA
Pakistan Cash Management Fund	AA+(f)	AA+(f)	PACRA
Pakistan Income Enhancement Fund	A+(f)	A+(f)	PACRA
Pakistan Income Fund	A+(f)	A+(f)	PACRA
Alhamra Daily Dividend Fund	AA-(f)	AA-(f)	PACRA
Alhamra Islamic Money Market Fund	AA(f)	-	PACRA

Ratings of other Funds are not available.

Latest available ratings of banks with which deposits are kept are as follows:

	As at 30	As at 30 June 2021		As at 30 June 2020		
BANK	Short-term	Long-term	Short-term	Long-term	_	
MCB Bank Limited	A1+	AAA	A1+	AAA	PACRA	
Summit Bank Limited	A-1	A-	A-1	A-	JCR-VIS	
Faysal Bank Limited	A1+	AA	A1+	AA	PACRA	
MCB Islamic Bank Limited	<b>A1</b>	Α	A1	Α	PACRA	
Bank Alfalah Limited	A1+	AA+	A1+	AA+	PACRA	

#### 34.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting its financial obligations as they fall due. Liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the Company could be required to pay its liabilities earlier than expected or difficulty in raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial liabilities as they fall due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation. Following are the contractual maturities of the Company's financial liabilities (based on the remaining period to maturity):

				2021		
		Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	Six months or less	Six to twelve months	One to Five Years
	Non-Derivative Financial liabilities Lease liability against right-of-use assets Trade and other payables	50,348,567 179,498,583	55,172,772 179,498,583	(Rupees) 16,173,550 179,498,583	20,184,227	18,814,995
	Unclaimed dividend	4,672,994	4,672,994	4,672,994		
		234,520,144	239,344,349	200,345,127	20,184,227	18,814,995
				2020		
		Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	Six months or less	Six to twelve months	One to Five Years
	N 5 1 0 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			(Rupees)		
	Non-Derivative Financial liabilities Lease liability against right-of-use assets	60,646,047	70,465,840	20,251,773	13,595,669	36,618,398
	Trade and other payables	130,753,506	130,753,506	130,753,506	13,595,669	30,010,390
	Unclaimed dividend	4,586,000	4,586,000	4,586,000	-	
	Officialified dividend	195,985,553	205,805,346	155,591,279	13,595,669	36,618,398
		100,000,000	200,000,010	100,001,210	10,000,000	00,010,000
35	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS OF LIABILITIES TO	-		202		
	CASH FLOWS ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		Lease liability	ilities Unclaimed	Reserve Unappropriated	Total
			against right-of-	dividend	profit	
			use assets	aividend	pront	
				(Rupe	es)	
	Balance as at 1 July 2020		60,646,047	4,586,000	494,695,426	559,927,473
	Profit for the year Dividend declared during the year		-	324,000,000	376,434,163	376,434,163
	Dividend paid during the year		•	(324,000,000)	(324,000,000)	(324,000,000)
	Interest exepense on lease / addition		23,373,243	(324,000,000)		23,373,243
	Lease rental paid		(33,670,723)	_	_	(33,670,723)
	Balance as at 30 June 2021		50,348,567	4,586,000	547,129,589	602,064,156
				202	20	
		•	Liab	oilities	Reserve	Total
			Lease liability	Unclaimed	Unappropriated	
			against right-of- use assets - Current	dividend	profit	
				(Rupe	es)	
	Balance as at 1 July 2019			4,256,938	406,226,313	410,483,251
	Profit for the year		-	-,250,950	257,669,113	257,669,113
	Dividend declared during the year		_	169,200,000	(169,200,000)	201,000,110
	Dividend paid during the year		_	(168,870,938)	(.55,255,566)	(168,870,938)
	Recognition of lease liability on adpotion of IFRS 16		87,884,669	-	-	87,884,669
	Recognition of lease liability on aupotion of IFRS 10					
	Lease rental paid		(27,238,622)	-	-	(27,238,622)
				4,586,000	494,695,426	(27,238,622) 559,927,473

#### 36 FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or liability settled, between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction. Consequently, differences can arise between carrying values and fair value estimates.

Underlying the definition of fair value is the presumption that the Company is a going concern without any intention or requirement to curtail materially the scale of its operations or to undertake a transaction on adverse terms.

The fair values of investments in units of open-end collective investment schemes and pension schemes are based on the net assets value announced by the Company at each reporting date.

The estimated fair value of all other assets and liabilities is considered not to be significantly different from carrying values as the items are either short-term in nature or are periodically repriced.

#### Fair value hierarchy

International Financial Reporting Standard 13, 'Fair Value Measurement' requires the Company to classify fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Level 1
  - quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2

inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices) (level 2); and

- Level 3

inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (i.e. unobservable inputs) (level 3).

The table below analyses financial instruments measured at the end of the reporting period by the level in the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurement is categorized:

On-balance sheet				As at 30 June 2	2021				
financial instruments		Carryin	g amount		Fair value				
	Financial assets at FVTPL	Amortised cost	Other financial liabilities	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
Financial assets				(Rupees)					
measured at fair value									
Long-term investments	638,596,952	-	-	638,596,952	_	638,596,952		638,596,952	
Short-term investments	685,758,449	-	-	685,758,449	-	685,758,449		685,758,449	
	1,324,355,401	-	-	1,324,355,401				, ,	
Financial assets not									
measured at fair value									
Loans	-	10,181,313	-	10,181,313					
Long-term deposits	-	4,994,903	-	4,994,903					
Receivable from related parties	-	543,936,536	-	543,936,536					
Deposits and other receivables	-	15,093,695	-	15,093,695					
Accrued mark-up	-	22,487	-	22,487					
Cash and bank balances		43,929,106	-	43,929,106					
		618,158,040	-	618,158,040					
Financial liabilities not									
measured at fair value									
Unclaimed dividend	-	-	4,672,994	4,672,994					
	-	-	179,498,583	179,498,583					
Trade and other payables									
Trade and other payables	-	•	184,171,577	184,171,577					
On-balance sheet	-	-	184,171,577	184,171,577 As at 30 June 2	020				
			184,171,577 g amount		020	Fai	r value		
On-balance sheet	Investments		, ,		020 Level 1	Fai Level 2	r value Level 3	Total	
On-balance sheet		Carryin Loans and	g amount Other financial	As at 30 June 2	Level 1			Total	
On-balance sheet financial instruments		Carryin Loans and	g amount Other financial	As at 30 June 2	Level 1	Level 2		Total	
On-balance sheet financial instruments Financial assets		Carryin Loans and	g amount Other financial	As at 30 June 2	Level 1	Level 2			
On-balance sheet financial instruments Financial assets measured at fair value	Investments	Carryin Loans and	g amount Other financial	As at 30 June 2  Total (Rupees)	Level 1	Level 2			
On-balance sheet financial instruments  Financial assets measured at fair value Long-term investments	Investments 533,563,426	Carryin Loans and receivables	ig amount Other financial liabilities	As at 30 June 2  Total  (Rupees)	Level 1	Level 2 533,563,426		533,563,426	
On-balance sheet financial instruments  Financial assets measured at fair value Long-term investments	Investments 533,563,426 661,620,881	Carryin Loans and receivables - -	ig amount Other financial liabilities - -	As at 30 June 2  Total  (Rupees)(Rupees)(661,620,881	Level 1	Level 2 533,563,426		533,563,426	
On-balance sheet financial instruments  Financial assets measured at fair value Long-term investments Short-term investments	Investments 533,563,426 661,620,881	Carryin Loans and receivables - -	ig amount Other financial liabilities - -	As at 30 June 2  Total  (Rupees)(Rupees)(661,620,881	Level 1	Level 2 533,563,426		533,563,426	
On-balance sheet financial instruments  Financial assets measured at fair value Long-term investments Short-term investments  Financial assets not	Investments 533,563,426 661,620,881	Carryin Loans and receivables - -	ig amount Other financial liabilities - -	As at 30 June 2  Total  (Rupees)(Rupees)(661,620,881	Level 1	Level 2 533,563,426		533,563,426	
On-balance sheet financial instruments  Financial assets measured at fair value Long-term investments Short-term investments  Financial assets not measured at fair value	Investments 533,563,426 661,620,881	Carryin Loans and receivables	ig amount Other financial liabilities - -	As at 30 June 2  Total  (Rupees)  533,563,426 661,620,881 1,195,184,307	Level 1	Level 2 533,563,426		533,563,426	
On-balance sheet financial instruments  Financial assets	Investments 533,563,426 661,620,881	Carryin Loans and receivables 6,938,951	ig amount Other financial liabilities - -	As at 30 June 2  Total  (Rupees) - 533,563,426 661,620,881 1,195,184,307	Level 1	Level 2 533,563,426		533,563,426	
On-balance sheet financial instruments  Financial assets measured at fair value Long-term investments Short-term investments  Financial assets not measured at fair value Loans Long-term deposits	Investments 533,563,426 661,620,881	Carryin Loans and receivables 6,938,951 5,289,229	ig amount Other financial liabilities - -	As at 30 June 2  Total  (Rupees)  533,563,426 661,620,881 1,195,184,307	Level 1	Level 2 533,563,426		533,563,426	
On-balance sheet financial instruments  Financial assets measured at fair value Long-term investments Short-term investments  Financial assets not measured at fair value Loans Long-term deposits Receivable from related parties	Investments 533,563,426 661,620,881	Carryin Loans and receivables 6,938,951 5,289,229 537,446,025	ig amount Other financial liabilities - -	As at 30 June 2  Total  (Rupees)  533,563,426 661,620,881 1,195,184,307  6,938,951 5,289,229 537,446,025 13,500,828	Level 1	Level 2 533,563,426		533,563,426	
On-balance sheet financial instruments  Financial assets measured at fair value Long-term investments Short-term investments  Financial assets not measured at fair value Loans Long-term deposits Receivable from related parties Deposit and other receivables	Investments 533,563,426 661,620,881	Carryin Loans and receivables  6,938,951 5,289,229 537,446,025 13,500,828	ig amount Other financial liabilities - -	As at 30 June 2  Total  (Rupees)  533,563,426 661,620,881 1,195,184,307  6,938,951 5,289,229 537,446,025 13,500,828 24,966	Level 1	Level 2 533,563,426		533,563,426	
On-balance sheet financial instruments  Financial assets measured at fair value Long-term investments Short-term investments  Financial assets not measured at fair value Loans Long-term deposits Receivable from related parties Deposit and other receivables Accrued mark-up	533,563,426 661,620,881 1,195,184,307	Carryin Loans and receivables  6,938,951 5,289,229 537,446,025 13,500,828 24,966	g amount  Other financial liabilities	As at 30 June 2  Total  (Rupees)  533,563,426 661,620,881 1,195,184,307  6,938,951 5,289,229 537,446,025 13,500,828	Level 1	Level 2 533,563,426		533,563,426	
On-balance sheet financial instruments  Financial assets measured at fair value Long-term investments Short-term investments  Financial assets not measured at fair value Loans Long-term deposits Receivable from related parties Deposit and other receivables Accrued mark-up	533,563,426 661,620,881 1,195,184,307	Carryin Loans and receivables  6,938,951 5,289,229 537,446,025 13,500,828 24,966 19,814,591	og amount Other financial liabilities	As at 30 June 2  Total  (Rupees)  533,563,426 661,620,881 1,195,184,307  6,938,951 5,289,229 537,446,025 13,500,828 24,966 19,814,591	Level 1	Level 2 533,563,426		533,563,426	
On-balance sheet financial instruments  Financial assets measured at fair value Long-term investments Short-term investments  Financial assets not measured at fair value Loans Loans Long-term deposits Receivable from related parties Deposit and other receivables Accrued mark-up Cash and bank balances	533,563,426 661,620,881 1,195,184,307	Carryin Loans and receivables  6,938,951 5,289,229 537,446,025 13,500,828 24,966 19,814,591	og amount Other financial liabilities	As at 30 June 2  Total  (Rupees)  533,563,426 661,620,881 1,195,184,307  6,938,951 5,289,229 537,446,025 13,500,828 24,966 19,814,591	Level 1	Level 2 533,563,426		533,563,426	
On-balance sheet financial instruments  Financial assets measured at fair value Long-term investments Short-term investments  Financial assets not measured at fair value Loans Loans Long-term deposits Receivable from related parties Deposit and other receivables Accrued mark-up Cash and bank balances  Financial liabilities not	533,563,426 661,620,881 1,195,184,307	Carryin Loans and receivables  6,938,951 5,289,229 537,446,025 13,500,828 24,966 19,814,591	og amount Other financial liabilities	As at 30 June 2  Total  (Rupees)  533,563,426 661,620,881 1,195,184,307  6,938,951 5,289,229 537,446,025 13,500,828 24,966 19,814,591	Level 1	Level 2 533,563,426		533,563,426	
On-balance sheet financial instruments  Financial assets measured at fair value Long-term investments Short-term investments  Financial assets not measured at fair value Loans Loans Long-term deposits Receivable from related parties Deposit and other receivables Accrued mark-up Cash and bank balances  Financial liabilities not measured at fair value	533,563,426 661,620,881 1,195,184,307	Carryin Loans and receivables  6,938,951 5,289,229 537,446,025 13,500,828 24,966 19,814,591	g amount Other financial liabilities	As at 30 June 2  Total  533,563,426 661,620,881 1,195,184,307  6,938,951 5,289,229 537,446,025 13,500,828 24,966 19,814,591 583,014,590	Level 1	Level 2 533,563,426		533,563,426	

#### 37 CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company's objectives when managing capital are:

- to safeguard the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns to shareholders and benefits to other stakeholders, and
- to provide an adequate return to shareholders by pricing products and services that commensurate with the level of risk.

The Company is subject to externally imposed minimum equity requirement laid down under the NBFC Rules, 2003 and the NBFC Regulation, 2008 for providing asset management services and investment advisory services and is required to maintain Rs. 230 million equity.

The Company sets the amount of capital in proportion to risk. The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. Currently, the Company is financing its operations through equity and working capital.

#### 38 TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

MCB Bank Limited (MCB) holds 51.33% ordinary shares of the Company as at the year end. Therefore, all subsidiaries and associated undertakings of MCB are related parties of the Company. Other related parties comprise of Arif Habib Corporation Limited with a holding percentage of 30%, companies having common directorship, collective investment schemes and voluntary pension schemes managed by the Company, directors, key management personnel and their close family members and retirement benefit plan. Contributions for staff retirement benefits are made as per the service rules. Transactions with the key management personnel comprising of their remuneration and loans are as per the terms of employees. Other transactions are at agreed rates. Details of such transaction are as follows:

#### 38.1 Transactions with related parties during the year

Name of the related party	Relationship and percentage of shareholding	Nature of transaction	2021 (Rupe	2020 ees)
MCB BANK LIMITED	Parent company with 51.33% Holding	Commission and other expenses Profit on bank deposits Bank charges Branch sharing expenses Dividend paid Rent as per rental agreement	39,482,665 1,100,072 418,768 2,918,040 166,305,456 3,600,000	31,756,623 3,404,504 485,751 2,918,040 86,848,405
MCB ISLAMIC BANK LIMITED	Subsidiary of Parent Company	Profit on bank deposits	14,487	18,613
NISHAT REAL ESTATE DEVELOPMENT COMPANY (PVT) LIMITED	Group Company of Parent Company	Rent expense	1,078,736	4,112,483
NISHAT MILLS LIMITED	Group Company of Parent Company	Gain on disposal	-	516,009
ADAMJEE LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED	Group Company of Parent Company	Investment advisory fee Amount paid against life assurance	29,049,502 2,536,337	20,226,346 11,461,130
ADAMJEE INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED	Group Company of Parent Company	Amount paid against insurance Amount received against insurance claim Dividend paid Rent Expense	18,814,140 - 24,579,000 20,535,625	9,934,772 6,420,084 10,910,345 11,165,000
Dolmen City REIT	Group Company of Associated Company	Investment advisory fee	-	94,521
ARIF HABIB CORPORATION LIMITED	Associate with 30.09% Holding Company	Dividend paid	97,488,752	-
MCB CASH MANAGEMENT OPTIMIZER	Funds under management	Management fee Reimbursement of expenses Selling and marketing Dividend Income Investment in units Redemption of units	100,801,203 23,726,302 - 13,153,768 4,282,129,797 4,831,992,057	95,326,076 19,381,299 34,991,563 15,796,808 7,863,350,328 7,547,710,761
MCB DCF INCOME FUND	Funds under management	Management fee Share of sales load Back end load Reimbursement of expenses Selling and marketing Investment in units Redemption of units	60,509,157 2,388,612 251,941 4,033,944 15,732,381 1,014,790 1,015,540	66,557,731 118,131 43,100 4,437,182 13,977,559 442,543,174 446,650,374
ALHAMRA ISLAMIC INCOME FUND	Funds under management	Management fee Share of sales load Reimbursement of expenses Sharia fee paid on behalf of the fund Investment in units Redemption of units Selling and marketing Back end load	21,291,973 1,591,871 6,704,743 744,193 - - 8,123,665 55,080	26,206,645 1,407,497 3,308,333 900,000 31,849 32,257 4,316,985
MCB PAKISTAN ASSET ALLOCATION FUND	Funds under management	Management fee Share of sales load Reimbursement of expenses Selling and marketing Back end load Redemption of units	29,224,782 377,845 1,244,539 11,084,595 16,391	29,977,892 335,456 1,664,666 15,730,552 2,069,071 64
ALHAMRA ISLAMIC MONEY MARKET FUND (Formerly : Mcb Pakistan Frequent Payout Fund)	Funds under management	Management fee Reimbursement of expenses Selling and marketing Share of sales load Sharia fee paid on behalf of the fund Investment in units Redemption of units Dividend Income Other Expenses	3,525,512 20,640 164,905 76,186 276,429 1,867,665,457 1,867,631,544 1,388,096 3,732,839	2,914,941 178,089 1,201,220 5,590 - - - - -

Name of the related party	Relationship and percentage of shareholding	Nature of transaction	2021 (Rupees	2020 <b>5)</b>
ALHAMRA ISLAMIC STOCK FUND	Funds under management	Management fee Share of sales load Reimbursement of expenses Selling and marketing Sharia fee paid on behalf of the fund Investment in units	69,050,147 826,405 3,452,507 44,882,596 744,193 25,000,000	52,965,681 554,402 2,648,283 28,788,631 900,000
MCB PAKISTAN SOVEREIGN FUND	Funds under management	Management fee Share of sales load Reimbursement of expenses Investment in units Redemption of units Selling and marketing	11,722,829 23,323 1,262,456 590,222 590,660 1,767,439	45,513,643 1,156,141 2,154,844 450,215,700 455,932,455 3,014,366
MCB PAKISTAN STOCK MARKET FUND	Funds under management	Management fee Share of sales load Back end load Reimbursement of expenses Selling and marketing Investment in units Redemption of units	228,599,206 4,874,861 - 11,429,960 148,589,484 447,420,886 465,000,000	177,041,287 1,226,379 6,744 8,852,063 99,928,897 389,604,452 565,369,324
PAKISTAN CAPITAL MARKET FUND	Funds under management	Management fee Share of sales load Reimbursement of expenses Selling and marketing	11,707,371 13,691 469,096 3,879,305	9,337,507 13,475 466,875 5,382,242
PAKISTAN CASH MANAGEMENT FUND	Funds under management	Management fee Reimbursement of expenses Investment in units Redemption of units Share of sales load	3,252,880 1,164,125 84 84 39,924	2,660,699 1,513,060 250,600,798 250,778,502
PAKISTAN INCOME ENHANCEMENT FUND	Funds under management	Management fee Share of sales load Reimbursement of expenses Investment in units Redemption of units Selling and marketing	7,016,389 160,951 686,426 - - - 3,195,090	11,963,403 333,362 708,783 - 290 3,400,581
PAKISTAN INCOME FUND	Funds under management	Management fee Share of sales load Reimbursement of expenses Selling and marketing Investment in units Redemption of units Dividend Income	44,849,079 3,723,810 5,309,004 2,592,765 895,291,631 512,317,732 4,769,279	27,031,592 353,082 1,640,108 2,127,512 199,475,848 200,746,301
ALHAMRA ISLAMIC ASSET ALLOCATION FUND	Funds under management	Management fee Share of sales load Back end load Reimbursement of expenses Selling and marketing Sharia fee paid on behalf of the fund	61,160,617 1,107,389 11,240,019 2,442,063 19,427,449 744,194	47,115,774 1,349,715 12,427,201 2,355,788 25,798,000 900,000
ALHAMRA ISLAMIC PENSION FUND	Funds under management	Management fee Share of sales load Contribution to fund on behalf of the employees	18,410,447 572,313 20,302,057	13,771,432 331,794 13,426,223
PAKISTAN PENSION FUND	Funds under management	Management fee Share of sales load Contribution to fund on behalf of the employees	27,828,686 671,739 6,970,224	24,929,665 239,490 4,591,244
AL-HAMRA ISLAMIC ACTIVE ASSET ALLOCATION FUND PLAN-I	Funds under management	Management fee Reimbursement of expenses	34,228 148,370	182,671 436,573
AL-HAMRA ISLAMIC ACTIVE ASSET ALLOCATION FUND PLAN-II	Funds under management	Management fee Reimbursement of expenses	37,600 143,106	103,580 324,256
AL-HAMRA SMART PORTFOLIO	Funds under management	Management fee Reimbursement of expenses Investment in units	2,918 6,590 120,000,000	- - -
ALHAMRA DAILY DIVIDEND FUND	Funds under management	Management fee Dividend Income Investment in units Redemption of units Reimbursement of expenses Selling and marketing Bank Charges Share of sales load	5,592,499 276,963 350,235,419 350,235,419 985,766 2,587,207 720,048 63,029	6,767,233 1,044,144 479,741 37,183,741 1,752,767 5,614,242

38.2	Amount outstanding at year end				
	Name of the related party	Relationship and percentage of shareholding	Nature of transaction	2021 (Rupees)	2020
	MCB BANK LIMITED	Parent company with 51.33% Holding	Bank balance Other payable Commission payable	11,755,764 4,380,075 4,492,704	10,067,104 4,380,075 3,671,827
	MCB ISLAMIC BANK LIMITED	Subsidiary of Parent Company	Bank balance Mark-up receivable	519,878 1,212	327,330 1,353
	ADAMJEE LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED	Group Company of Parent Company	Advisory fee receivable	2,736,923	2,860,457
	NISHAT REAL ESTATE DEVELOPMENT COMPANY (PVT.)LTD.	Group Company of Parent Company	Rent Deposit	-	784,326
	MCB DCF INCOME FUND	Funds under management	Remuneration receivable Sales Load Receivable Receivable against reimbursement of expenses Receivable against selling & marketing expenses Back end load receivable Federal excise duty on remuneration Federal excise duty on sales load	5,605,112 36,252 330,685 3,918,724 171,540 99,060,437 27,932,990	6,340,288 54,969 374,058 4,721,237 - 99,060,437 27,932,990
	MCB PAKISTAN ASSET ALLOCATION FUND	Funds under management	Remuneration receivable Sales Load Receivable Back end load receivable Receivable against reimbursement of expenses Receivable against selling & marketing expenses Federal excise duty on remuneration Federal excise duty on sales load	2,158,536 16,558 - 80,913 - 19,027,350 16,172,955	2,355,138 246,077 - 104,210 4,033,759 19,027,350 16,172,955
	MCB CASH MANAGEMENT OPTIMIZER	Funds under management	Remuneration receivable Receivable against reimbursement of expenses Sales Load Receivable Receivable against selling & marketing expenses Federal excise duty on remuneration Federal excise duty on sales load Closing balance of investment in units	9,201,283 995,781 - - 54,266,812 18,788 6,538,775	10,470,848 2,187,907 - 4,654,264 54,266,812 18,788 551,483,642
	ALHAMRA ISLAMIC INCOME FUND	Funds under management	Remuneration receivable Sales Load Receivable Receivable against reimbursement of expenses Receivable against Shariah Fee Receivable against selling & marketing expenses Federal excise duty on remuneration Federal excise duty on sales load	1,793,235 325,267 608,189 60,000 - 8,639,183 3,028,386	1,887,943 408,972 357,973 75,000 1,694,723 8,639,183 3,028,386
	MCB PAKISTAN STOCK MARKET FUND	Funds under management	Remuneration receivable Sales Load Receivable Other receivable Receivable against reimbursement of expenses Receivable against selling & marketing expenses Federal excise duty on remuneration Federal excise duty on sales load Closing balance of investment in units	23,299,687 836,859 - 1,030,960 38,437,423 54,773,935 3,932,683 146,676,096	15,904,439 183,846 - 703,736 28,269,543 54,773,935 3,932,683 109,436,502
	PAKISTAN INCOME FUND	Funds under management	Remuneration receivable Sales Load Receivable Receivable against reimbursement of expenses Receivable against selling & marketing expenses Federal excise duty on remuneration Federal excise duty on sales load Other Receivable Closing balance of investment in units	7,651,531 345,554 852,806 - 9,210,245 239,199 132,561 388,253,829	1,709,855 403,694 175,851 614,221 9,210,245 239,199 132,561
	MCB PAKISTAN SOVEREIGN FUND	Funds under management	Remuneration receivable Sales Load Receivable Receivable against reimbursement of expenses Receivable against selling & marketing expenses Federal excise duty on remuneration Federal excise duty on sales load	663,926 8 63,516 290,630 29,027,974 4,169,840	1,381,532 355,019 146,506 911,319 29,027,974 4,169,840
	PAKISTAN CAPITAL MARKET FUND	Funds under management	Remuneration receivable Sales Load Receivable Receivable against reimbursement of expenses	1,338,866 - 39,190	790,450 - 34,976
			Receivable against telling & marketing expenses Federal excise duty on remuneration Federal excise duty on sales load	5,872,250 392,742	1,439,534 5,872,250 392,742

Name of the related party	Relationship and percentage of shareholding	Nature of transaction	2021 (Rupe	2020 <b>es)</b>
ALHAMRA ISLAMIC STOCK FUND	Funds under management	Remuneration receivable Sales Load Receivable Receivable against reimbursement of expenses Receivable against selling & marketing expenses Receivable against Shariah Fee Federal excise duty on remuneration Federal excise duty on sales load Closing balance of investment in units	6,456,723 81,700 285,696 11,074,298 60,000 5,689,242 124,913 24,437,229	4,815,010 53,369 213,054 8,147,238 75,000 5,689,242 124,913
PAKISTAN PENSION FUND	Funds under management	Remuneration receivable Sales Load Receivable Federal excise duty on remuneration Closing balance of investment in units	2,547,807 - 5,976,465 311,872,289	2,358,801 258,193 5,976,465 266,239,774
ALHAMRA ISLAMIC ASSET ALLOCATION FUND	Funds under management	Remuneration receivable Sales Load Receivable Back end load receivable Receivable against reimbursement of expenses Receivable against selling & marketing expenses Receivable against Shariah Fee Federal excise duty on remuneration Federal excise duty on sales load	7,384,899 404,315 815,726 198,040 - 60,000 5,910,300 1,135,845	3,633,832 201,813 82,245 160,789 6,180,374 75,000 5,910,300 1,135,845
ALHAMRA ISLAMIC PENSION FUND	Funds under management	Remuneration receivable Sales Load Receivable Federal excise duty on remuneration Closing balance of investment in units	1,874,842 271,597 3,030,332 326,724,663	1,414,549 189,121 3,030,332 266,955,633
PAKISTAN SARMAYA MAHFOOZ FUND (Matured)	Funds under management	Federal excise duty on remuneration Federal excise duty on sales load	1,960,082 2,307,278	1,960,082 2,307,278
PAKISTAN CASH MANAGEMENT FUND	Funds under management	Remuneration receivable Receivable against reimbursement of expenses Sales load receivable Federal excise duty on remuneration	217,783 62,402 30,605 11,932,884	512,154 165,245 - 11,932,884
PAKISTAN INCOME ENHANCEMENT FUND	Funds under management	Remuneration receivable Sales Load Receivable Receivable against reimbursement of expenses Receivable against selling & marketing expenses Federal excise duty on remuneration Federal excise duty on sales load Other receivable	1,188,734 20,666 55,991 - 16,589,808 4,746,222 132,561	202,575 28,731 17,675 392,605 16,589,808 4,746,222 132,561
ALHAMRA ISLAMIC MONEY MARKET FUND (Formerly: MCB Pakistan Frequent Payout Fund)	Funds under management	Remuneration receivable Sales Load Receivable Receivable against reimbursement of expenses Receivable against selling & marketing expenses Receivable against Shariah Fee Federal excise duty on remuneration Federal excise duty on sales load Other payable	- 7,045 - - 60,000 840,741 3,624,619 (1,844,136)	221,657 14,639 11,794 290,448 - 840,741 3,624,619
AL-HAMRA ISLAMIC ACTIVE ASSET ALLOCATION FUND PLAN-I	Funds under management	Remuneration receivable Receivable against reimbursement of expenses	-	10,692 28,583
AL-HAMRA ISLAMIC ACTIVE ASSET ALLOCATION FUND PLAN-II	Funds under management	Remuneration receivable Receivable against reimbursement of expenses	-	5,132 14,847
ALHAMRA DAILY DIVIDEND FUND	Funds under management	Remuneration receivable Payable against bank charges Closing balance of investment in units Receivable against reimbursement of expenses Receivable against selling & marketing expenses Sales load receivable	433,744 (32,653) - - - 2,145	776,026 88,126 - 274,700 2,141,742
AL-HAMRA SMART PORTFOLIO	Funds under management	Remuneration receivable Receivable against reimbursement of expenses Closing balance of investment in units	3,298 6,590 119,852,520	- - -

Key management personnel of the Company comprises of the Directors, Chief Executive Officer and Executives. Their remuneration are disclosed in note 32 to the financial statements.

#### 39 NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES

The total number of employees as at year end were 311 (2020: 295) and average number of employees were 303 (2020: 311).

#### 40 NON-ADJUSTING EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

The Board of Directors in its meeting held on August 09, 2021 has declared final cash dividend of Rs. 2.75 per share (2020: Rs. 2.25 per share declared on 18 August 2020). These financial statements do not include the effect of this appropriation which will be accounted for in the financial statements of the Company for the year ending 30 June 2022.

#### 41 DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements were authorized for issue on August 09, 2021 by the Board of Directors of the Company.

#### 42 GENERAL

All amounts have been rounded off to the nearest rupee unless otherwise stated.

**Chief Executive Officer** 

**Chief Financial Officer** 

**Director** 

# FORM OF PROXY 21st ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING On October 26, 2021

The Company Secretary

### MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited

2<sup>nd</sup> Floor, Adamjee House, I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi.

I/We of	in the
district of	being a member of MCB-Arif Habib Savings and
Investments Limited, hereby appoint	
	as my/our proxy to vote for me/us and on my/our of the Company to be held on Tuesday, October 26, 202
Signed this da	y of 2021.
Signature on five Rupees Revenue Stamp	
(The signature should agree with the specimen registered with the	e Company)
1. WITNESS:	2. WITNESS:
Signature:	Signature:
Name:	Name:
Address:	Address:
CNIC/ Passport No.	CNIC/ Passport No.
Shareholder Folio No.	
CDC Participant ID No & Sub Account No.	

#### **Notes:**

- 1. This Proxy Form, duly completed and signed, must be received at the Registered Office of the Company at 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor, Adamjee House, I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi, Pakistan not less than 48 hours before the time of holding the meeting. A proxy need not be a member of the Company.
- 2. If a member appoints more than one proxy and more than one instruments of proxy are deposited by a member with the Company, all such instruments of the proxy shall be rendered invalid.
- 3. CDC share holders and their proxies are each requested to attach an attested photocopy of their Computerized National Identity Card or Passport with this proxy form before submission to the Company.
- 4. The proxy shall produce his/her original CNIC or original passport at the time of the meeting.
- 5. In case of a corporate entity, the Board of Directors resolution / power of attorney with specimen signature of the nominee shall be submitted (unless it has been provided earlier) along with proxy form to the Company.
- 6. Members are requested to notify any changes in their address immediately.

AFFIX CORRECT POSTAGE

### MCB ARIF HABIB SAVINGS & INVESTMENTS LIMITED

Adamjee House, 2nd Floor, I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi

Fold Here

Fold Here

### پراکسی فارم اکیسوال (۲۱ وال) سالانهٔ عمومی اجلاس ۱۲۶ کتوبر <u>۲۰۲۱</u>ء

e <u>Y•1</u>	۲۱ کتوبر ۲۱
7	نمپین <i>سیریر</i> پری
	ىم سى بى – عارف حبيب سيونگزايندًا نويسهٔ منهس لميشدُ
	وسری منزل ، آ دمجی ہاؤس ، آئی آئی چندر یگرروڈ
	کرا چی
<i>9</i> ?	بر/ ہم
ین اار کان کی حیثیت ہے،	۔ سے تعلق رکھتے ہیں ، ایم سی فی – عارف حبیب سیونگز اینٹرانویسٹ منٹس <i>لمیٹڈ کے رک</i>
	لو، جس/جن کا تعلق
-	جلاس ( یااس کےالتواء ) کے لیےا پنا پراکسی مقرر کرتا ہوں/کرتی ہوں/کرتے ہیں <sub>-</sub>
	•
	شخط کرده(دن)(ماه) 2021ء
	۵روپے کے ریوینیوڈاک ٹکٹ پرد شخط
	پردستخط
	د ستخط ممپنی کے پاس رجسٹر ش <i>ند</i> ہ د ستخط <i>جیسا ہونا چاہیے۔</i> )
اهنمبر 2	گواه نمبر 1
نط:نظ	
	نام: ــــــنام:
::	:=;::=;:::::::::::::::::::::::::
این آئی سی کرپاسپورٹ نمبر:	سى اين آئى سى / پاسپورٹ نمبر: سى ا
	يسر هولثرركا فوليونمبر
	ى دْ ي سى شريك شاخت نمبراور ذيلى ا كا وَنٹ نمبر

#### الهم نكات:

ا۔ یہ پراکسی فارم بکمل پئو اور دستخط شدہ ، کمپنی کے رجسٹر شدہ آفس: دوسری منزل ، آدمجی ہاؤس ، آئی آئی چندر یگرروڈ ، کراچی ، پاکستان ، میں اجلاس کے انعقاد سے 48 گھنٹے بل تک موصول ہوجانا چاہیے۔ پراکسی کے لیے کمپنی کا رُکن ہونا ضروری نہیں ہے۔

۲۔اگر کوئی رکن ایک سے زائد پراکسی مقرر کرتا ہے اورایک سے زائد پراکسی انسٹر ومنٹ کمپنی میں جمع کراتا ہے تو ایسے تمام انسٹر ومنٹ نا قابلِ عمل ہو جائیں گے۔

ساسی ڈی سی حصص یافتگان اوران کے پراکسیوں ، ہرایک سے گزارش کی جاتی ہے کہ یہ پراکسی فارم کمپنی میں جمع کرانے سے قبل اس کے ساتھ اپنے کمپیوٹرائز ڈقومی شاختی کارڈ (سی این آئی ہی ) یا پاسپورٹ کی تصدیق شدہ فقل منسلک کریں۔

- م \_ پراکسی کوا جلاس کے وقت اپنااصلی ہی این آئی سی یااصلی پاسپورٹ دکھا نا ہوگا۔
- ۵۔ کار پوریٹ ادارے کی صورت میں پراکسی فارم کے ساتھ بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرزریز ولیوش اپاورآف اٹارنی بمع نامزدکردہ کی نمونہ دستخط جمع کرایا جائے (اگر پہلے فراہم نہ کیا گیاہو)۔

۲۔ارکان سے گزارش کی جاتی ہے کہا ہے ہیت میں کسی بھی تنبدیلی سے فور امطلع کریں۔

AFFIX CORRECT POSTAGE

### MCB ARIF HABIB SAVINGS & INVESTMENTS LIMITED

Adamjee House, 2nd Floor, I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi

Fold Here

Fold Here

# E-DIVIDEND MANDATE FORM MANDATORY CREDIT OF DIVIDEND INTO BANK ACCOUNT

To:	Date:
Dear Sir/Madam,	
The undersigned being member of MCB ARIF HABIB SAVIN (the Company), hereby authorize the Company that all my cash of Company, from time to time, be credited into the bank account a	lividend amounts declared by the
(i)Shareholder's Details	
Name of the shareholder	
Folio No. / CDC Participants ID & Sub Acc. No./CDC IAS	
Account	
CNIC/NICOP No. (Please attach copy)	
Passport No.[in case of Foreign Shareholder] (Please attach	
copy)	
Land Line Phone No.	_
Cellphone No.	
(ii) Shareholder's Bank Details Title of Bank Account	
Bank Account Number	_
Bank's Name	_
Branch Name and Address	+
International Bank Account Number (IBAN) (24 digit)	+
It is stated that the above mentioned information is correct that mentioned information to the Company and the concerned Sharmay be) as soon as these occur.	
Signature of the member/shareholder (Please affix company stamp in case of corporate entity)	

### <u>Note</u>

- 1. Please provide complete IBAN after consultation with your bank branch. In case of any error or omission in given IBAN, the Company will not be held responsible in any manner for any loss or delay in your cash dividend payment.
- 2. In case of physical shares, a duly filled-in E-Dividend Mandate Form shall be submitted with the Company's Share Registrar M/s CDC Share Registrar Services Limited, CDC House, 99-B, Block B, S.M.C.H.S., Main Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi.
- 3. While for shares held in CDC, E-Dividend Mandate Form shall be submitted directly to member's broker (participant)/CDC.